Weather Forecast.
Partly Cloudy; Occasional Showers
Tuesday; Fresh South Winds.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

HORSELESS AGE AT LAST
BY THOS. A. EDISON, IN
THE SUNDAY GAZETTE

VOL. 116 ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 295. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1902.—TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

PEACE HAS FINALLY BEEN RESTORED IN SOUTH AFRICA

PHILADELPHIAN GAZES INTO MONT PELEE'S FIERY CRATER

NEWS SUMMARY

WASHINGTON.

England fails rapidly behind in the race for supremacy in the iron and steel industry.—Page 12.

DOMESTIC.

Four lives lost in the burning of nine frame hotel buildings at Rockaway Beach.—Page 8.

Bishop Spalding declares senseless marriages are inexhaustive source of evil.—Page 3.

After disposing of the Philippine government bill the senate will wrestle with the Nicaragua canal and Cuban reciprocity measures.—Page 12.

FOREIGN.

Prof. Heilprin of Pennsylvania was the first man since the eruption to scale Mont Pelee to its summit and gaze down into the main crater.—Page 1.

Herald-Gazette correspondents tell of the scientific aspect of the eruptions.—Page 1.

Boers and British agree upon terms of peace, thus ending hostilities in South Africa.—Page 1.

London is enthusiastically joyful over the end of the South African war.—Page 1.

LOCAL.

The cornerstone of the new Roman Catholic church of St. John the Baptist at Thirty-sixth street and Liberty avenue was laid with impressive ceremonies yesterday afternoon.—Page 10.

Policemen who refused to contribute to the political assessment are to be court-martialed for failure to salute their superior officers—Democrats quarreling over the assemblyman in the Fourth district.—Page 8.

County Detective Robert G. Robinson tells of new evidence discovered that may lead to the indictment by this week's grand jury of Mrs. S. S. Eagle for the killing of Edna Varner.—Page 2.

Furnace operators say that the strike of their employes is already broken, while the labor leaders say they are confident of victory.—Page 5.

The smallpox has appeared in another section of the city. Health authorities fear that unless people are awakened to sense of danger the prevalence of the disease will continue throughout summer and may become epidemic when cold weather comes again.—Page 4.

John Kurz, who drank a pint of wood alcohol by mistake at Versailles, lived 18 hours afterward and after spending a night in McKeesport police station was discharged, as he appeared to be in no danger.—Page 5.

Movement for a greater Western university is to be launched today at meeting of the trustees, when a committee on "betterment" will report progress on its work of planning a greater school and removal to Bellefield or East End.—Page 1.

PENNSYLVANIA.

An incendiary fire causes $40,000 damage at Hollidaysburg.—Page 4.

All is ready for the strike of pump runners in the anthracite coal fields which is scheduled for today and both sides are confident of victory.—Page 3.

Elkin won the Tioga county delegates by a narrow margin, but lost more than half of the delegates elected throughout the state at Saturday's primaries.—Page 8.

SPORTING.

President Barney Dreyfuss may claim rental for Recreation park and circus grounds if Freedman allowance is made.—Page 8.

Rain caused a postponement of Pittsburgh-Chicago game yesterday.—Page 8.

W. S. Huricy of the New York Athletic club breaks world's five mile bicycle record.—Page 8.

Thirty-five horses out of 97 entries may start in American derby race.—Page 8.

THE WEATHER.

Cloudy conditions, with the probability of showers today and tomorrow for Pittsburgh and vicinity is the prediction from the weather bureau at Washington, D. C. Expected and seemingly imminent showers did not come yesterday and the great heat with oppressive humidity made the day one of discomfort. There were few places hotter than Pittsburgh yesterday, the thermometer reaching the highest point, 86 degrees, during the afternoon. West of the Mississippi and in the southwest there were some higher temperatures, but yesterday's 86 in Pittsburgh was worse than 90 on a dry day.

The Gazette weather service thermometers at Kaufmann's corner at the following hours yesterday registered:

12 noon	83 deg.	8 p. m.	76 deg.
4 p. m.	86 deg.	12 midnight	74 deg.

Time of sunrise today .... 4:22 a. m.
Time of sunset today .... 7:21 p. m.

Daily report for yesterday furnished by the United States weather bureau:

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.35	70	55	S.	Cloudy
8 p. m.	30.21	76	54	S.W.	Pt. cldy.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for the past six years:

Temperature.	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896
Maximum	69	86	83	85	63	69
Minimum	55	64	65	57	47	47
Mean	62	75	75	71	55	58
Precipitation	.03	.45	.34	0	T.	0

Maximum temperature, 4 p. m. 86
Minimum temperature 68
Mean temperature 77
Normal temperature for 31 years 69
Excess in temperature for the day 8
Excess in temperature since June 1 8
Normal precipitation for 31 years .... .11
Precipitation for the day .... T.
Deficiency in precipitation for the day .... .11
Deficiency in precipitation since June 1 .... .11

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday:

Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday, probably occasional showers; fresh south winds.

Ohio—Showers Monday and probably Tuesday; fresh south winds.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Pittsburgh	76	Ptcldy	Des Moines	80	Ptcldy
Cincinnati	80	Ptcldy	Grand Haven	58	Cloudy
Indian'lis	80	Ptcldy	Marquette	77	Ptcldy
Columbus	78	Cloudy	Huron	78	Clear
Parkersb'g	78	Ptcldy	St. Paul	74	Cloudy
Wash'ton	74	Clear	Helena	48	Cloudy
Vicksburg	76	Clear	Jacksonville	74	Ptcldy
Cairo	80	Clear	Norfolk	68	Clear
Abilene	84	Clear	Philadelp'a	72	Clear
Kan. City	80	Clear	N. Y. City	62	Clear
Oklahoma	82	Clear	Buffalo	76	Cloudy
N. Orleans	78	Cloudy	Cleveland	78	Cloudy
Memphis	82	Clear	Bismarck	74	Ptcldy
Louisville	82	Clear	Calgary	46	Rain
Chattan'ga	76	Ptcldy	Dodge City	80	Clear
Nashville	78	Clear	N. Platte	84	Clear
St. Louis	80	Clear	Omaha	80	Ptcldy
Chicago	66	Cloudy	Denver	72	Clear

WAR BETWEEN THE BRITISH AND THE BOERS IS ENDED

Articles of Surrender Are Signed by Burghers. London Hails Glad Tidings—Message from Kitchener Causes Rejoicing.

LONDON'S STREETS THRONGED WITH HAPPY, NOISY PEOPLE

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]
(Copyright, 1902, by New York Herald Co.)

LONDON, June 2.—War is over, and all London is in the streets tonight shouting "Peace" and singing "God Save the King."

Lord Kitchener's dispatch, which was given out at the war office shortly before 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon stating that the Boer leaders had signed articles of surrender, was rapidly flashed all over the kingdom. The effect was marvelous. The feeling of suspense, even of doubt, suddenly gave place to a great wave of joy and the entire nation plunged into a wild celebration.

The scenes in London last night and early this morning surpassed even the wild enthusiasm of Mafeking, or the night of universal rejoicing after the relief of Ladysmith. At night the streets were jammed with shouting and singing men, women and children. Almost every other person was waving a small Union Jack at the end of a cane or umbrella.

It is remarkable where these flags came from. Before 5 o'clock not one was to be seen. In half an hour thousands were waving in the hands of the king's loyal subjects. It being Sunday there were, of course, not so many opportunities for celebrating the joyful news. It was first known in the West End shortly before 5 o'clock. I happened to be at Mrs. Ronalds', in Cadogan place, when, in the midst of some delightful music, the hostess suddenly rose and announced the news. It was brought, I heard, by Lady Lister Kaye.

All rose to their feet.

Everybody Was Happy.

Mme. Nordica, who happened to be present, was led to the piano, and, amid very great excitement, sang a verse of "God Save the King."

I need hardly say there was no more singing after that. I have never seen people so genuinely pleased. There seemed to be a sort of general handshaking. When I left the house it was quite evident that the people in the streets were aware of the good news.

The usual storm of rain that comes on about 5 o'clock every afternoon did its best to dampen the ardor and enthusiasm of the people, but failed ignominiously. On every corner knots of people stood eagerly discussing the joyful tidings. In the hotels there was an air of excitement in marked contrast to the usual placidity of a London Sunday.

With the approach of evening the streets became more and more congested. Every 'bus had a top load of shouting people, who were cheered vociferously by those on foot. Thousands and thousands of little flags were waved by surging crowds, while from the hotels large flags were flung to the wind.

When darkness fell many gas and electric light illuminations, which were in place for the coronation days, flashed out in beautiful designs.

Rejoicing Was General.

The Carlton club presented a brilliant scene last night. It seemed as if all the West End had gone there to dinner, for the dining-room and restaurant were packed the whole evening, while the palm-room was filled to overflowing and even the entrance hall in Pall Mall was pressed into service for part of the overflow. The general feeling was one of great rejoicing. That numerous toasts were drunk during the evening goes without saying. The orchestra, by general request, played patriotic airs, ending with "Rule, Britannia" and "God Save the King," when everybody arose and sang hymns through several times.

In other restaurants similar scenes were enacted. At the Prince's restaurant the orchestra played all the patriotic tunes they knew, and the diners sang "God Save the King." It was, indeed, a night of popping corks and bumpers in the swell restaurants, hotels and clubs, of whisky and soda and another one in the lowly, yet equally busy, "pubs."

With the approach of morning the crowds grew more boisterous and noisy and made the night horrible with the excitement of the news.

The official cablegram from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, Saturday, May 31, 11:15 p. m., says:

"A document containing terms of surrender was signed here this evening at 10:30 o'clock by all the Boer representatives, as well as by Lord Milner (the British high commissioner in South Africa) and myself."

News Not Expected Sunday.

The news of peace in South Africa contained in the foregoing dispatch from Lord Kitchener was not expected in London yesterday. Soon after the receipt of the dispatch, however, the church bells were rung to acclaim the good news. A crowd gathered at the Mansion house and the lord mayor of London, Sir Joseph J. Dimsdale, announced from the balcony that terms of surrender had been signed in South Africa.

Lord Kitchener's definite announcement of peace was received at the war office at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was communicated to King Edward and all the members of the cabinet before it was given to the public.

The hotels, the clubs, the public houses and the streets were not the only places where the people were actively demonstrating their joy. The peace news was announced in the churches and by some congregations it was received with applause. In all the churches of London prayers of thanksgiving were offered and special hymns were sung.

PRETORIA, June 1.—A proclamation which was issued yesterday in connection with the signing of the peace terms last night declares that notwithstanding the proclamations of Mr. Kruger that interest on the bonds of the Transvaal republic would be suspended so long as the war lasted, such interest shall begin to accrue June 1.

June 26 and 27, the days of King Edward's coronation, have been proclaimed public holidays here.

Rejoicing in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—The officials of the British embassy here share the jubilant feeling existing in London over the termination of the war in South Africa. They view with much satisfaction the close of the long struggle.

Official notice of the signing of the terms of surrender came to Mr. Raikes, the British charge here, in a cablegram from the foreign office. It was very brief. It probably will be communicated formally to the United States government tomorrow. Nothing official has reached the state department on the subject from Ambassador Choate at London or from any other source.

The impression prevails in official circles that the terms of surrender named by the British in their negotiations with the Boers have been very liberal in character, perhaps from the double desire to bring the war to a close and to have this happy event formally proclaimed before the coronation of King Edward in June.

From a commercial point of view the cessation of hostilities will result beneficially to American exports to South Africa, the reports issued from time to time by the foreign commerce bureau of the state department showing that they have suffered considerably since the beginning of the war.

TERMS OF SURRENDER TO BE ANNOUNCED TODAY

Peace Conditions in South Africa to Be Made Public in House of Commons.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

LONDON, June 1.—The cabinet will meet this morning and will probably discuss the wording of the statement to be made by Mr. Balfour, the government leader in the house of commons. This statement is eagerly awaited, as it is understood Mr. Balfour will enlighten his hearers as to the conditions upon which the Boers surrendered. On this important point no further information has been forthcoming other than the intelligent anticipations with which the papers have been filled for the past week.

Cabling from Pretoria, the correspondent of the Daily Mail, after announcing the signing of the terms of surrender, says the British authorities absolutely rejected the suggestion of the Boer delegates that the terms of surrender should be ratified by Mr. Kruger, and declared that the Boers in Europe had no hand in the settlement.

"The terms will show," continues the correspondent, "that the British government carried its contentions on every vital point, while the minor concessions, particularly those in regard to generous financial treatment, will greatly appeal to the Boers in general. The value of Lord Kitchener's personality as a factor in the conclusion of peace can never be overestimated. There is no doubt that peace will be popular among the Boers."

KING EDWARD HOPES FOR BOERS' PROSPERITY

His Majesty Receives the News from South Africa—Kruger Cannot Believe It.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

LONDON, June 1.—Peace has been declared after nearly two years and eight months of a war which tried the British empire to its uttermost and wiped the Boers from the list of nations.

The edge of the anticipation with which Great Britain awaited the promised statement in the house of commons from Mr. Balfour, the government leader, was still further dulled by the following message from King Edward to his people, which was issued after midnight:

"The king has received the welcome news of the cessation of hostilities in South Africa with infinite satisfaction and his majesty trusts that peace may speedily be followed by the restoration of prosperity in his new dominions and that the feelings necessarily engendered by war will give place to earnest co-operation on the part of his majesty's South African subjects in promoting the welfare of their common country."

How greatly King Edward's insistence that peace in South Africa be secured prior to his coronation influenced the present agreement will probably not be known until the private memoirs of the present regime are given to the public.

According to a dispatch to the Daily

Continued on 2d Page, 6th Column.

Englishmen Prominent in Securing Peace in South Africa.

SIR ALFRED MILNER.

GEN. LORD KITCHENER OF KHARTOUM.

GREATER UNIVERSITY WILL BE LAUNCHED

Meeting of Trustees Today Will Hear Reports of a Committee That Plans to Make a Great School.

The movement to make the Western University of Pennsylvania a great institution will be launched today at the meeting of the board of trustees, to be held in the office of City Recorder J. O. Brown. The project to make the university an institution of academic and scientific learning worthy of the city is not a new thing. It has been talked about for years, but recently the movement gathered greater force, and when the committee on university betterment reports to the board at today's meeting, steady, persistent and concerted effort that, it is hoped, will result in success will be initiated.

Among the great friends of the university is Andrew Carnegie. Some time ago The Gazette told of Mr. Carnegie's intention to aid the university. He isn't going to build the great institution that is to be reared in the neighborhood of his proposed technical school; the trustees don't expect him to build it, and in fact don't want him to. It is not doubted that other wealthy citizens of Pittsburgh will join with Mr. Carnegie in making a greater Western University, and the time is ripe for the movement.

The committee on betterment has been considering all plans that would further the interests of the university—plans for increasing the endowment fund, plans for new and larger and more commodious buildings, and most important plans for removing the institution to the Bellefield or East End districts. The committee will report on the cost of available sites in those districts, for it has been inspecting and pricing the few suitable locations.

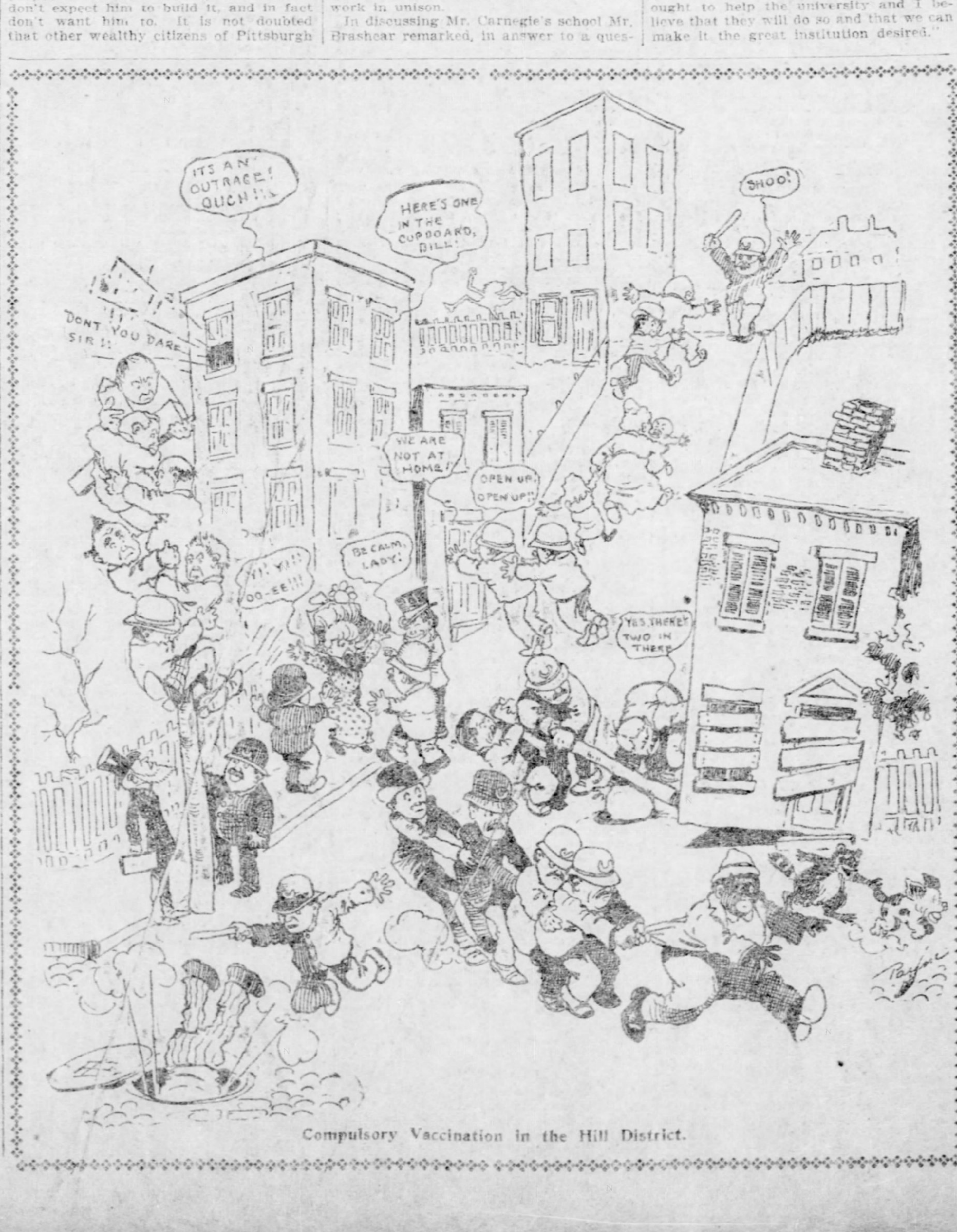
Dr. John A. Brashear, acting chancellor of the university, told yesterday of the committee's work for a greater university. As to the exact report to be made by the committee, however, Dr. Brashear refused to be interviewed.

"The committee's report," said Acting Chancellor Brashear yesterday, "may be made public after the trustees' meeting. I hope that we shall have a university that will be a still greater credit to Pittsburgh than it has been. We would like to move the university to the district in which Mr. Carnegie's technical school will be situated, and have them work in unison.

In discussing Mr. Carnegie's school Mr. Brashear remarked, in answer to a question, that it was well known that it was not to be a polytechnic institute like the Ecole Polytechnique in Paris, or the polytechnic school in Charlottenburg, Germany, or the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, but was to be a secondary technical school.

"Pittsburgh is, however, the place for just such a higher institution," said Mr. Brashear, "and I have hoped that ultimately the Western university will be one. We must erect the proper buildings and increase the endowment. At present we have an endowment of $500,000; I hope to see it $1,500,000 soon. Mr. Carnegie never intended to have a higher polytechnical school, as he did not wish to interfere with the university. Those who go through the Carnegie school can, if they wish, take higher courses in the university.

"I believe Pittsburgh has many men who will contribute to the founding of a really great university. I don't believe in scolding people who do not care to give financial aid to the university, for men certainly have a right to do as they please with their money. I really think, however, that the citizens of Pittsburgh ought to help the university and I believe that they will do so and that we can make it the great institution desired."



ITS AN OUTRAGE! OUCH!!
HERE'S ONE IN THE CUPBOARD, BILL!
SHOO!
DONT YOU DARE SIR!!
WE ARE NOT AT HOME!
OPEN UP! OPEN UP!!
BE CALM, LADY!
YI! YI!! OO-EE!!!
YES THERE'S TWO IN THERE
Payne

Compulsory Vaccination in the Hill District.

THE VOLCANOES BOTH SCALED BY BRAVE YANKEES

Prof. Hovey Faces Terrors of La Soufriere, and Prof. Heilprin Gazes Down the Inferno of Pelee's Crater.

MORE STORIES OF ERUPTION FROM GAZETTE EXPLORERS

By EDMUND O. HOVEY.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]
(Copyright, 1902, by New York Herald Co.)

Castries, St. Lucia, June 1.—In company with Prof. Jaggar of Harvard university T. M. McDonald, owner of an estate near Chateau Belair, on the island of St. Vincent, and George C. Curtis, I have made an ascent of St. Vincent's Soufriere—the first since the terrible eruption which destroyed about 2,000 lives.

We have just returned here from an interesting experience, which enabled us to obtain a survey of the conditions on the Soufriere. In our climbing we had the assistance of six natives, who facilitated our work by their knowledge of the volcano. The old crater of the Soufriere was the center of the disturbance. We found another crater which was half a mile deep. There was a small boiling lake at the bottom of this crater.

We found no evidence of molten lava having been erupted, but the Soufriere emitted vast quantities of ashes and cinders. The volcano is still active and is a dangerous spot for explorers.

Report reached us upon our return here that another eruption took place at an early hour this morning. There was a decided earthquake disturbance. The summit of the Soufriere was illumined by a fiery, vaporous mass.

First Man to Look Down Pelee Crater.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

FORT DE FRANCE, MARTINIQUE, May 31,—(8. p. m.)—The National Geographical society has scored a great triumph through its representative here, Prof. Angelo Heilprin, who, this morning, with three guides, ascended to the top of the crater on the summit of Mont Pelee. Prof. Heilprin also is president of the Philadelphia Geographical society.

Prof. Heilprin had gone to the plantation Vive, which is near the crater, in company with Fernand Clerc and Mr. Reid, landed proprietors of Martinique. This expedition had been especially organized by United States Consul Ayme and Prof. Heilprin and was led by the professor.

The expedition left Fort de France last Thursday, May 29, at noon. Friday was spent in studying the newly formed craters on the north flank of the mountain. Saturday morning Prof Heilprin determined to attempt the ascent to the top of the crater, and with this purpose in view he set out at 5 o'clock.

Gazed Down Into the Cauldron.

The volcano was very active, but, amid a thousand dangers, Prof. Heilprin reached the summit and looked down into the huge crater. Here he spent some time taking careful observations. He saw a huge cinder cone in the center of the crater. The opening of the crater itself is a vast crevice 500 feet long and 150 feet wide.

While Prof. Heilprin was on the summit of the volcano several violent explosions of steam and cinder-laden vapor took place, and again and again his life was in danger. Ashes fell about him in such quantities at times as to completely obscure his vision. One particularly violent explosion of mud covered the professor from head to foot with the hideous viscid and semi-solid matter. He persisted in his study and observations, however, and twice more was showered with mud.

He learned, as had been suspected, that there were three separate vents through which steam issued.

Prof. Heilprin's journey down the side of the mountain was fully as perilous as the ascent. Mont Pelee seemed to resent the intrusion of a puny human being into her most awful precincts and threw out huge volumes of steam, ashes and boiling hot mud.

The Craters Act Together.

The professor made the important discovery that the crater at the head of the river Fallaise has synchronous eruptions with the crater at the summit of the volcano, and that it ejects precisely the same matter at such times. The river Fallaise crater and the crater at the summit showed during Prof. Heilprin's visit a new phenomenon. Mud was thrown up in high columns. Heretofore the mud has bubbled or boiled out and flowed downward in huge streams. In the course of one eruption of the river Fallaise crater an enormous mass of intensely hot mud was ejected. This flow reached the rum distillery on the Vive plantation and extinguished all the fires there. This torrent of mud may invade the entire plantation, and, as Vive is the center of one of the richest districts of the island, it is feared the damage may be great.

Mr. Clerc said the party proceeded on mules to an altitude of 700 meters, the ancient line of vegetation. From this point Prof. Heilprin continued on foot, leaving the mule that had carried him up the steep hogback to the tree line. On reaching the site of Lake Palmiste, the professor found it completely dried up.

He crossed the bed of the lake and continued on up the gently rising slope to the crater. Formerly the edge of the crater was a high bluff, or shoulder. This, the explorer found, had fallen into the great crater, and he thinks this change probably occurred at the time of the great explosion of May 20. This is the first important topographic alteration in Mont Pelee which has been noted and verified.

Prof. Heilprin arrived at the edge of the summit crater at 1:30 and remained there for over two hours. When he returned to Vive he resembled a statue of mud. The weight of ashes and mud he carried on his person, the horrible atmosphere he breathed, and the fearful difficulties he encountered, reduced him to a condition of extreme fatigue, notwithstanding the fact that he ascended Mont Pelee from the most accessible and easiest side.

By HAMILTON PELTZ.

(Special Correspondence of The Gazette.)
(Copyright, 1902, by New York Herald Co.)

Fort de France, Martinique, May 25, via Herald-Gazette's dispatch boat, M. E. Luckenbach, to San Juan, Porto Rico, May 27.—Science has begun a systematic and persistent assault upon the batteries of the West Indian volcanoes. Helpless to check their destructive discharges, she has none the less sent hither the wise men from her schools, armed with exact methods and with delicate instruments, and they have assumed the task of observing and recording whatever may be gathered from this stock of human knowledge.

When the Dixie's complement of distinguished scientists arrived here the party, by mutual consent, split into two sections, one remaining here to note the action of Pelee and to press the attack at the earliest moment to the very verge of the crater, while the other went on to St. Vincent to study La Soufriere. Each party has lost no time in getting to work.

Prof. Robert T. Hill of the United States geological survey attended by an escort of newspaper writers, chartered a boat here yesterday and cruised to the northeastern portion of Martinique. A landing was made above the ruined town of Precheur, the party intending to scale the slopes of Pelee as far as conditions would permit.

The Party in a Quagmire.

They pressed on afoot about five miles toward St. Pierre, but found the volcano sizzling with steam from so many vents that it was impossible to make much progress toward the cone.

Recent heavy rainstorms had transformed the accumulated dust and ashes into a deep, sticky paste, which coated the entire mountain side and made progress afoot very perilous.

At one point Prof. Hill and his colleagues became imbedded in a muddy quagmire almost up to their waists. Near the site of the old sulphur springs, at a point not far from the seashore, the sand was packed harder, but they found it so intensely hot that their feet were scorched through the soles of their shoes.

The effort to scale the cone had to be abandoned because of the impassable barriers of mud, but Prof. Hill and several of his comrades intend to persist in their efforts until they succeed.

Arriving here last Thursday aboard the United States relief ship Dixie, the entire party of scientists made a superficial examination of Mont Pelee and the ruined city. The Dixie then went on to Kingstown, St. Vincent, taking thither E. O. Hovey of the American Museum of Natural History of New York; Prof. T. A. Jagger of the chair of geology in Harvard university; Prof. Russell of Michigan university, at Ann Arbor and others.

To those of the party who went to St. Vincent yesterday's trip on the little steamer Wear afforded a superb opportunity of seeing La Soufriere in action.

The Wear, a small passenger and freight boat, makes regular coasting trips along St. Vincent's island. She is at present operated by the government at Kingstown in transporting refugees and supplies from port to port.

Start of the Dixie Party.

Gov. Llewellyn yesterday placed her at the disposal of the Dixie party.

The governor's representative, Maj. Griffett, Capt. Berry and officers of the Dixie, Mr. Hovey, Prof. Jagger, Prof. Russell and a score of newspaper representatives crowded the Wear's decks as she left Kingstown roadstead at 10 o'clock, conveyed by the Herald-Gazette's dispatch boat Luckenbach.

The run to Chateau Belair, about 18 miles north of Kingstown, was made in about two hours, the Luckenbach slowing down her powerful engines to less than half speed, so as to keep in touch with her little consort.

One stop was made at a little village a few miles this side of Chateau Belair. Villagers were collected in great numbers along the shore.

Although Chateau Belair is situated within the devastated district and the ashes from La Soufriere were piled on surrounding hills and on the cliffs only a half-mile distant, these people betrayed no fear whatever.

To the northward lay a gray stretch of devastated country. The shrubbery was parched and withered, the rocks blasted and blackened, while heaps of gray ashes covered the beach.

Steam and smoke issued from numerous fissures with a loud hissing. There were loud rumblings heard from La Soufriere, yet the villagers, most of whom were negroes, were collected on the beach, as if it were a festival occasion. Scores of half-naked negro boys disported themselves in the water, and dived for coins thrown into the sea by the Dixie's party. Women in "bum boats" crowded around the little steamer, offering their wares for sale.

Steaming past Chateau Belair, a fine view of the disturbed country was obtained. The top of La Soufriere was not visible, through the dense clouds of steam and smoke that issued from its crater, but on the slopes of the volcano numerous fissures were seen, extending even to the beach. The puffs and clouds of steam from these fissures were intermittent, and between them ominous rumblings were heard.

Steamed In to Close Quarters.

At first they were indistinct and the Dixie's passengers thought it was the surf breaking against the cliffs; but the sea was calm and more ominous rumblings left no doubt that they came from the volcano. At times they were very loud and steam from the volcano shot into the air to a tremendous height.

By this time the Wear and the Luckenbach had run in quite close to the shore and only a few hundred yards lay between the vessels and the steaming, hissing fissures. Reverberations and

GAZETTE CORRESPONDENTS EXPLORE THE RUINS OF MARTINIQUE

roars like thunder, rumblings like that of Niagara, came from La Soufriere, and the Wear's skipper gave quick orders to stand out to sea.

Again and again the little boat continuously poked her nose near the shore and again she retreated. Soon clouds began to gather and a heavy rain set in that continued the entire afternoon, preventing any further observations. The Dixie's party had made arrangements, however, to make another trip today, soon after the Luckenbach sailed northward to catch the mail steamer at San Juan.

While the Wear cruised along the smoking west coast of St. Vincent, in the immediate vicinity of the volcano, I had a long and earnest conversation with Prof. Jagger.

I asked him whether the effects of the eruption in Martinique and St. Vincent were as disastrous as he had expected, after reading press reports previous to his departure from New York. He replied that the effects, so far as fatalities were concerned, were fully as great, if not greater, than he had anticipated.

"Press reports certainly were not exaggerated," said he, "for we found it to be true, as stated, that out of a population of 30,000 in the city of St. Pierre hardly one had escaped, and the city itself was, indeed, completely obliterated—literally razed to the ground.

"Now, as to the cause of the explosion. History records several that have been more violent, notably the eruption of Krakatoa in 1883. The loss of life was in this instance much less than in the Pelee disaster, for the reason that it was a sparsely inhabited region, but the force of the explosion was so terrific that huge tidal waves killed thousands in the islands of Java, Borneo and Sumatra.

"Had the country in the immediate vicinity of Krakatoa been as populous as that around Pelee the number of lives lost would have been far greater."

Arose Vertically, Fell Horizontally.

"To my mind," said Prof. Jagger, "the most interesting point about the Pelee eruption is the fact that the matter thrown out of the volcano in a vertical direction afterward took a horizontal shoot; and while it is too early yet to attempt a definite explanation of this singular phenomenon, I am inclined to believe that the matter was thrown to a very great height, and, following the law of gravitation, descended with great velocity—a velocity comparable, perhaps, with the swiftness of its ascension, especially as it neared the crater again. Here it encountered the matter in ascension and was, accordingly, deflected in a horizontal direction. This action was like a blow-pipe effect, and shot the flame in the direction of St. Pierre and the vessels lying in her roadstead. The intense heat from this blow-pipe cut a patch through a certain section only, for there is a very well defined line of demarcation between the living vegetable matter and the ashen pathway.

"As far as I could observe, as we passed along the coast, no large stones or solid matter of any kind were thrown out of Pelee. It may be that some very small fragments of solid rock lie under the heap of ashes with which the streets of St. Pierre are heaped; but we will not know the exact nature of the matter ejected until a critical examination of the ground and the ejected material is submitted to careful analysis.

Nature of the Expelled Matter.

"I am inclined to believe that the matter emitted was almost altogether pulverized rock, or the earthy and mineral matter of which those mountains and the interior of Pelee are composed. This matter, when blown to dust by the terrific explosive forces, resemble ashes or Portland cement, and when mixed with steam and wet by the rains, appears as gray mud.

"The force of the explosion was almost beyond human comprehension. The accompanying heat was so great that it can scarcely be calculated by any known scientific means. This heat was so intense that glass in the city of St. Pierre was found melted and, of course, no living thing could exist for a moment in such an atmosphere. All things must have perished instantly after the blast of the blow-pipe from Pelee.

"As to the character of the gas that is believed to have accompanied the ejected matter, I am not prepared to express a definite opinion until I have made a careful analysis. It may have been carbon dioxide gas that consumed all other carbonaceous matter in its path, or some other gas; or it may have been merely the intensely hot steam. The union of oxygen and hydrogen and other elements may have produced the instantly disastrous effects that some attribute to asphyxiation by gas.

Prof. Jagger's Program.

"I shall stay in this volcanic region several weeks, especially in the vicinity of Pelee, and with the permission of the French government at Martinique make a critical examination of the mountains thereabout and analyses of the matter of the hills surrounding Pelee and in the streets of St. Pierre, before making any authoritative announcement of my conclusions."

I asked Prof. Jagger whether, in his opinion, there was any danger of further eruptions. He replied:

"Considering the fact that there have been several recurrent eruptions of both Pelee and Soufriere and in view of the further fact that the one of May 20 at Pelee was of even greater severity than that of May 8 it may naturally be expected that there will be further convulsions.

"The disastrous effects of that of May 20 were not so great as that of May 8, of course, for no living thing existed at St. Pierre, and the town was already blotted out; but the force of the explosion seems to have been even greater. Then again, the fact that the eruption at Soufriere, St. Vincent, occurred on May 7 and that at Pelee on May 8 tends to show some sort of relationship of sympathy existing between the two. I am inclined to believe that they are on the same fissure. This theory is further strengthened by the fact that the commander of the garrison at St. Lucia (lying midway between the two volcanoes) in using his range-finder observed bubbles in the sea on a line between Soufriere and Pelee. They were, I believe, emitted from the submarine fissure, which becomes the subterranean fissures of Pelee and La Soufriere.

There Must Come an Adjustment.

"Until there is what we call an 'adjustment' between the elements along this line there will be recurrent explosions or eruptions of more or less severity.

"If there had been scientific data at hand the people of Martinique and St. Vincent would have been forewarned; for, as in 1812, local earthquakes were felt around La Soufriere for about 12 months preceding the eruption of May 7."

"Is the popular theory that sea water entered fissures leading into the crater, generating steam in the interior of the volcano, an acceptable one?" I asked him.

"I do not wish to express definite opinion at present," he replied; "but I am inclined to think that theory a plausible one."

"Is it a fact that the depth of water was greatly increased in the roadstead of St. Pierre after the eruption?"

"No," said Prof. Jagger, "that report was incorrect. There has been no change in the depth of the water at St. Pierre. Capt. Berry, commander of the Dixie, assured me of this. You might also correct the statement telegraphed to the United States that the height of Mont Pelee was reduced about two-thirds by the eruption. There has been no change in its height; at least, there has been no change that is discernible from St. Pierre. When we are able to reach the crater we may find that part of the mountain top has been blown away. On the other hand, the heaps of ashes thrown out may have added somewhat to its height.

"Doubtless we will find the topography of the mountain greatly changed."

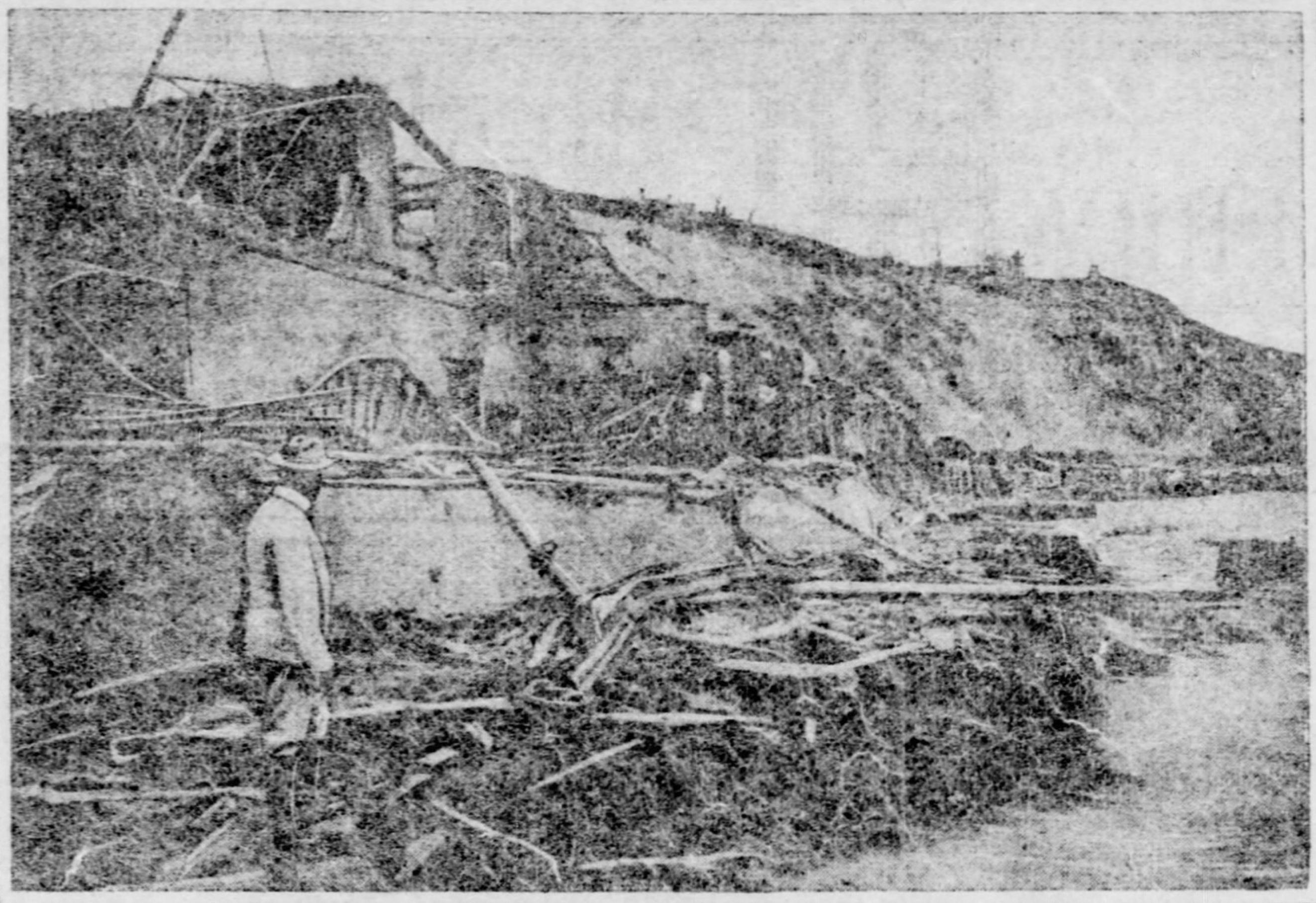
The Horizontal Outburst of Flame.

Prof. Russell of Michigan university said it would be futile at this time to attempt a scientific explanation of the cause of these eruptions. He considered them somewhat unique. They were not accompanied or preceded by earthquakes of much violence, and the horizontal burst of fire also was peculiar, though not unknown. An eruption in Japan in 1865 was similar, the ejected matter pouring forth in a horizontal direction.

Prof. Russell evidently is of the opinion that there is a close sympathy between La Soufriere and Pelee, but would not attempt to explain why the ejected matter at Pelee was different from that thrown out by La Soufriere. The former was ashes or powdered rock, while La Soufriere threw out a sort of pumice stone or scoria. He says no man can safely predict whether these volcanoes will continue in eruption or whether others in the vicinity will become active.

He was greatly interested in what he saw of La Soufriere from the deck of the steamer. Wear; used his glasses repeatedly, listened to the loud rumbling, and conferred with Messrs. Hovey and Jaggar, all of whom made copious notes.

Profs. Jaggar and Russell agree that bureaus or stations should be established to give warnings of these impending seismic disturbances. They should be equipped with seismometers, seismographs and all modern apparatus. It was suggested that they be conducted by an international arrangement, and telegraphic communication established between the stations, and information published in much the same manner as the signal service and weather bureaus are now conducted. PELTZ.



Scenes Along the Shore at St. Pierre.

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THE RELIEF WORK MET AN ACTUAL NECESSITY

Food Stores of Martinique Were Swallowed Up by the Eruption How Aid Was Distributed.

By WALTER S. MERRIWEATHER.

Special Correspondent of The Gazette.

FORT DE FRANCE, MARTINIQUE, May 25, by the Herald-Gazette Dispatch Boat M. E. Luckenbach to San Juan, Porto Rico, May 27.—"Martinique has enough relief stores to keep the islanders from destitution for two months to come. Of the future who can say? If old Pelee quiets down all will yet be well; if this be but the beginning, God only knows what is to become of Martinique."

So said Theodore Lobat, the deputy mayor of Fort de France, when he received a Herald and Gazette correspondent last evening in the parlor of his charming house. Generously all Christendom has come to the relief of stricken Martinique. I had called upon M. Lobat that the Herald and Gazette might publish to the world something of the method used in the distribution of the relief stores and funds which have poured into Fort de France so bounteously.

The mayor of Fort de France is a full-blooded negro. M. Lobat, one of his two deputies, is the man who is really in command of the situation, so far as concerns the French officials of the municipality. He is a commission merchant, ship broker and chandler; a man of affairs and a fair representative of the old French West Indian aristocracy, his family having lived in Martinique more than 200 years. His home is graced with every evidence of culture, refinement, education and ample means.

9,400 Persons Receiving Relief.

In Fort de France the mayor and his two deputies are not elected directly by the voting population. The voters elect 27 councilmen, who, in turn, select the mayor and his deputies.

"I am glad to give to the Herald and The Pittsburgh Gazette as adequate an idea as possible of the present situation on the island," M. Lobat continued, "for the Herald and Gazette were among the first to send relief to us from foreign sources. There are now about 9,400 persons in the city of Fort de France who are regularly drawing rations from the relief stores. That means that nearly one-third of the entire population of the city, which is the seat of government, is dependent for the time being upon outside aid. Throughout the entire island of Martinique it is no exaggeration to say that 25,000 are now drawing sustenance from the stores of provisions so generously sent to our doors.

"As Gov. L'Huerre said to the Herald and Gazette correspondent a week ago, the need of assistance was likely to become more pressing than was immediately manifest. Actual figures demonstrate that this surmise was correct. On May 10, two days after the destruction of St. Pierre, only 12 families had actually applied for and received assistance, either pecuniary or in the form of food or clothing. On May 16 the number had risen to 300 families, whose names were then regularly enrolled as needy. A still further increase is shown by the record of May 23, when the number of families drawing rations had increased to 450, and yesterday, May 24, we were carrying 530 families on our books.

The Increase Is Natural.

"It is easy to understand why this seemingly alarming increase is perfectly natural. St. Pierre, as the chief support and commercial center of Martinique, was the granary and storehouse, so to speak, of the island. There all incoming vessels stopped, and there most of them discharged cargo.

"It is an actual fact that on the morning of May 9 there were left for the entire population of the island, some 170,000 persons, only about 600 barrels of flour. All the rest had been destroyed in St. Pierre.

"Immediately after the disaster the government seal was placed upon every warehouse containing grain, cereals or food products. In one sense this amounted practically to a government seizure, though in every case a fair price was paid by the officials for all provisions so appropriated. This measure was dictated by the urgent necessity of preventing unscrupulous dealers from charging extortionate prices and thus causing great hardship pending the arrival of supplies from foreign sources.

"At present the task of alleviating distress in this city and throughout the island has been fairly well systematized. In the city of Fort de France we have opened six depots for housing the homeless and for the systematic distribution of relief. Taking the record for last Saturday it appears that rations were served on that day in Fort de France to the number of 7,089. From the Ecole Des Garcons there were distributed 710; from the Seminaire college, 680; from the Ecole Des Filles, 500; from the Casino, 370; from the Externat Colonial, 361, and from the Alcazar, 75.

"This represents only the number of rations served, and should not be confused with the actual number of persons fed. As all children are allotted under our system one-half an adult ration, the real number fed from these buildings on Saturday was approximately 3,500. Each application is carefully noted, and investigation of each is then made by the officers who report whether the applicants are worthy and in actual need or not.

"In every case where a favorable report was made the applicant for relief is supplied with a small memorandum book containing his name, the number of persons in his family dependent upon him and the age of each. Taking his little book with him, the refugee then goes each morning to the city hall, and one of the clerks fills out in the book the number and character of rations to which he is entitled. He has then only to go to one of the regular centers of distribution and he there receives his supplies.

"So much for the system now in operation to alleviate the distress of the residents of Fort de France and of those who flock hither for succor. Where destitution exists in the villages and small communities throughout the island, the mayors of communes or villages send in a formal requisition to the relief headquarters in this city, stating the number of destitute families in their jurisdiction and applying for a definite number of rations.

"They do not always get all they ask for, but each application is investigated by competent authority and they then receive from the common fund such amounts as are adequate to their needs. The mayor or chief official of every commune or village becomes a trustee for the general fund for the proper distribution in his immediate vicinity of such supplies as have been allotted him.

"We have not overlooked the necessity of guarding against the stagnation of business. It is, perhaps, as important to encourage legitimate trade at fair prices, as it is to alleviate immediate distress. It has been deemed wise, therefore, to permit merchants who have means yet at their disposal to buy at a fair price portions of the relief stores in lots of 100 barrels or more. Ample precautions are taken to see that such purchasers, tempted by cupidity, shall not take advantage of present conditions to oppress their customers by extortionate charges. It is our desire to stimulate a renewal of our commerce, and not to encourage habitual pauperism."

It was the lot of M. Lobat to be the first man from Fort de France who beheld the awful destruction wrought in St. Pierre. Bearing a letter from the mayor of Fort de France to the mayor of St. Pierre, he had started for St. Pierre in a small boat and arrived off St. Pierre at 11:30 on the morning of May 8, in time to gather in some measure the horror of what had happened and to carry the news back to Fort de France.

Family Under Uncle Sam's Protection.

Alarmed for the safety of the capital, M. Lobat had sent the members of his family on board the United States navy tug Potomac to the island of St. Lucia. His private house in this city, however, is well filled with relatives, who have flocked in from their homes in the country with hundreds of others.

One of these relatives, now living in his beautiful home, is Paul Cascher de la Pageree, an elderly schoolmaster, of whom Lobat says he is the only lineal descendant of the Empress Josephine's family now living on the island. There were other stems of the same stock from which had sprung the consort of Napoleon, but all went down in St. Pierre under the grave of sand and ashes made for them by old Pelee.

M. Lobat says he arrived off St. Pierre on her day of doom early enough to see that the cable ship Grappler was burned and sunk close by the shore and not far out at sea, as has been reported.

When the Herald and Gazette correspondents last visited the ruined city, on Friday, May 23, among the most conspicuous objects cast upon the beach at the southern end of the city were two of the large cable reels torn from the wreck of the Grappler.

Catastrophe Predicted Almost to Hour.

M. Lobat is authority also for the statement that Prof. Landis of the Academy of Natural History in St. Pierre had been carefully studying for some time the renewed evidence of activity in the volcano. He had pronounced the gas, which was being emitted in large quantities long before May 1, to be carburetted hydrogen, and Mr. Labot says Prof. Landis had predicted almost to an hour the time when a serious eruption would be likely to occur; but the townsfolk attached more significance to the reassuring words of Gov. Mouttet, now dead, than to the warnings given by the scientist.

"Had they not done so," said Mr. Lobat yesterday, "and had the professor's words been taken with the serious import they deserved, this frightful loss of life might have been reduced by 20,000."

I had an interesting talk with Admiral Servan, commanding the French warship Tage, which recently arrived from Brest with a relief fund of 500,000 francs and a large cargo of supplies.

"St. Pierre never should be rebuilt," said Admiral Servan, "and I will go even further than that and will say that Fort de France must not be permitted to grow larger than it now is. Mont Pelee may continue for centuries to be an awful menace to this entire side of the island. To rebuild the ruined city would be, in my opinion, useless and foolhardy. Under the crater of the big volcano there would ever be danger in the air. I do not think all ideas of the further growth and prosperity of the island should be abandoned, but I think it would be wise to establish a new capital city and commercial center on the windward side of the island at or near the present site of Trinity or Caravelle, where it would not be directly threatened by the menace of recurrent eruptions. I also favor the placing of all the French West India island possessions under the rule of one governor."

Terrible Blow to the Capital.

Should the admiral's idea be realized, and Fort de France, the seat of government, be doomed to shrink into insignificance rather than to expand, it would be only the culmination of the long series of misfortunes she has suffered.

Ravaged by yellow fever from end to end, more than a quarter of its population destroyed by smallpox in a single year, almost entirely destroyed by fire, and again nearly half swept away, poor Fort de France now stands in palsied trepidation and beholds the annihilation of her sister city. It is not strange that many of the simple-minded folk of Martinique should believe, as they now do, that God is angry with them, and sooner or later will destroy them utterly if they remain on the island.

Yet few of the poorer residents have the means to enable them to leave, and the bones of nearly all of those of the old French wealth and culture lie in the ruins of St. Pierre. Such of those who are left who have sufficient money, have fled to Guadeloupe and the neighboring islands. In Fort de France the residences of the old French aristocrats are either closed or the men are keeping bachelor hall alone, having sent their wives and children to places of safety.

The men of these French families have consistently kept aloof from admixture with the predominant negro population of the island. Their strain is as pure as it was 100 years ago.

Of the future of Martinique such men speak sadly and with bowed heads. Should Pelee become quiet and Mont Carbet, towering back of Fort de France, remain quiescent, as it has been for long years, the best many of them can see for the island's future is a sort of negro paradise, like that of Santo Domingo.

For more than a century there has been little or no influx of French blood to the island. Many of the families destroyed in St. Pierre could trace their descent from ancestors who had settled here 250 years ago and more, and there are even a few of those proud Martiniquians yet left in Fort de France; but in great part the French population of the island has been made up of descendants of those who fled here in 1793 during the French reign of terror, and the most patrician blood of the country has been represented in this colony. Since that time, however, there has been no general immigration to Martinique, and, scourged as the beautiful island is today, trembling with fear lest the fate of St. Pierre become the fate of all, no great increase of population could be looked for in the immediate future.

It is now five days since Mont Pelee has been violently active. The panic following the startling eruption of May 20 has partially resolved itself into a sort of studied calm.

HOW A LITTLE GIRL WAS RESCUED ALIVE

The Tale Told in a Hospital by the Mulatto Nurse of the Child, Who Saw Roraima Destroyed.

(Special Correspondence of The Gazette.)
(Copyright, 1902, by New York Herald Co.)

FORT DE FRANCE, MARTINIQUE, May 25.—Via Dispatch Boat Luckenbach to San Juan, Puerto Rico, May 27, 1902.—In company with Father Rainey, chaplain of the Dixie, I visited St. Louise hospital in Fort de France, whither the steamer Roraima's survivors were taken after their rescue by the French cruiser Suchet on May 8.

On one cot was lying a mite of a girl, Marguerita Stokes of Brooklyn, N. Y., and the nurse, Clara King, who had been in the service of the Stokes family for many years. The wee girl would recover, the nurse said, but she will be bereft of father, mother, sister and a little brother. She murmured feebly that her name was "Rita," and that she was 9 years old. The child seemed to realize the terrible misfortune that had befallen her. With a wan smile on her lips she gratefully received a bunch of flowers and gazed wistfully at them when they were placed in a bowl by her cot.

The nurse, an intelligent mulatto, gave a vivid account of the destruction of the Roraima, and the agonizing scenes witnessed on deck after the terrible rain of fire.

Mr. Stokes, she said, had been employed as bookkeeper by Mahler Bros. in New York. The family resided in Brooklyn. The father died of pneumonia on April 7 and three weeks later the mother, with three children—two girls and a boy—all under 9 years old, and the nurse, took passage on the Roraima for Barbados. Here they were to make their home with a sister of Mrs. Stokes.

Called to See a Spectacle.

"Our ship approached St. Pierre very early in the morning of May 8," said the nurse. "The captain called for us to come on deck and see 'a little volcano.' Mrs. Stokes and I took the children on deck and Capt. Muggah pointed toward a high mountain, covered with smoke and clouds. He said they were steam clouds that came from the volcano. A shower of dust was settling all over the ship and the people, and as I had just finished washing and dressing the children I told Mrs. Stokes I would take them to their cabin, for fear the ashes would spoil their clothes. I was afterward told by Mrs. Stokes, who soon came after us, that the captain feared to anchor close to the shore and that the ship was steaming up and down waiting for the shower of ashes to stop.

"We could hear rumblings like thunder, and a seaman who passed our door said the ashes were coming thick and fast, and the volcano was throwing out a great volume of smoke and steam. After awhile we heard the rattle of anchor chain, and thought that as the ship had finally approached the shore there was no danger. The captain called for Mrs. Stokes to come on deck and see a fine sight. The ashes were not so thick then, and we could see the smoke and steam pouring out of the mountain top.

"We were all looking at it, when suddenly the whole top of the mountain seemed to explode, and we could not see it afterward. But there was a rush of hot air and ashes past us and hot rocks fell on the deck. We took the children and ran for our stateroom and quickly shut the door. It was already so hot I could scarcely breathe. My ears beat and my eyes burned. We all gasped for breath and felt around for each other, for we could see nothing.

"I heard someone cry, 'I fear the ship is lost!' Mrs. Stokes was hysterical. She hugged two of the children, the other one, Rita, I had pushed behind me, and tried to shield her face with my skirts. I cannot describe the pain we suffered. I felt that I was burning to death in an oven.

"Mrs. Stokes seemed to suffer most and cried out that she was dying. She wept and cried aloud, then would grow calmer and pray. She begged me to care for the children, if they lived through it. Little by little her words, between the gasps, became feebler and feebler. Then the steamer gave a great lurch and she was thrown against the cabin door. The little boy, who was nearest to it, was pitched out into the passage.

Death on Every Side.

"I clutched Rita by the arm, and, with one child in my arms, fought my way out of the stateroom, stumbling over the little boy as I went out. Then I returned to pick him up, and carried him in search of the doctor, who told me he was dead. Then I found that the smallest child was dead, too.

"How I managed to care for Rita through it all I cannot tell. There were cries of agony on every side. I saw men being carried down from the deck past me. Some seemed to be dead and the clothes of others were burning. They kept me from the deck, although I tried to get to fresh air. Red hot ashes covered the deck, and the air in the passageway was as hot as fire.

"Little by little the hot dust was blown away until it was clear again, and I saw that Rita's face was badly burned. We cared for her as well as we could until the French ship came up and took us aboard, and we have been in the hospital since that time. My burns are mostly on my arms and limbs, and I hope soon to be out again. I will take Rita to Barbados as soon as we are able to travel."

VOLCANO EXPLORERS DODGING ERUPTIONS

One of La Soufriere Placed Prof. Hovey in Peril Before He Scaled It—Pelee Pyrotechnics.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

KINGSTOWN, ST. VINCENT, Friday, May 30.—La Soufriere volcano is still active. Another eruption occurred at 3 o'clock this morning. It was accompanied by a thunderous noise and a shock of earthquake, while volumes of dense vapor ascended to such a height that they were visible from Kingstown.

The vapor formed a thick cloud over the crater of the volcano, and this cloud was illumined as if by fire. In the crater itself the lightning was more vivid than on any previous occasions. The eruption ceased at the end of an hour.

Throughout Friday the crater was capped with dense gray and silver clouds, and sand fell heavily this morning upon the leeward side of the mountain within a radius of eight miles.

The American scientist, Prof. Hovey, who started to ascend La Soufrere is still striving to reach the summit. During the intervals when the volcano was quiet yesterday he reached a point almost half way up the mountain. (As will be seen in another column, a later dispatch to The Gazette from the intrepid professor himself, shows that he has succeeded in his undertaking.)

He reports, to the awe of the inhabitants, that the island of St. Vincent may subside. There are clear indications, he says, that a considerable portion of the leeward district will subside.

Owing to the continuous rain there have been heavy floods in the windward district of the island, and many houses have been washed away or filled with mud. At Rabacca, the warehouse, a large brick building, was washed into the sea by a stream of mud. The wharf at Rabacca and the cargo crane there also are covered with mud.

News has reached here of another eruption of Mont Pelee, on Martinique, on May 27. Owing to the great quantity of ashes which fell on the British island of Dominica that day it is presumed that the eruption which threw them out was of great severity. Mont Pelee is still emitting vast columns of smoke and flames from it have been seen 40 and 50 miles from St. Pierre.

GREENE COUNTY HAS VOLCANO OF ITS OWN

Limestone and Mud Are Tossed Into the Air by Unsolved Eruption.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WAYNESBURG, PA., June 1.—Greene county today boasts of a volcano, which first commenced its eruption this afternoon, and is at present throwing out salt water and limestone. About 4:30 o'clock Francis Robert of Franklin township was walking near the Allison fram, when he claims to have heard a roar like distant thunder, and on looking around saw a huge column of water shoot into the air from Ten Mile creek. About a minute later large blocks of limestone, mud, gravel and rocks flew into the air, and the earth in the immediate vicinity seemed to tremble.

He ran from the spot and informed several workmen employed by the Philadelphia Company and they hurried back to the scene. Salt water and limestone were still coming from a fissure in the creek, the affected portion of the ground being about 50 feet in diameter. Large blocks of limestone were tossed about.

The whole bed of the creek in the vicinity of the disturbance is a restless mass of water, limestone, mud and rocks. A large quantity of gas also comes from the opening, and it is thought this may explain the mystery.

GREENSBURG VISITORS FROM VOLCANIC REGION

Two Young Women Advised to Postpone Return to Island of St. Kits.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

GREENSBURG, PA., June 1.—Misses Alice and Jennie Kearney, whose home is in the island of St. Kits, are visitors here, and are shut out from their home in the fear of a disaster similar to that of Mont Pelee. St. Kits is a neighbor island to Martinique.

The young women intended to return home in a few days, but letters from their friends on the island advised them to defer the trip until fall. They have an extinct volcano on the island that is likely to become active at any moment. The Misses Kearney are guests of the families of John Kerr and J. B. Elsaman.

Fire in Shadyside.

A still alarm was sent in to No. 14 engine house last night for a fire at the residence of Mrs. Kennedy, at Bayard and Neville streets. The fire was caused by a defective flue and damage to the extent of $100 resulted.

NEW EVIDENCE FOUND AGAINST MRS. EAGLE

County Detective Robert G. Robinson Tells of Discoveries, and Is Confident That She Will Be Indicted by This Week's Grand Jury.

"Mrs. S. S. Eagle will be indicted by the grand jury this week for the murder of Edna Varner." These were the words of County Detective Robert G. Robinson last night. Mrs. Eagle's case will be presented to the grand jury on Wednesday or Thursday. County Detective Robinson and the deputy coroners have been working assiduously on the case.

County Detective Robinson said last night:

"One of the things that will be presented is this: On the morning of the tragedy Mr. Eagle went to the railroad station and asked for a ticket. He was excited.

Forgot His Pocketbook.

"He asked the station agent to let him have a ticket and he would pay him in the evening when he returned home. He told the station agent he had quarreled with his wife about Edna Varner and had left his pocketbook in his excitement under the pillow in their bedroom.

"There will be evidence presented by the district attorney that Mrs. Eagle struck the child on the Saturday prior to the tragedy. Marks of blows were found on the girl's neck when she was exhumed in Petrolia.

"Evidence will also be presented to the grand jury to show that the revolver with which the girl was shot was taken from under the pillow in Mrs. Eagle's bed room. It was the custom of her husband to place the gun there when he retired at night. In the morning he would take the revolver and place it in the cupboard. On the morning of the tragedy he was so excited that he went to the railroad station without having done this. After the tragedy the revolver was found in a cupboard about 15 feet from the dead girl."

According to Detective Robinson evidence will be presented to the grand jury to show the girl had been ill-treated by Mrs. Eagle and that her husband often quarreled with her about ill-usage of the child.

An Exciting Trial.

Deputy Coroners Louis Huckel and Charles Bender, who have been working on the case, are also confident that Mrs. Eagle will be indicted. The statements of Detective Robinson in regard to the new evidence were confirmed by them.

Since she was released on bail Mrs. Eagle has been at her home and that of her sister in Avalon. A large number of witnesses will appear in the case and the commonwealth is exhausting every effort to have the matter cleared up. District Attorney John C. Haymaker, with the coroner and county detective, have been busy on the case for several weeks.

WAR BETWEEN THE BRITISH AND THE BOERS IS ENDED

Continued from First Page.

Express from Utrecht, Holland, Mr. Kruger was informed shortly after 9 o'clock last night that peace had been declared. He had been asleep. "My God!" he said, "it is impossible."

Mr. Kruger and his entourage, the dispatch continues, hope to be permitted to return to the Transvaal. This, however, is quite unlikely.

REJOICING IN CANADA.

Preparations Are Being Made for a Great Peace Demonstration in Ottawa.

OTTAWA, ONT., June 1.—The peace news from South Africa was greeted here by demonstrations of joy. The bell in the city hall was rung for ten minutes.

The mayor has arranged for a demonstration tomorrow to celebrate the ending of the war. Flags will be hoisted on public and private buildings; a royal salute will be fired at noon and the school choldren will be given a half holiday. At night there will be a display of fireworks and a military parade.

MONTREAL, QUE., June 1.—The dispatch conveying the welcome news of the end of the South African war was sent to all the churches in the city, and it was read at the evening service. The congregations sang "God Save the King," and the national anthem was also played on the chimes of several churches.

MESSAGES KEPT SECRET.

Communications Received at London War Office Were Not Allowed to Leak Out.

LONDON, June 1.—The news which Great Britain was so anxiously awaiting came characteristically on an entirely pacific and uninteresting Sunday afternoon, when London presents a deserted appearance. Very late Saturday night a dispatch was received from Lord Kitchener, in which he said the Boer delegates were coming to Pretoria, that they had accepted Great Britain's terms and that they were prepared to sign terms of surrender. Mr. Brodrick, the war secretary, personally communicated this message to King Edward, who was at Buckingham palace. But the government declined to take any chances and nothing was allowed to leak out. At about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon the war office received the decisive dispatch from Lord Kitchener.

The clerk on duty at the war office transmitted this message to Buckingham palace, where King Edward was lunching. At about 5 o'clock word was received permitting the publication of this message and the small notice which was stuck up outside the war office consisted of a copy of Lord Kitchener's cablegram. A similar notice was put up outside of the colonial office. Beyond these two skimpy bits of paper London knew nothing of the great event.

In the clubs, the hotels and the newspaper offices, which were almost all deserted, the momentous news was ticked out on the tape. Then, like wildfire, London awakened to the fact that the South African war was over.

DIFFICULT TASK AHEAD.

London Newspapers Point Out the Importance of Reconstructing South Africa.

LONDON, June 2.—In the absence of any knowledge of the terms of peace the editorials in this morning's papers are rather uninteresting, expressing generally and without any undue exultation thankfulness that the long and arduous struggle is ended and a hope that the peace will be enduring. The papers recognize also that there is still a great and difficult task ahead in reconciliating and reconstructing South Africa, and, as the Morning Post significantly observes, "to take the rights means to prevent what has been won north of the Orange river from being lost to the south of it."

In this connection it should be remarked that there are some small Boer commandoes in the Cape Colony and probably elsewhere which were not represented at the Vereeniging conference.

The Daily Graphic, in this connection, says:

"This is a consideration which may well chasten our sense of triumph today. We have done great things in the war, but we have still greater things to achieve in peace."

While expressing the need of admiration for and gratitude to the British troops, almost all the newspapers grudgingly testify to the bravery of the Boers. On this subject the Standard says:

"Assuredly the Boers have no reason to look back with humiliation upon the events of the campaign. Although they are defeated they are not disgraced."

Still Hunting for the "Slasher."

Every effort is being made to capture "Jack the Slasher." On Saturday night the entire detective force were patrolling the city hunting for the man whose mania is for destroying furniture. In addition to this the police force were out hunting with a vengeance for this culprit. It is thought that the "slasher" will be caught before many days. Several conductors have reported to the detectives of having carried a man covered with feathers in their early trips. He always boarded the cars in the Bloomfield district and came into the city.

For Over 60 Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

$300 IN PRIZES.

A Novel Competition That Is Bound to Interest Young People.

The Pittsburgh Bank for Savings, Fourth avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., will award the sum of three hundred dollars in prizes to boys and girls under 18 years of age, who submit the best essay on the advantages of money saving. Write at once for circular No. 26, giving particulars. Contest closes June 10. This bank, established in 1862, has 32,000 depositors with twelve million dollars on deposit and pays 4 per cent interest. A dollar or more starts an account.

Spring Humors

Come to most people and cause many troubles,—pimples, boils and other eruptions, besides loss of appetite, that tired feeling, fits of biliousness, indigestion and headache.

The sooner one gets rid of them the better, and the way to get rid of them and to build up the system that has suffered from them is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Forming in combination the Spring Medicine *par excellence*, of unequalled strength in purifying the blood as shown by unequalled, radical and permanent cures of

Scrofula
Scald Head
All Kinds of Humor
Blood Poisoning
Catarrh
Salt Rheum
Boils, Pimples
Psoriasis
Rheumatism
Dyspepsia, Etc

Accept no substitute, but be sure to get Hood's, and get it today.

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

Exquisite Parlor Table

A parlor table worthy the name occupies a unique place in the furnishment of the home. It is distinctly a special attraction which asserts its dominant position at all times and naturally receives attentions which ordinary pieces of furniture were never intended to receive.

Therefore, select your parlor table in the same manner that you would select a picture. It is entitled to the same consideration.

In point of real beauty, the parlor table which this advertisement illustrates is peculiarly attractive. The top and sides are elaborately inlaid. Made of solid mahogany, 3 feet long and 2 feet wide. Best gold trimmings—

Price, $50

Being a typical McElveen production it is but natural that it should possess certain elements of distinction that are absent from all furniture of conventional make.

Both styles and prices are always most pleasing at

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PERUNA
SUMMER CATARRH
A TONIC FOR BLOOD AND NERVES.
A SURE FEMALE REMEDY

SPORT ENDS IN DEATH.

One Man in McKeesport Boat Party Drowned Before Help Could Arrive.

Joe Kupco, aged 20 years, with th other Slav companions, attempted to the waves in the Monongahela river McKeesport after a steamboat had pas yesterday afternoon and Kupco drowned. The party consisted of Ku Joe Bendik and John and Joe Bedna sky. They hired a skiff from N Nicholas Marx, on the McKeesport of the river, and after paddling aro for a half hour became venturesome

A small towboat was passing and t pulled into the waves immediately afte had passed. They were unable to cont the skiff and all were thrown into river, the skiff turning upside down. skiff put out from the boat and resc three of them, who were holding on the upturned boat, but Kupco slipped o before the rescuers arrived. His bod has not been found. The four men boarded in Second avenue, McKeesport.

HOW TO SELECT A PIANO.

Experience Not Necessary.

Pittsburgh, June 1.—Few people realize the importance in the selection of a piano for their home. It means a companion for a lifetime. If it becomes harsh or "tin panny" in tone you will always be dissatisfied. If you select a world-renowned make like the Genuine Chickering, or the old reliable Hardman piano, you are sure to have a standard make with a sweet, singing, poetic and mellow tone that will last a lifetime! These pianos are sold only by FREDERICK'S Reliable Music Store, 633 Smithfield street. Also ten other reliable makes, at reasonable prices. Art catalogue free. Largest selection of pianos in Pittsburgh. Entire building. Bargains in used Chickering, Hardman and Steinway pianos.

15% DISCOUNT ON DIAMONDS

Watches, Clocks, Cut Glass and Sterling Silver.

Prior to my annual trip to Europe to purchase Diamonds I will allow 15 per cent discount from my regular retail prices on all cash sales made during June. No stock reserved. You have the pick and choice of the finest stock of Diamonds west of New York.

My Diamonds were all purchased last July before the advance and this is certainly a rare chance to secure bargains in Precious Stones, as the prospects are for further advances in Rough Diamonds.

SAM. F. SIPE,

Direct Importer of
Diamonds and Precious Stones,
Schmidt Building, Second Floor.
339 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh.
Old mine and flawed diamonds recut.

FLEMING'S OLD EXPORT WHISKY IS BOTH HEALTHFUL & HELPFUL

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DRUGGISTS MARKET ST. COR. DIAMOND

NOTICE!

IMPORTANT.

Having sold all our cheaper Wall Papers, etc., we cut finer goods to lower prices. See them. Great quantities must be sold in the next few weeks. Borders and Friezes same price as Wall Papers.

NOW IS THE TIME YOU NEED

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

AND HERE—owing to genuine bargains in every line.

DIEHL, 519 Wood.

Stinson, Kennedy & CO.

Successors to Halpin, Kennedy & Co.

SANITARY PLUMBING

FINE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES, INSTANTANEOUS WATER HEATERS.

No. 213 Wood St., Pittsburgh

L. D. 'Phone, Court 741.

Preserves

—fruits, jellies, pickles or catsup are more easily, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for Refined Paraffine Wax in every household. It is clean, tasteless and odorless—air, water and acid proof. Get a pound cake of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Watches and Diamonds.

The best, of course. But the best is best cheapest—You will find qualities high here, but prices always low.

J. R. REED & CO.,
439 Market St.

There's Merit in
THE PITTSBURGH BREWING CO'S
BEER—ALE—PORTER.

REAT BATTLE OF THE MINERS TO OPEN TODAY

oth Sides Declare They See Victory in Strike of Pump-Runners.

NON-UNION MEN ARRIVE

Operators Say They Have Enough to Take Charge of the Works—Leaders Expect Seventy-Five Per Cent to Quit Work.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 1.—The eve of what is looked upon as a most important week in the anthracite strike finds the entire region in an apprehensive mood.

At 7 o'clock tomorrow morning the order of the United Mine Workers of America, calling out all the stationary engineers, firemen and pumpmen unless the companies grant them an eight-hour work day at present wages, goes into effect, and no one can foretell the outcome of the new movement. Neither side tonight shows the slightest disposition to yield, and in the words of one mining superintendent: "It is a fight to the finish."

President Mitchell said tonight it is the first time in the history of his organization that the union was compelled to close out this class of employes and thus endanger the safety of the mines. In all other instances, he said, the demands of the men were granted.

Tomorrow is looked upon as a critical day, but it is not believed that any very serious trouble will occur. The leaders have counseled the strikers to remain quiet. It is claimed by the union that nearly all of the pumpmen and firemen will quit work and that about three-fourths of the engineers will also refuse to continue at work. This claim was privately admitted today by a company official familiar with the situation.

Non-Union Men in Plenty.

Practically all the non-union men to be employed are now in the region. The companies say that the number of those who have volunteered to fill strikers' places has been surprisingly large and that no difficulty has been encountered in selecting good men. An army of approximately 3,000 coal and iron policemen is in the field tonight ready to protect these men and the mining properties. There are also scattered through the coal country, it is said, about 1,000 men who are doing secret work for the companies. Every colliery in the coal belt has either a board or a barbed wire fence around it. At some of the mines "camp" cars are lying on the sidings for the accommodation of non-union men, most of whom will live within the colliery confines during the suspension.

A journey through the thickly populated parts of this (Wyoming) district today found that the idle mine workers are greatly incensed at the importation of strangers. At Port Griffith, a few miles north of here, two effigies were strung on poles on the main street. One had a placard tied to it giving the names of four men and under it was another card with this inscription on it:

"A 'scab' is the most debased creature on earth."

At a meeting of engineers, firemen and pumpmen employed in the collieries of the Susquehanna Coal Company, Alden Coal Company and the two collieries of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Company held at Nanticoke today, it was decided by a vote of about two to one not to strike. About 70 men attended the meeting.

Hundreds for Guard Duty.

HAZLETON, PA., June 1.—The several hundred special officers brought here last night for guard duty at the collieries in the Hazleton district were distributed to the mines today. They will be housed and boarded at the breakers. The leaders assert tonight that all of the firemen and pump runners will strike. They are not so sure of the engineers. The coal companies' agents say they are prepared to fill the places of all strikers.

The scene that occurred here last night upon the arrival of a deputation of special officers was repeated at 7:30 tonight, when about 20 officers, in charge of a coal company agent, boarded a trolley car at the Hazleton house for Freeland. The streets were crowded and when the officers came in sight about 500 men rushed at them hissing and yelling. Chief of Police Ferry and four of his men held the strike sympathizers back until the car left.

The 10 servant girls at the Hazleton house, where some of the officers are quartered, quit tonight rather than wait upon the imported men.

SUSQUEHANNA, PA., June 1.—The firemen, pump runners and engineers employed in the Erie Railroad Company's mines at Forest City, Susquehanna county, have voted not to strike Monday.

TAMAQUA, PA., June 1.—Today a meeting of delegates from all the locals in sub-district No. 1 of the United Mine Workers was held at Coaldale. It is said tonight that the greater number of the pumpmen will report for duty tomorrow.

SCRANTON, PA., June 1.—In anticipation of possible trouble this week, resulting from striking engineers, firemen and pump runners' places being filled by other men, Sheriff Charles H. Schadt posted proclamations ordering the strikers to not interfere with men at work.

Sheriff Schadt has refused all along to swear in any deputies at the request of the coal companies. He says if there is need of any deputies he himself will direct their work.

A canvass made today gives indication that there will be few engineers, and not very many more pumpers who will obey the strike order. Firemen, it is thought, will not be so likely to remain at work. The Ontario and Western men, numbering 100, decided by a majority of 12 to obey the strike order.

Sheriff Schadt was in Wilkesbarre today in consultation with President Mitchell. He said it was only a social visit.

MAHANOY CITY, PA., June 1.—Three-fourths of the firemen, hoisting engineers and pump-runners, comprising the day forces employed at the 15 collieries in the Mahanoy valley, quit work this evening. The night forces will desert their posts in the morning.

McKinley Chimes Dedicated.

LINCOLN, NEB., June 1.—A chime of 10 bells was dedicated to the memory of William McKinley in this city tonight. They are placed in the spire of the largest church in the city, St. Paul's Methodist. McKinley's favorite hymns, "Lead Kindly Light," and "Nearer My God to Thee," were played during the evening.

Kennywood, afternoons, evenings, all week. Boston Ladies' band. Free. Free.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

HEEDLESSNESS A SPECIAL VICE

THRIFTLESS PEOPLE MUST BE SAVED FROM THEMSELVES.

Senseless Marriages Are an Inexhaustive Source of Evil, Says Bishop Spalding in an Address Before Federation of Corrections and Charities.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

DETROIT, June 1.—The Rt. Rev. John Lancaster Spalding, D. D., bishop of Peoria, Ill., this afternoon in Light Guard armory delivered the conference sermon of the 29th conference of the National Federation of Corrections and Charities. His subject was "Altruism and Charity."

"Love of self is the radical passion of human nature," said Bishop Spalding in opening. "All advance is an ascent from the primitive and superficial self toward the true self, which is born of the union of the soul with truth, justice and love. Every worthy form of individual activity is altruistic. The money paid is never the equivalent of the work done and the laborer, whatever he be, must look beyond the price he gets to the good he does, must interfuse good will and the desire to be of help with all he does and with all he receives for what he does, or he will shrivel into something that appears to be alive, but is really dead.

"To be good to enemies is now recognized to be the duty of society, not less than that of individuals. We have come to understand that the real criminal is often the social body itself, rather than the man or woman it corrupts and then punishes. Our progress consists largely in the discovery of remedies for ignorance and impotence.

"Reckless and senseless marriages are an inexhaustive source of evil. So long as this poison fountain remains open, so long will vice and pauperism continue to breed degradation and wretchedness. Homes that are hells thwart the wisest efforts to reform abuses.

"If women were more serious, large-minded, intelligent, unselfish and loving, three-fourths of the depravity and sin which make life a curse would disappear. The fountain-head of social good or evil, of vice and crime, or of honor and virtue, is in the home, and the wife and mother make or unmake the home.

"The special vice of the thriftless and delinquent is heedlessness and recklessness. We must train them to forethought, consideration and attention, and personal influence, not almsgiving, is the proper means whereby this may be accomplished. If we would save them, we must save them from themselves."

CROWDS OF PEOPLE VISIT TRACTION PARKS

The Lack of Music at the Municipal Recreation Grounds Lessens the Attendance.

Although the day was made up of bright sunshine and pleasant breezes the attendance at both Schenley and Highland parks was very slim yesterday. There are no attractions at either of the two parks, excepting the zoo, to entice the crowds and the music and other features at the traction parks draw the visitors.

The numerous improvements being made at Highland park are dragging along slowly, and it is possible that the bear pits may be finished about the time snow flies. More speed has been shown at Schenley park and the brown waste about the conservatory is now taking on a mantle of green. The new cactus house will soon be ready for the inspection of visitors.

During the past week new attractions came to the zoo in the shape of two baby baboons. One of them is a Mandril and the other is called a Sphinx baboon. During the past four years 18 monkeys and baboons have been born at the zoo, three of which have since died.

The herd of elks has been removed to larger and better quarters and have now a large yard to roam about in. The buffalo has also been placed in new quarters. Supt. Earnest Tretow said yesterday that he expects some new additions to the zoo during the week. Several broods of golden and silver pheasants are due. A chance was offered to dispose of one of the lions in California for some other animals, but owing to the high express charges and the necessity of sending a man in charge of the lion and to bring back the other animals the offer was not accepted. For the second time this spring some of the monkeys in the western wing of the zoo were put out in their summer houses.

Kennywood, Calhoun, Oakwood and Southern parks were thronged again yesterday with recreation-seeking and music-loving people. The attractions at Kennywood included the Boston Ladies' Symphony orchestra, which began a week's engagement of afternoon and evening concerts. The orchestra is composed of 25 young women musicians from New England, neatly uniformed in white. Beginning this afternoon the week-day concerts will start at 3 and 7 o'clock.

At Calhoun park the attractions were the Knights of Pythias band and the Harris vocal quartet. Oakwood park also had a big crowd and a new band—the Third regiment band. The latter was assisted in the concert work by Joseph Cunningham, who sang illustrated songs, using a machine at night. Rocereto's concert band, newly uniformed and the number of bandsmen increased to 35, was the attraction at Southern park.

Search for Missing Man.

DUBOIS, PA., June 1.—(Special.)—Today 50 men thoroughly scoured a large tract of woods lying between the Pennsylvania railroad station at Sabula, in search of Elihu Dixon, a wealthy land owner who disappeared May 23. The search was instigated by his relatives, who fear that he has met with foul play. Nothing was revealed by the search.

DR. FENNER'S
KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"A gravel lodged in my bladder. After using a few bottles of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure I passed a gravel half as large as a marble. The medicine prevented further formations. I was cured.
W. T. OAKES, Orrix, Va."

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

'T. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular, Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y

THE COMING GREAT WESTINGHOUSE INDUSTRIAL COMMUNITY

TRAFFORD CITY

Will Be Born Saturday, June 7th, With

GRAND OPENING SALE OF LOTS and

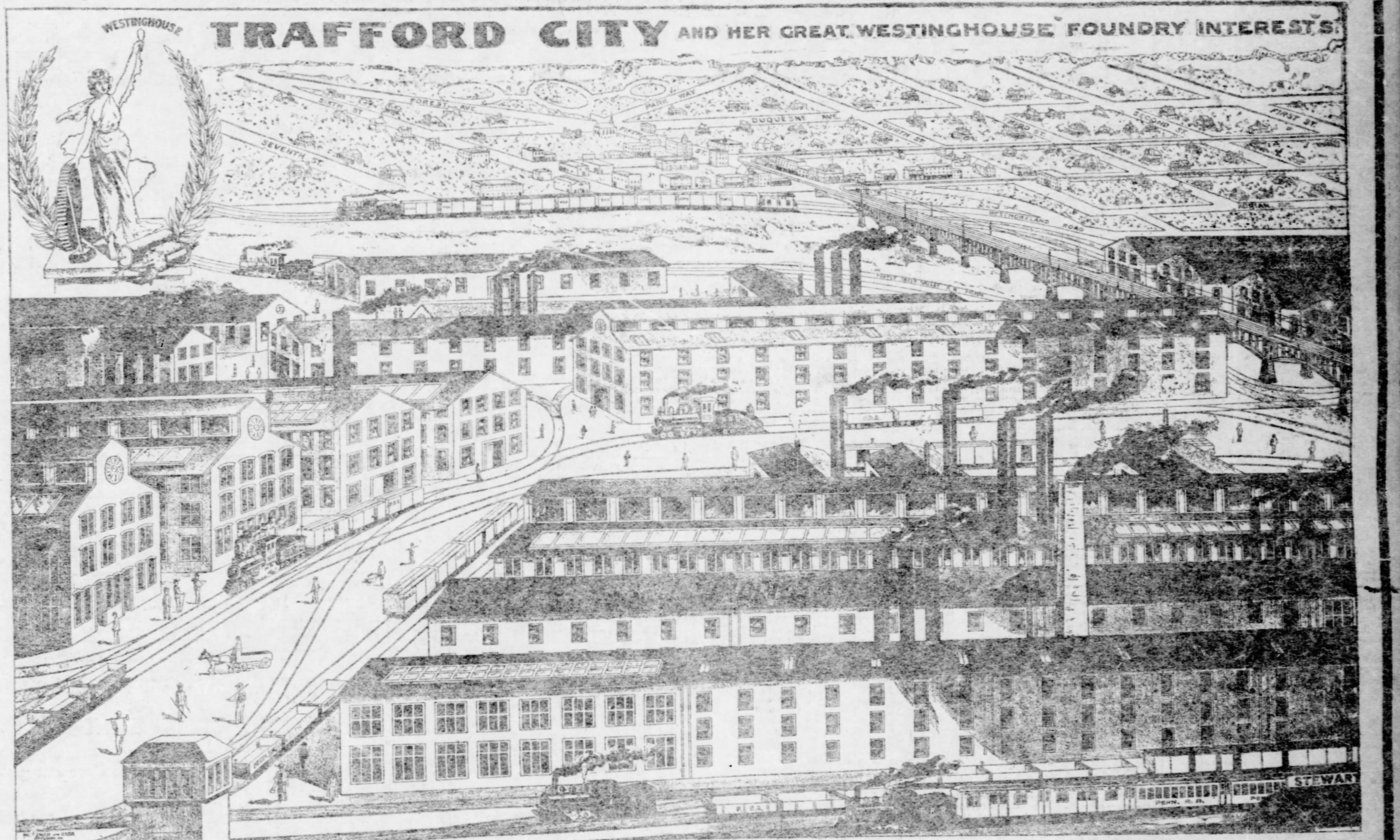
FREE EXCURSIONS.

FREE TICKETS FOR THIS EXCURSION ARE NOW BEING DISTRIBUTED.

People who are interested in visiting this property should call, or send in their applications at once. We will try to answer letters, but owing to the tremendous correspondence received even before the sale was announced, we will ask all living near Pittsburgh to come in person.

The first section of chartered train from Pittsburgh will leave at 9 A. M., City Time.

The sale will occur, rain or shine. ***No lots have been nor will be sold before opening day.*** The plan would be half sold off even now, were it not for our resolve to give all investors an equal opportunity to push in and get first choice.



Trafford City's Monster New Westinghouse Foundry Interests Will Give Employment to 4,000 Skilled Workmen; Establish a Population of 20,000.

These are facts based upon what Westinghouse Industrial Expansion has done before. Other great cities have been built and held fast in prosperity by added links that in no sense reached such a number as are being welded to the Westinghouse Trade-binding chain of productive genius.

Look how the Westinghouse Airbrake, Westinghouse Electric Light and Power systems and Westinghouse engines and machinery are being called into greater and greater demand in every center of civilization throughout the world, and you will not stop at this last matchless opportunity to buy a piece of real estate whose future is dependent upon Westinghouse destiny.

Middle-aged men who get to retrospecting and look back 33 years to when the first Airbrake works were started (employing only 10 men), will find an interesting object lesson as to how manufacturing industries requiring skilled labor will send prices up on adjoining and neighboring real estate. When the Airbrake Works were moved to Robinson and Lacock streets, in Allegheny, real estate prices in the First ward of that city went up 20 to 33 per cent. After the plant was in operation one year the increase ran up to 97½ per cent. The second year the increase reached 152 per cent. People who were only moderately well off and owned Federal street fontage, rose to ratings they did not begin to hope for. In other words, Allegheny's greatest increase in downtown business prosperity had a Westinghouse Industry as its nucleus.

Yet the marvelous influence the Airbrake Works had upon Allegheny property was no more wonderful than the enhancement of real estate elsewhere caused by the growth of other Westinghouse industries, namely: the Westinghouse Machine Works (established in 1881 with 50 men), the Union Switch & Signal Works (established in 1882), and the Westinghouse Electric Works (established in 1886).

The thrilling advance in East Pittsburgh and Wilmerding real estate is the best possible evidence as to the advisability of investors getting in and securing a piece of Trafford City property when it goes on the market.

Do a little arithmetic on this proposition, after you get our price list and terms, and you will realize how a man with $25 to $50 can secure and hold an investment which will eventually earn him $5,000. Let a shrewd investor go in with $100 and he can make $20,000 in a few years. He won't have to wait (like he invariably would in the average town), to see where the finest improvements are going to be, because this is a Westinghouse town founded upon a clear, unmistakable Westinghouse policy.

Today nearly 69 per cent. of the 16,000 workmen employed in the great Westinghouse industries at East Pittsburgh and Wilmerding are worth more money than the average business man, and at least 87 per cent. of this 69 per cent. will have the value of their real estate holdings increased at least 50 per cent. by the monster $1,500,000 extension to be built this summer to the plant of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company.

When you consider that all the castings for all the Westinghouse Works will be made at Trafford City you will see that the Trafford City industry will have the largest volume of growth, because not one of the Westinghouse industries can grow without compelling the growth of the industry upon which it is dependent for its castings.

The great Westinghouse Foundry interests at Trafford City, in fact, is the only industry in the Westinghouse circuit that shares in the success of each and every one of the other Westinghouse industries. This is a point investors should not overlook. It makes Trafford City property the property with unquestionably the greatest future.

Another point bearing on the wisdom of possessing Trafford City or real estate adjacent to the Westinghouse industries, is the fact that 8,798 out of a total number of nearly 11,000 renters who got in and took advantage of the first opportunity to buy property opened by Westinghouse industrial expansion are now owners of homes; in many instances are the wealthiest men in the towns or communities in which they live.

Remarkably Choice Lots for Residences Will Go at This First Great Sale at

$100, $150, $200, $250, $300, $350, $400 and up.

Lots for business houses and public edifices on the most finely graded, sewered and paved streets, having gas, water, and every modern convenience, including traction cars in front of the doors, will be offered at $850. In fact, every lot in this plan has water and new sanitary system of sewerage.

The easiest monthly payment plan ever adopted on good property will govern transactions where purchasers do not wish to pay all cash.

In other words, terms are as follows:

10 Per Cent Down, Balance 3 Per Cent Monthly, With No Taxes or Interest Until Delivery of Deed.

On this proposition an investor can step in with $25 or $50 and snap up opportunities which he can dispose of to later arrivals at twice and three times these amounts. Or he can hold on by paying $7.50, $9.00, $12.00 or $15.00 each month and the lot will pay for itself in a short time by the natural tremendous increase in value bound to result.

15 Per Cent Discount Will Be Given Cash Purchasers

Provided purchasers pay all cash within thirty days, or pay one-third cash within thirty days and give bond and purchase-money mortgage for the balance, payable in two equal annual installments with interest.

The above stipulations will not be deviated from in any instances except where investors desire to get in early and build houses; to these special terms will be made, so that the families of the first army of workmen whom the great foundry will call to employment may have comfortable homes to shelter them.

All lots on residence streets will be sold with restrictions requiring that houses be built back 20 feet from the sidewalks, the company's aim being to have a community possessing beautiful lawns and such surroundings as enterprise and refinement are sure to give.

A policy guaranteeing title will be given free with each lot. Said policy will be issued by the Real Estate Trust Company of Pittsburgh, capital and surplus $3,500,000.

1,600 MEN NOW AT WORK ON THE STREETS OF TRAFFORD CITY.

You will be surprised at the pace progress has set in this model city when you see one army of men after another and team after team at work carrying out the wonderful plan of street improvements, including the most improved sewerage system in the world.

The property occupies a beautiful eminence, just high enough above the monster Westinghouse Foundries, to be free from smoke, soot and dirt, and every lot is as level as the hand of nature could possibly make it.

A handsome steel viaduct 1,100 feet long spans the manufacturing section, Pennsylvania R. R. and Turtle Creek Valley, to the plan from the direction of Pitcairn, and hundreds of thousands of cubic yards of earth are being excavated to make way for other extensive improvements.

A large percentage of the water mains, fire plugs, sidewalks and paving has been laid, and in a few weeks this work will be completed.

There was never a town built that started with as many or as fine highway improvements.

You have opportunity to see before buying your lot that your investment will be in a city blessed with advantages instead of in a barren suburb. You get a value which you know will turn out handsomely.

TRACTION CARS AND 46 PASSENGER TRAINS GOING EACH WAY WILL CONNECT TRAFFORD CITY WITH PITTSBURGH.

The schedule time of P. R. R. to this grand new Westinghouse City from Pittsburgh is 25 to 35 minutes. In addition to the 46 local passenger trains going each way there are 31 through trains.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's terminal yards, in reality, will at no far distant date be removed to Trafford City from Pitcairn, and railroad operations of magnitude will be added to the great new town's money-making activities, to give real estate value another advance.

The traction line penetrating Trafford City is the Wilmerding and Pitcairn Branch of the Pittsburgh Railways Company, with direct connection by transfer to Pittsburgh. Wilmerding is only 2½ miles distant, and East Pittsburgh 3½ miles.

The line runs over the property, traversing the immense new steel viaduct, up Brinton avenue, to Second street, then up Second street to Cavitt avenue, along Cavitt to Fifth avenue, along Fifth avenue and back to viaduct.

Follow this information when looking at the map showing lots and you will get an intelligent idea as to where the business section of the new city will be.

The people of East Pittsburgh, Wilmerding, Jeannette and Turtle Creek need not be told of the advantages to be gained by getting on the grounds early at this great sale of Trafford City lots. What they and their neighbors made before when Westinghouse towns were established will make them eager to profit by this even greater opportunity.

FOR FREE EXCURSION TICKETS CALL ON THE REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., Agt., 311 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Branch Offices Have Been Established at Altoona, Johnstown, Derry, Latrobe, Greensburg, Jeannette, Braddock, Etc.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Nobles lane road. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition, at the above number and term, requesting the approval of the said court for the permanent improvement of a certain road or highway, situate in Baldwin township, in said county of Allegheny, and known as the Nobles lane road, as follows:

Beginning at the point of intersection of the Brownsville road and Nobles lane, thence through and along lands of South Side Cemetery Company, Zimmerman, Daugherty, and Seibert, to a point on the Library road near Oak Station, on the line of the Castle Shannon railroad, a distance of one (1) mile.

That the court ordered the same filed, and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition, or appear before the said grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Coulterville road. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition, at the above number and term, requesting the approval of the said court for the permanent improvement of a certain public road or highway, situate in South Versailles township, in said county of Allegheny, known as the Coulterville road, as follows:

Beginning at White Oak level road, at lands of H. B. Hayden, W. J. Miller, Robert Aiken and others, to a point near the Westmoreland county line, being a distance of one mile, more or less, and situate in said township of South Versailles.

That the court ordered the same filed, and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition, or appear before the said grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Bull creek road. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition, at the above number and term, requesting the approval of the said court for the permanent improvement of a certain road or highway, situate in Harrison and Fawn townships, in said county of Allegheny, and known as the Bull creek road, as follows:

Beginning at the Tarentum borough line, thence through lands of Henry Metz, George Higgins, Samuel Dellenbach and others, to the village of Millerstown, being five (5) miles in length.

That the said court ordered the same to be filed, and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition, or appear before the said grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

THE SMALLPOX BREAKS OUT IN NEW DISTRICT

Victim Appears in Twenty-seventh Ward and Suspect in Knoxville.

SEVEN NEW CASES FOUND

Authorities Say Unless People Awaken to Danger Trouble May Be Expected With Cold Weather—A Complaint and Its Answer.

Smallpox has appeared in a new district of the city and there is every reason to believe that the disease will continue prevalent all summer. If it does so an epidemic is feared next winter. Last night John Deary, aged 29 years, of St. Thomas street, Twenty-seventh ward, appeared at the bureau of health and Dr. B. A. Booth promptly pronounced his case smallpox and sent him to the Municipal hospital.

There are now just 76 cases of smallpox in the Municipal hospital, which is about as many as that institution can accommodate. There are really almost 100 people there, including some who are not ill, but quarantined. If many more cases appear, as the bureau of health officials consider probable, the dining-room of the hospital will be turned into a ward, and the inmates, such as are able, will take their meals under a tent pitched in the hospital grounds.

The bureau of health has already ordered 50 cots to be placed in the hospital in case of need. An order was sent to Washington, D. C., yesterday for 5,000 more vaccination quills, beside the 2,500 which were ordered Saturday and arrived yesterday morning.

Suspect at Knoxville.

Dr. Booth was requested last night to come to Knoxville to diagnose a case. Of course, Knoxville is outside the city limits, but Dr. Booth went.

Seven cases of smallpox appeared yesterday, and all were sent to the city hospital. In addition to the one mentioned Dr. Booth found a lot more, among them Ella Thompson, 18 months old of No. 45 Mahon avenue; Henry Killian, 4 years old of No. 35 Sommers street, and John Fickinger, aged 46 years of No. 103 Sommers street. All these cases are in the Thirteenth ward, where many cases have appeared lately.

Four-year-old Henry Killian has been ill for some time, but his parents have been keeping it a secret. For some days past his body has been covered with sores and he has had no medical attention. As a result the child is in a dangerous condition.

"It looks now as though the smallpox would continue through the summer, and break out violently again in the fall," said Dr. Booth last night. "Unless the people get frightened now and are vaccinated we will have some trouble surely. It is possible that we may have to take the police again and vaccinate wholesale, as we did the other night. In the Thirteenth ward, people have kept the cases secret, and some colored men have been in the street days after they should have been in the hospital."

Citizens Criticising.

Citizens of the Thirteenth ward are criticising the management of the Municipal hospital, charging that attendants ride about the city in street cars; that visitors are allowed to approach dangerously near patients, and that the institution is not managed as carefully as in former years.

In a letter signed "Citizen," received yesterday the charge is made that wagons of all kinds drive into the place, then deliver goods to private houses, the drivers coming in close contact with hospital inmates; that hospital employes are allowed to go home to their families.

A Gazette reporter called on several people said to have knowledge of all this. None would state positively that patients are allowed to go outside the gates, but they did declare that several persons had come out of the grounds and walked up and down the lane alongside the fence, and that three attendants went in and out of the house and rode on street cars. The reporter learned that the three men referred to were sanitary officers.

Dr. B. A. Booth, city health officer, when made acquainted with the charges and with what neighbors say, said: "You must remember that the residents are opposed to the Municipal hospital and want it removed from the neighborhood.

Dr. Booth's Reply.

"It is true that the grocer's wagon does drive into the grounds, but the man drives direct to the kitchen, where he unloads his goods. eH does not come in contact with patients or with anybody connected with the institution.

"You may have seen some men strolling about the angle formed by the building. These are convalescents. They are not liable to spread contagion, first, because no outsider comes in contact with them, and second, because they are nearly well and are kept about the institution simply that their faces may become entirely smooth before they are dismissed. As for the charge that nurses or attendants ride on the street cars, that is not true. The sanitary officers take smallpox patients to the hospital and go into infected houses, but they wear rubber gloves and gowns and when they have been exposed to contagion they disinfect their clothes and take a bath in the disinfection building. Some of the nurses at the hospital have not been outside the grounds since last October."

KEEPS THE VOWS GIVEN TO JOIN SUICIDE CLUB

Traveling Man Takes Poison in a Chicago Saloon—Mysterious Letter Is Found.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, June 1.—A letter found in the possession of L. Wachman, a traveling salesman, who committed suicide in a North Clark street saloon early today, leads to the belief that he was a member of a New York suicide club. Wachman fell dead while being served with a glass of beer. Physicians declared it a case of poisoning.

The letter, which leads to the theory that the suicide was premeditated, was from T. Wulff, New York, dated May 25. One of the passages read:

"Will commit suicide at once, and I am sorry that we could not be together and end it. I had thought that we could do this business together."

Wulff also says that he has left a note "under the door of No. 202 ——— street." The name of the street is not given, but it is believed by the police authorities that the street mentioned may be the headquarters of the suicide club.

Hear the ladies' band from Boston, at Kennywood, afternoons, evenings. Free.

Fire Does $40,000 Damage at Hollidaysburg; An Ohio Man Is Killed for Apologizing

A BIG FIRE AT HOLLIDAYSBURG

Flames Cause Loss of Forty Thousand Dollars to Business Houses.

WORK OF AN INCENDIARY

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., June 1.—Hollidaysburg was visited last night by a destructive conflagration. The opera house was partly wrecked and the Hollidaysburg fire department building was completely destroyed.

Fire, smoke and water damaged the merchandise in Glessner's department store, W. H. Goodfellow & Son's hardware establishment, John H. Law's clothing store, S. L. Clement's restaurant and O. J. Fay's warehouse.

The property loss is $40,000. The fire was the work of an incendiary. Word was sent to the Altoona fire department for assistance, but the local firemen were finally able to control the flames.

THE THREE RIVERS.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, June 1.—River at 6 p. m., 14.5 feet and falling. The E. R. Andrews, Eagle and J. B. Lewis will arrive in the morning from the Kanawha with the second tow of coal on the present rise. All packets are in and out on time. Weather clear and pleasant.

LOUISVILLE—River falling; canal, 7.4 feet; falls, 5.2 feet; foot of locks, 14.4 feet. Business quiet. Weather cloudy. The Beaver and tow went down late last night.

MARIETTA—River 7 feet and falling. Cloudy, warm. Virginia and Lorena down, 7 p. m.

POINT PLEASANT—River 8 feet 7 inches and falling. Partly cloudy and warm. Down, Cruiser, John Moren, Greenwood, Relief, Fallie. Up, S. P. Gillett, Dave Wood, C. J. Reynolds.

MORGANTOWN—River 7 feet 8 inches and falling. Weather cloudy and warm.

WARREN—River 1 foot 8 inches. Fair and warm.

GALLIPOLIS—River 11 feet 6 inches and falling slowly. Up, Queen City. Clear and pleasant.

WHEELING—River 6 feet 5 inches and falling. Clear, warm. Departed, Ben Hur, Pittsburg, 1 a. m.; Kanawha, Pittsburgh, 7 a. m.; Virginia, Cincinnati, 8 a. m.; Keystone State, Pittsburgh, 10 a. m.; Lorena, Zanesville, 11 a. m.

BROWNSVILLE—River 5 feet 6 inches and falling. Weather clear.

OIL CITY—River 1 foot 11 inches and falling. Weather clear and warm.

STEUBENVILLE—River 5 feet 8 inches and falling. Weather clear and warm. Up, Keystone State, Ben Hur and Kanawha.

Packets Leaving Today.

Keystone State, Cincinnati, 4 p. m.
Ben Hur, Parkersburg, noon.

News of the Rivers.

The Keystone State is loading at the Monongahela wharf and takes a fair freight shipment to Cincinnati.

The steamer Kanawha, arriving last night from the Kanawha river, will not leave for Charleston until tomorrow afternoon.

The towboat J. B. Lewis, Capt. John Martin, met with another accident just above Cincinnati that disabled her machinery, but her tow of Kanawha coal was landed without damage.

The steamer Ben Hur, in service for 15 years, is using the same cylinder timbers now that were placed on her when she was first built. There are few boats that can boast of a similar record.

The marine ways at Madison, with surrounding shipyard, occupy nine acres. They were established in 1852 and have been in successful operation ever since. Since 1869 210 steamboats have been built and as many more repaired.

Samuel L. Clemens, better known as "Mark Twain," escorted by Capt. Horace Bixby, under whom the now famous humorist learned to steer a steamboat when a "cub" pilot on the Mississippi river before the civil war, and accompanied by Capt. Jesse Jamison, Beck Jolly, Fred Voltz and John H. Carter, Mr. Clemens' contemporaries, spent half an hour in the pilots' rooms at St. Louis last Friday.

REDUCED FARES WEST.

Colorado, Utah and South Dakota Tickets Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Commencing June 1st excursion tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs and other points in Colorado; to Ogden and Salt Lake, Utah, and to Hot Springs, Deadwood and points in South Dakota, will be sold via Pennsylvania lines. Tickets will be on sale during the summer at special low fares. Particulars about dates of sale, fare to various points, routes and return dates, may be ascertained by communicating with District Passenger Agent J. K. Dillon, room 306 Park building, Pittsburgh.

BICYCLE COLLISION RESULTS IN DEATH

One Rider Is Dead and the Other Is Fatally Injured.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

LANCASTER, PA., June 1.—One man is dead and another dying as the result of a bicycle collision which occurred here last night. The victims are Walter Powell and Daniel Treewitz, each aged about 17 years.

Powell is a speedy amateur bicyclist. Paced by Treewitz he was training for a race on Wheatland avenue. It was dark and neither bicycle had a lamp. Powell thinking he had outstripped Treewitz turned to find him and they collided, both being thrown violently to the street.

Powell was carried unconscious into St. Joseph's hospital, nearby. His skull was fractured and he died without having regained consciousness. Treewitz developed alarming symptoms today from internal injuries and there is no hope for his recovery.

PRISONER KILLED HIMSELF.

Committed Suicide While in the Custody of an Officer.

GREENSBURG, PA., June 1.—(Special.)—Late last night George Neff, well known here, fired a bullet into his head, and died at the Westmoreland hospital this morning.

Yesterday Neff went to Jeannette, and it is alleged beat his wife and threatened to kill his children. The woman caused his arrest. Neff carefully read the warrant and then asked permission of the officer to go up stairs to change his clothes. The request was granted and Neff had scarcely reached the second floor when a shot was heard. He was brought to the hospital in a dying condition. Neff was 45 years old.

Three Prisoners Break Jail.

FRANKLIN, W. VA., June 1.—(Special.)—John Spidler and Bert Hartman, convicted of theft, and a man named Moats, charged with horse stealing, escaped from jail here early yesterday morning. Sheriff Davis and posse are in pursuit.

WELSH PREACHER HERE.

Eminent Educator and Clergyman Talks to His Countrymen in Their Own Tongue.

The Rev. William Morris, D. D., an eminent preacher and educator of Wales, addressed three large audiences in the Chatham Street Baptist church yesterday morning, afternoon and evening. In his congregations were people from Punxsutawney, Jeannette, Irwin, Venetia, Hickman, Turtle Creek, McKeesport and Homestead. The morning and afternoon sermons were delivered in the Welsh language and the evening discourse in English.

The Rev. Dr. Morris' topic in the morning was "Christ as a Hero Abolishing Death." The speaker said that Christ had furnished the highest example of heroism ever known to mankind and gave instances in the life of Christ. The afternoon sermon was on the "Perfect Law of Liberty." Last night the noted Welsh preacher talked of "Paul's Great Debate With the Jews Concerning Christ." He spoke with fluency, fervency and power.

Dr. Morris is in the United States to fill a number of engagements to speak in Welsh churches in different parts of the country and to visit the schools for the purpose of obtaining some ideas which he will introduce in the school system of Wales. He has been in the east and says that the public schools in Brooklyn are the best he has found in this country. He will remain in Pittsburgh a week to see the schools here and today will visit the Forbes street school.

Dr. Morris is president of the Rhondda Valley school board in South Wales, which has 25,000 pupils under its charge. He is also chairman of the governors of intermediate schools and vice president of the federation of schools for Wales. Besides being prominent as a preacher and educator, Dr. Morris has been active in industrial matters in Wales, having been instrumental in settling a number of great strikes among the coal miners in his native country.

He will deliver an address before the Welsh Baptist association of Western Pennsylvania and Ohio at Sharon on June 14 and will go to Chicago to fill several engagements before starting on his return trip home.

Among those who assisted the Rev. E. M. Jones, the pastor, in the services at the Chatham Street Baptist church yesterday were the Rev. T. Thomas of the Second Avenue Welsh Presbyterian church; the Rev. Jacob Owen of Irwin, Pa., and the Rev. Mr. Gray of Homestead.

KILLED FOR APOLOGIZING

An Ohio Man Is Struck Dead by an Old-Time Friend.

WIFE IS REFUSED CORPSE

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ZANESVILLE, O., June 1.—Incensed because his old-time friend and fellow workman, John Galigher, offered him an apology for having knocked him down in a fight following a quarrel concerning their work, William Jones, it is charged, hit Galigher over the head with a shovel, causing his death this evening. The men were working together at the blast furnace when the trouble occurred.

Galigher was taken to the home of his mother, where he died without regaining consciousness. The mother, who is a Catholic, refuses to give the body of her son over to his wife, who is a Protestant, for burial, and the latter threatens to bring replevin proceedings in the morning.

Jones was arrested. Both are married and have large families.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

GREENSBURG, PA.—Steve Matthews was killed at the Jamison coal works last night.

NEWARK, O.—Mrs. Charles Reeder of Chicago dropped dead at the home of her sister, Mrs. Gainey, here yesterday, while preparing to attend church.

BELLAIRE, O.—The strike of the men at the Empire Coal Company's works has been settled. The scale was signed by the company and the United Mine Workers' representatives.

GREENSBURG, PA.—John Corinski and Bonton Frashi, miners employed at the works of the Salem Coal Company at Salemville, were fatally hurt by a fall of slate in the mines yesterday.

CLAYSVILLE, PA.—Charley Wells, a former member of Company H, Tenth Pennsylvania regiment, who saw service in the Philippines, and also in the regular army, has received word of having passed a successful examination for a lieutenancy in the regular army.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—Warren G. McKee, son of Dr. Edward McKee of Sugar Grove, Warren county, accidentally shot himself while hunting Saturday, and died within two hours. He was 18 years of age. He had been visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Sarah McKee of Shenango township, where the accident occurred.

W. M. Laird Co.

On Sale Tuesday Morning

500 pairs women's $2.50 and $3.00 Patent Leather and Vici Kid Oxfords at

$1.00 a Pair

Most all sizes and widths—Come early and get your choice—they won't last long—

W. M. LAIRD CO.

Market Street, Smithfield St.

CAMPBELL'S

bargain snaps extraordinary.

39c Half Bleached Table Linens, choice line of desirable patterns at **21c**

Kitchen Crash Toweling, at, per yd **1c**

White Honey-Comb Bedspreads, extra large size, hemmed already for use; regular 75c value. Extra special at **39c**

Good Heavy Unbleached Muslins, at, per yd **2½c**

1,500 yds. All Silk Taffeta Ribbons, 4 in. wide, full line of choice shades such as pink, blue, white, cream, etc.; regular 25c values. Extra special at **19c**

Lot of Taffeta and Moire Ribbons, extra fine quality, soft finish, in such plain colors as black, white, pink, blue, cardinal, etc. Extra special at **25c**

Lot of White Swiss Flouncings, 45 in. wide, with lace ruffles, goods worth up to $3.00 yd. Extra special at **$1.50**

Men's Underwear in silver, gray, and ecru, plain or ribbed, extra well made and an extraordinary value for **19c**

Lot of Reclining Go-Carts, with full reed body, nicely upholstered in damask or velour, fancy ruffled parasol, best steel gear, patent brake and rubber tire wheels; value $19.00. Extra special at **$13.75**

Lot of Couches, covered in plain green velour, good steel springs, heavy oak frame, and feet; actual value $7.00. Extra special at **$3.75**

FREE EXHIBITION AT OUR STORE EVERY DAY THIS WEEK, BEGINNING TUESDAY, OF

Pygmalion ...and the... Statue Galatea.

LONDON AND PARIS WILD OVER IT.

Galatea, the Marble Statue, is an illusion illustrating the beautiful Greek myth by the same name.

Pygmalion was a sculptor and had made with his wonderful skill a statue of a woman that was a perfect semblance of a maiden that was alive, and was so beautiful that no living woman was to compare with it. It was prevented from moving only by modesty. He at last fell in love with his counterfeit creation, and prayed to the gods to endow it with life.

The festival of Venus was at hand and when Pygmalion came home from the temple (after prayers and sacrificing), to his amazement, his prayer had been answered. There, instead of the cold marble, was a real living woman—one of the most marvelous stories of a creation ever told.

It was not a woman taken from the rib of man, not evoluted from a monkey—it was THE INCARNATION OF MARBLE.

It was not a babe born into the world, but a fully developed woman—A MARBLE STATUE BROUGHT TO LIFE.

The illusion truthfully illustrates this marvelous change in full view of everybody. The marble softens, life steals into the veins, the eyes open and a living woman appears and speaks.

In addition to this, another remarkable change is shown, representing the transit from life to death; thence to the spirit world, and finally you see a heaven of roses.

These changes are weird, yet beautiful; marvelous, yet truthful; scientific, yet pleasing. It is the crowning feat of modern magic: A TWENTIETH CENTURY MIRACLE.

All these wonderful changes are wrought so perfectly that the eye, even aided by a strong glass, can detect absolutely nothing.

some brilliant extra special offerings.

Handsome assortment of Mercerized Linens, in plain colors, striped and corded effects, in pinks, blues, tans, black and whites, etc.; all pure linen and regularly sold at 50c yd. Extra special at **33c**

Special lot of plain colored Taffeta Silks, in 25 of the most popular shades, soft finish, very desirable for waists and linings; regular 75c value. Extra special at **55c**

Women's Long Coats of finest quality Peau de Soie, lined throughout with either pearl or white Taffeta Silk, made with flounce, seams strapped with moire and stitched, bell sleeve, sold for $49.00. Just half price **$24.50**

Lot of Irish Point and Real Brussel Sample Curtain Ends, choice line of patterns; sell regularly for $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00. Biggest bargain ever offered at **39c**

Best 2-ply Extra Super Ingrain Carpets, strictly all wool, best quality made, regularly sold at 75c yd. Choice of entire stock at **50c**

Boys' and Youths' Shoes, made of fine satin calf, genuine kangaroo top, and English backstay, solid leather soles, extension edges; regular $1.75 values. Extra special at **$1.49**

Ladies' Vests, fancy rib, low neck, low sleeves with lace yoke in front and a regular 25c value. Extra special at **15c**

50 doz. Women's Shirt Waists, all new, fresh goods, cut in the very latest styles, made of madras and fine lawn, in pinks, blues, oxbloods, tans, lavender, the popular black and white effects, etc., stock collar, plaited back, nice and full in front and extra well made throughout; regularly sell at 75c and $1.00. Extra special at **59c**

WM. CAMPBELL, The People's Store, 327-333 Fifth Ave.

Pittsburgh Carpet Co.

SPECIAL SALES —IN— LACE CURTAINS.

A general round up of the remainder of the season's Lace Curtains.

NOTTINGHAMS—POINTS—CLUNYS—BRUSSELS—ARABIANS, ETC.

Over a thousand pairs to be sacrificed to close out patterns—see this offering.

THE SALE OF HARTFORD AXMINSTER CARPETS At $1.15 a yard

Will continue while the lot lasts this week—an extra bargain.

PITTSBURGH CARPET CO., 227—FIFTH AVENUE—227

COLORADO

The way to get the best accommodations is via the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

WHY? It is the only direct line to Colorado Springs and Manitou.

It is the popular route to Denver. It has the best Dining Car Service.

It has the finest equipment and most satisfactory schedule and in the

Rocky Mountain Limited

offers the best train, only one night, Chicago to Colorado.

It leaves Chicago daily at 5.45 p. m. and arrives at Denver 8.45 p. m., Colorado Springs (Manitou) 8.30 p. m.

Another inducement to use the *Rock Island* will be the round trip rates of $25 Chicago to Colorado and $15 Missouri River points to Colorado effective this summer by that line. Ask for details and free books.

"Under the Turquoise Sky" gives the most fascinating description of Colorado.

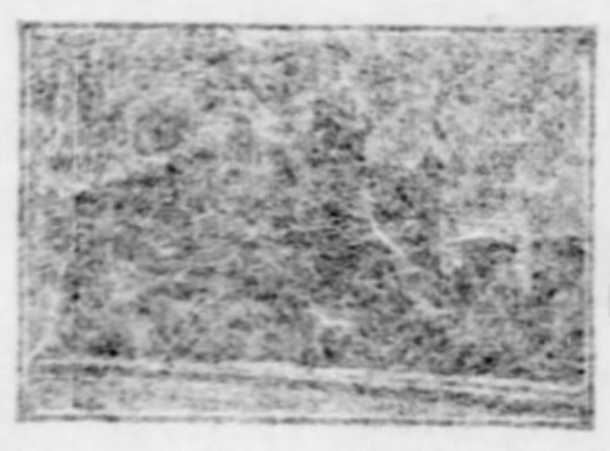
"Camping in Colorado" has full details for campers.

PERRY GRIFFIN, T. P. A.
415 Park Bldg., PITTSBURG, PA.

Conditions change — The trend of the times says you need a Bell telephone—

THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.
Tel. Grant 1170 or 1700.
Telephone Building. Seventh Ave.

HOTELS.



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Broadway and 63d St., N. Y. City.

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MODERATE RATES EXCLUSIVE
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Orchestral Concerts Every Evening.
ALL CARS PASS THE EMPIRE.
Send postal for descriptive booklet.
W. JOHNSON QUINN, Proprietor.

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HOTEL PITNEY, ATLANTIC CITY.

Centrally located near beach. Extension of 50 new rooms. Completely refurnished. For particulars address
W. J. IMEL.

Atlantic City.

HOTEL RITTENHOUSE.
New Jersey Ave. and the Beach.
Finest high class family hotel on the Atlantic coast. Cuisine the best. Write for booklet.
H. S. STEVENS.

MANUFACTURERS.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

OLIVER Iron & Steel Company,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Soft Welding Steel and Iron, Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.

Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.

General Office at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.

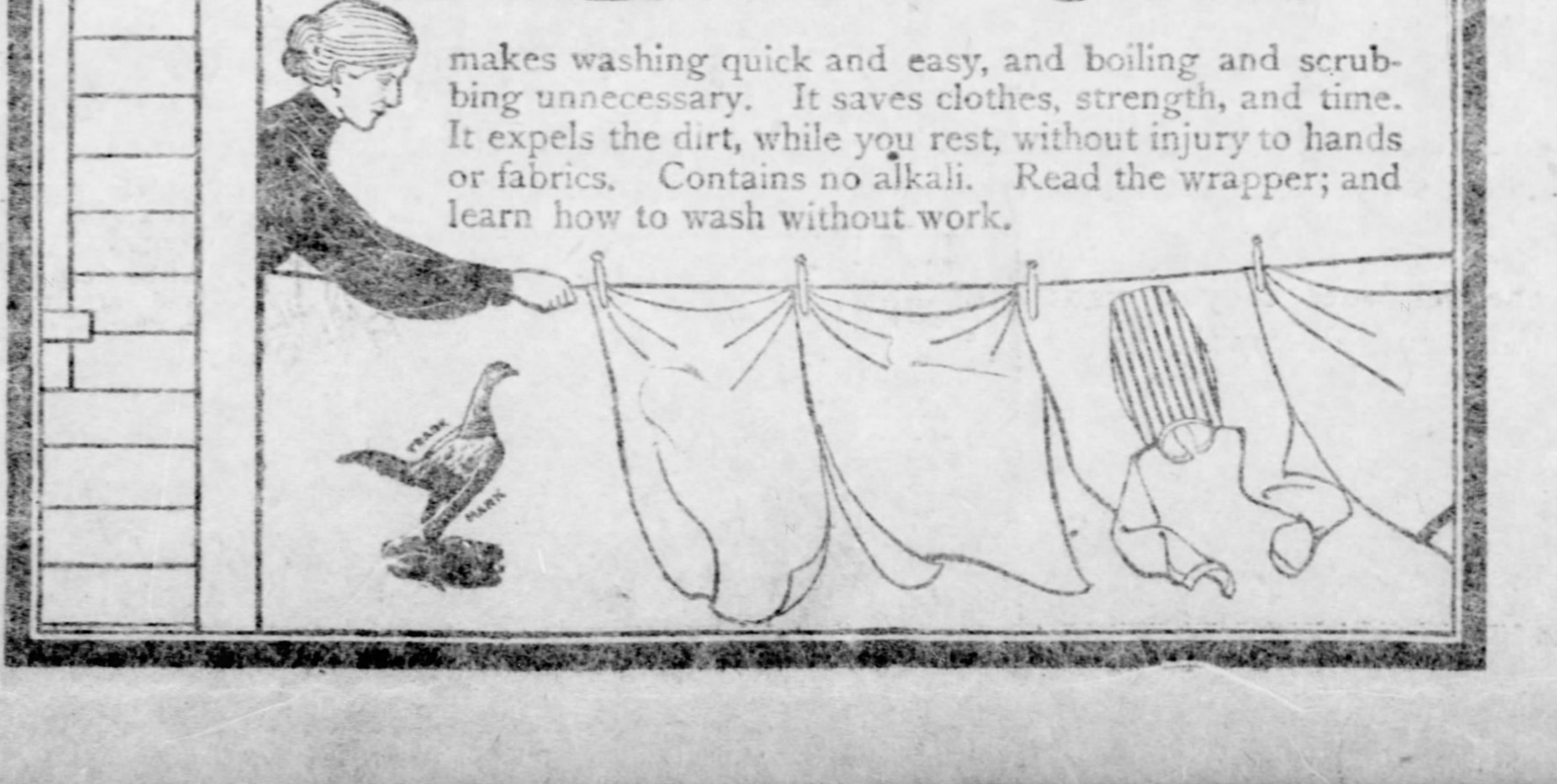
Two Stories

of washing methods—the old and the new. Holes worn by the washboard and alkali soap; faded colors, once bright; and a tired, discouraged woman. Such is the story of old methods.

The story of the new way of washing is as easily read. No worn fabrics, no holes, bright, unfaded colors—and an equally bright, tidy, satisfied woman.

WALKER'S SOAP

makes washing quick and easy, and boiling and scrubbing unnecessary. It saves clothes, strength, and time. It expels the dirt, while you rest, without injury to hands or fabrics. Contains no alkali. Read the wrapper; and learn how to wash without work.



RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Packet Line

Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis, New Orleans and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot Wood st. as follows: Str. Keystone State, Monday; Queen City, Wednesday; Virginia, Saturday, at 4 p. m. Fare—Pgh. to Cin., $7; round trip, $12 and $14, meals, berths included; down by boat, return by rail, $14. For freight or passage apply to Jas. A. Henderson, Mgr. Tel 1762.

PITTSBURGH AND PARKERSBURG SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET.

STEAMER Ben Hur, H. E. Cramer, Master; Ed. Dunn, Clerk, leaves Patterson's wharfboat Monday 12 m., Thursday 4 p. m. Connecting with Str. Helen Gould at Parkersburg for Charleston and all way landings. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. H. Ghriest, 307 Water st., Agents. 'Phone 428.

KANAWHA RIVER PACKETS.

STEAMER Kanawha, W. E. Roe, Master; Leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Tuesday, 4 p. m., for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Charleston and way points. Finest passenger and freight accommodations. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. H. Ghriest, Agents, 307 Water st. Tel. 428.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ANCHOR LINE

United States Mail Steamship from New York Every Saturday for

GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY

First Saloon Passage, $50 & upwards
Second Saloon, $35 and upwards
Third Class, $26 and upwards.

NEW YORK TO NAPLES.

Direct Service Saturday, July 5th. Cabin Passage, $65.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents, 17 and 19 Broadway, N. Y., or J. J. McCORMICK, 540 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

JAPAN-CHINA

—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS VIA HONOLULU, Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental and Orient S. S. Co. and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: Peking, June 12, 1902; Gaelic, June 21, 1902; Hong Kong Maru, June 28, 1902. For passage and freight rates, reservation, passage, orders and information, apply to F. B. Choate, Agent, 1209 Park Bldg., Pittsburgh.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

In effect May 25, 1902.
Trains Leave Union Station, Pittsburgh,
as follows (Eastern Standard Time):—

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily	3:00 am
Pennsylvania Limited, daily	7:15 am
Day Express, daily	7:30 am
Main Line Express, daily	8:00 am
Harrisburg Mail, daily	12:45 pm
Harrisburg Express, daily	4:49 pm
Philadelphia Express, daily	4:50 pm
Eastern Express, daily	7:10 pm
Fast Line, daily	9:00 pm
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily for New York, Baltimore and Washington only	10:00 pm
Philadelphia Mail, Sundays only	8:40 am

For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 am and 10:45 pm daily.

For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 am; 1:30, 5:05 and 10:45 pm week days. Sundays, 9:00 am and 5:05 and 10:45 pm.

For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 am and 10:45 pm week-days. Sundays, 9:00 am and 10:45 pm.

For Titusville only, 1:30 pm week-days.

For Du Bois, 6:15, 9:00 am; 1:30 and 5:05 pm week-days. Sundays, 9:00 am and 5:05 pm.

For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 am and 9:00 pm daily. "Pennsylvania Limited," 7:15 am week-days.

For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:10, 8:25 am; 12:45 and 4:25 pm week-days.

In effect May 26, 1902.

For West Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:25 am and 4:20 pm week-days. For Belle Vernon and West Brownsville, 6:05, 8:00, 10:25 am; 1:05, 4:20 and 6:25 pm week-days. Sundays, 8:55 am; 1:05, 5:00 and 9:50 pm.

For West Elizabeth, Dravosburg and Monongahela City, 6:05, 8:00, 10:25 am; 1:05, 4:20, 5:25, 6:25 and 11:35 pm week-days. Sundays, 8:55 am; 1:05, 5:00 and 9:50 pm. West Elizabeth and Dravosburg only, 3:20 pm week-days.

From FEDERAL STREET STATION, Allegheny City:—

For Butler, 6:30, 8:20, 10:30 am; 3:00 and 6:10 pm week-days. Sundays, 7:00 am, 9:30 pm.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices—No. 360 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street, and Union station.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, General Passenger Agent.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Schedule in effect Nov. 17, 1901. Trains leave P. & W. Depot, Allegheny.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

For Erie, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut, O., 8:00 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.; Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keister, 8:00 a. m., 1:15 and 3:20 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago and Cincinnati	* 1:10 am	* 1:45 am
Indianapolis & St. Louis	* 1:10 am	* 1:45 am
Ft. Wayne & Chicago	* 1:15 am	* 1:40 am
Tiffin & Toledo	* 1:15 am	* 1:40 am
Indianapolis & St. Louis	* 4:50 am	* 5:50 pm
Wellsville & Bellaire	† 5:20 am	† 8:35 am
Wellsville & Bellaire	† 5:20 am	‡ 7:10 pm
Alliance & Cleveland	† 5:20 am	† 1:10 pm
Alliance & Wooster	† 5:40 am	†11:20 pm
Jamestown & Youngst'n	† 6:30 am	† 1:20 pm
Ohio Valley Express	† 6:45 am	† 8:35 pm
Ft. Wayne & Chicago	* 7:00 am	* 5:30 pm
Ft. Wayne & Chicago	* 7:00 am	* 5:30 am
Tiffin & Toledo	‡ 7:00 am	‡ 5:30 pm
Wellsville & Wheeling	† 7:30 am	† 4:55 pm
E. Liverpool & Bellaire	‡ 7:30 am	‡ 7:10 pm
Cleveland Fast Line	* 8:00 am	* 7:40 pm
Columbus & Cincinnati	* 8:00 am	* 5:40 pm
Erie, Mercer & Oil City	† 8:05 am	†10:55 am
New Castle & Jamestown	* 8:05 am	* 5:50 pm
Youngstown & Ashtabula	* 8:05 am	‡ 5:50 pm
Youngstown & Ashtabula	* 8:05 am	†10:55 am
Columbus & Chicago	*12:25 pm	* 2:05 pm
Youngstown & Jamest'n	†12:40 pm	† 8:20 am
New Castle & Ashtabula	†12:40 pm	† 8:30 pm
Alliance & Cleveland	† 1:25 pm	† 7:20 pm
Wellsville & Bellaire	† 1:25 pm	† 7:20 pm
Alliance & Crestline	* 1:35 pm	*12:50 pm
New Castle & Erie	† 4:35 pm	† 8:30 pm
Youngstown & Niles	† 4:35 pm	* 5:50 pm
Mercer & Oil City	† 4:35 pm	† 8:30 pm
Wellsville & Bellaire	† 4:50 pm	† 7:20 pm
Cleveland Special	* 5:00 pm	*11:30 am
Wellsville & Bellaire	† 5:10 pm	‡ 9:10 am
New Castle & Jamestown	‡ 5:40 pm	‡ 9:05 am
Chicago Special	* 6:30 pm	* 7:45 am
Chicago Limited	* 8:15 pm	* 6:00 am
Columbus & Cincinnati	* 8:15 pm	* 5:55 am
Indianapolis & St. Louis	* 8:15 pm	* 3:20 pm
Indian'lis, Louis. & St. L.	* 8:15 pm	* 6:20 am
Toledo & Detroit	* 9:30 pm	* 5:00 am
Beaver Falls & N. Castle	†10:15 pm	† 8:30 pm
Alliance & Cleveland	*11:00 pm	* 5:40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., †6:00 am, ‡7:30 am, †9:00 am, †9:45 am, †1:40 pm, †3:10 pm, †4:10 pm, †5:15 pm, ‡5:30 pm, †6:30 pm, †10:30 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, †6:45 am, *8:20 am, †11:50 am, †2:25 pm, *6:15 pm.

Leave for Steubenville, *5:40 am, †8:25 am, †2:35 pm, †4:15 pm, †10:55 pm, ‡11:35 am.

Leave for Dennison, *5:40 am, †2:35 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, †3:35 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

Time tables, tickets and sleeping car space may be obtained at 360 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street; at Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Pass'r Agt.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

(Eastern Standard Time.)
Leave Station, Smithfield, and Water Streets.

LINES EAST.	Depart	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom.	* [illegible] am	* 9:15 pm
Connellsville & Mt. Pleas.	* 6:30 am	† 2:45 pm
Wash., Balt. & New York	* 8:00 am	* 7:50 pm
Connelsv., Un'tn & Fairm't	* 8:00 am	* 7:50 pm
Connellsville & Mt. Pleas.	† 5:00 pm	†10:00 am
Connellsville Accom.		† 5:05 pm
Connelsv., Un'tn., Morgn'n	†12:20 pm	†10:00 am
Connellsville & Mt. Pleas.	†12:20 pm	† 2:45 pm
Cumb., Wash. & Balt.	* 1:20 pm	* 2:45 pm
Connellsville Accom.	* 4:00 pm	† 5:05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg and Weston	† 5:00 pm	†12:50 pm
Philadelphia and New York (Duquesne Limited)	* 6:20 pm	* 9:15 am
Wash., Balt. and Phila.	* 9:00 pm	* 6:30 am
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 7:05 am	*10:05 am
Col., Cin. and St. L. Ex.	* [illegible] am	* 7:45 am
Whg. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wash. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Col., [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Whg. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wash. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Col., [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleve. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New C[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ellwood [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ellwood [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ellwood [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Daily. [illegible]

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

[illegible]

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Young[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buffalo [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
L. Ch[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buffalo [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Clevel[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buffalo [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleve. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New C[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fayette [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McKe[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fayette [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fayette [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Tra[illegible] *8:25 [illegible] p. m. [illegible] P. [illegible] and B[illegible]

*Da[illegible] †No[illegible]

Young[illegible] City[illegible]

J. B. [illegible]

Pittsburgh, Pa.

PERATORS SAY FURNACE STRIKE IS NOW BROKEN

ccording to Their Statement Ten of the Plants Are in Operation.

MEN SEEM CONFIDENT

Labor Leaders Last Night Declared Many More Furnaces Will Be Idle Unless Concessions Are Made—Attack Yet to Come in This District.

Blast furnace operators of the Shenango and Mahoning valleys were confident last night that they had the strike of the blast furnace workers practically defeated 12 hours after it started. Ten of the 30 furnaces of the valleys were operating with the night shifts starting at 6 o'clock yesterday evening. Operators declared that the strike had taken a far less proportion than had been anticipated and that where the old men are not ready to go back to work there are new ones to take their places.

No effort was made to extend the strike to the Pittsburgh district because, the strike leaders say, that in some instances the superintendents at furnaces asked for more time and arranged for conferences with the men for this week and in other cases the organization was not ready to start at this time. It seems that the crucial test of the strike effort was to be made in the Shenango and Mahoning valleys.

Ten Furnaces Operating.

Reports received yesterday evening from owners of the stacks in the two valleys showed that four of the blast furnaces of the National Steel Company at Youngstown, O., and three at New Castle of the same company, were operating; one of the Sharon Steel Company at Sharon, Pa., and two of W. F. Snyder & Co. at Sharpsville, Pa. Twenty furnaces in these two valleys were banked.

The strike leaders asserted yesterday evening that most of the valley furnaces were closed. They said that the night shifts had started to bank many of the fires Saturday midnight and that the shift, usually starting at 6 o'clock in the morning, did not work. At Sharpsville and other points the night shifts of men were protected last night by sheriffs and deputies and the operators have determined to defeat the strike in a short time, giving all possible protection to the men working.

Claims of the Strike Leaders.

National Organizer Thomas H. Flynn of the American Federation of Labor, who organized the National Association of Blast Furnace and Smelter Workers, taking in most of the workers at the stacks in the two valleys and many in the Pittsburgh district, said yesterday that the number of strikers will be doubled in a week unless concessions are made by the furnace owners. He said a strike of the men at the Woods Run furnaces was put off till after a conference this morning at 9 o'clock; that no strike move will be made before a week at the Neville Island furnace of the American Steel & Wire Company, the management asking for more time to consider the matter. He said: "If the operators of the valleys had accepted an invitation for a conference at Youngstown on Saturday the strike might have been delayed and ultimately settled.

"We will be ready for action at most of the furnaces of the Carnegie Steel Company in a short time. The men at the furnaces in Buffalo, N. Y., will continue to work, as they were granted wage advances which make their present rates 40 per cent higher than most of the men on strike."

The strike demand of the men is for the establishment of an eight-hour day at the wages now paid for 12 hours. The operators say such a readjustment of the present blast furnace system is hardly practical. It would increase the labor cost 50 per cent and would break up the present time system in making casts of the pig. In many of the modern furnaces where there is so little labor by reason of the modern automatic hoisting and filling and the casting systems, a strike can hardly last six hours. It would only be necessary to supply a few laborers.

Situation at Youngstown.

A special dispatch to The Gazette from Youngstown, O., last night says: "The furnace workers' strike affects all of the Republic Iron and Steel Company furnaces in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys. Not one of the United States Steel Corporation furnaces has closed, although President James McMahon of the workers' union claims that three Youngstown stacks of the corporation will close within a day or two.

"An informal meeting of the independent operators was held here this afternoon. Nothing was done looking toward a settlement. A. W. Thompson, president of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, said: 'This is an unfair strike, the men forcing the independent furnaces and my company into a position where, if we grant the demands, we would be paying 50 per cent more for producing iron than would the United States Steel Corporation.'

"The Ohio Iron and Steel Company at Lowellville, O., which has its stack in process of reconstruction, is reported to have made the men an offer of 15 cents a day increase if they would go back to work and that the men refused. President McMahon announced that the union expects to have the furnaces of the steel corporation out within a few days."

MEETING OF ZIONISTS.

Report of Local Delegate to Boston Convention Read Last Night.

A Zionist mass meeting was held last night in the Tree of Life synagogue, Fourth avenue and Ross street. M. Nieman, who represented the Tiphereth Zion society and the Daughters of Zion society at the fifth annual convention of Zionists in Boston, May 16 and 17, made his report.

Mr. Nieman spoke of the Jewish national fund and the Jewish colonial fund for which money is being subscribed among the Hebrews throughout the country and mother posts of the world, the latter fund being intended to rehabilitate Jerusalem and establish a colony there. Rabbi M. Fried also made an address last night.

FOR INDIAN GAME.

Wash.-Jeff. Students Raising Money to Pay Carlisle's Guarantee.

WASHINGTON, PA., June 1.—(Special.)—Manager Stevenson of the W. and J. baseball team has arranged a game with the Mt. Union college team for next Saturday. A game had originally been scheduled with Geneva college for this date, but the latter canceled. The players of W. and J. are jubilant as a result of the games with Waynesburg college on Friday and much better playing is looked for from now until the end of the season. It is probable that the game with the Carlisle Indians will be played, as the students are raising a fund to pay the guarantee promised the Indians to play in Washington.

FATAL DRINK WAS LONG IN ACTING

JOHN KURTZ DRANK PINT OF WOOD ALCOHOL IN VERSAILLES.

Did Not Die Until Eighteen Hours Afterward, When He Had Apparently Recovered from Evil Effects and Been Released from Police Station.

Drink-crazed as the result of a long carouse and fairly frantic for further stimulant, John Kurtz entered the carpenter shop of the Keystone foundry at Versailles and drained a pint bottle of wood alcohol on Saturday afternoon. It was a fatal mistake. He was found dead at 11 o'clock yesterday morning back of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad passenger depot in McKeesport. The remains were removed to Volk's undertaking establishment to be prepared for burial.

The peculiarity of the case is the length of time that elapsed between the drinking of the wood alcohol and the victim's death, a period of nearly 18 hours. Kurtz had spent Saturday night at the Central police station in McKeesport, and was released about 6 o'clock yesterday morning, as is the custom with persons who have been given a night's lodging. There was apparently nothing the matter with him. When the body was seen in the court back of the P. & L. E. depot it was merely supposed to be that of a belated inebriate, but an examination proved that he was dead.

Kurtz was found Saturday evening about 6 o'clock lying in the carpenter shop of the foundry. The discovery was made by the watchman. Kurtz appeared to be unconscious, but he was readily revived by a vigorous shake. The wood alcohol bottle was beside him, and when asked if he had drunk any of it he nodded assent. The watchman put him aboard a street car and took him to McKeesport. He complained of severe pains in the abdomen, but it was not thought necessary to send him to the hospital.

Desk Sergeant Hiram Hill asked him if he wanted a doctor, but he shook his head. He was placed in a cell for the night. He seemed to rest well all night and was discharged in the morning.

Kurtz was a stove fitter by trade, having made his start in the iron business at the Brown mill, Pittsburgh. He was 42 years old and was born at Kittanning. His grandfather was a pioneer in the iron business in Western Pennsylvania. Kurtz was married at Sharpsburg 12 years ago. He is survived by his wife and several small children, who reside in Tenth avenue, Homestead. A brother, George W. Kurtz, lives at New Castle, Pa., and a sister, Mrs. J. C. Reed, in the New Brighton road, Allegheny.

TWO BISHOPS ARE BUSY AT WILMERDING

Heads of Roman Catholic and Protestant Episcopal Dioceses Both Confirm Many People.

To two denominations in Wilmerding yesterday was the most important from a religious view-point, in their history. The bishops of the Roman Catholic and Protestant Episcopal churches of the Pittsburgh diocese both confirmed large classes according to the beautiful ritualistic ceremonies of their faiths and immense congregations were present to witness the services. It was the first time, too, in the history of any of the big towns in the Monongahela or Turtle Creek valleys, that two bishops have made a visit to the same place at the same time.

In the morning at 11 o'clock the Rt. Rev. Cortlandt Whitehead, bishop of the Pittsburgh diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, confirmed a class of 22 adults and children at the hall of the Wilmerding mission of the Protestant Episcopal church. Bishop Whitehead was assisted by several clergymen from the towns of McKeesport, Homestead and Turtle Creek and from Pittsburgh. The date of the confirmation service had been previously arranged for Sunday, June 15, two weeks hence, but a week ago Bishop Whitehead decided to hold the service yesterday, as he made a decision suddenly to attend the coronation of King Edward VII. and will sail tomorrow for Southampton.

Bishop Richard Phelan of the Roman Catholic church, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, confirmed a class of 95 persons in St. Aloysius Roman Catholic church, Wilmerding, of which the Rev. Father M. H. Ward is pastor. There were some 60 children and about 35 adults, the latter being from the Wilmerding parish and also from the missions at Pitcairn and Walls boroughs. The church was crowded, many members of other congregations being present. An excellent sermon to those confirmed was delivered by the Rev. Father Lawrence O'Connell of St. Paul's cathedral, Pittsburgh.

OUTINGS PROMISED.

Charitable Women Will Open Their Home at Oakmont Next Week.

Beginning next week, the charitable women having in charge the sending of tired mothers and growing children to the country for two weeks' outings under the auspices of the Fresh Air Fund of the Pittsburgh Association for the Improvement of the Poor, expect to open their home at Oakmont.

This season many more will enjoy these outings than ever before, as the treasury of the fund is in better shape than usual. The proceeds of the concert given last Thursday evening, at Carnegie Music hall, will swell the fund greatly, it having been well patronized as well as well managed. A number of tickets have not yet been accounted for, but it is thought that in a few days all will be cleared up and that the result will be as surprising as it is certain to be pleasing to the women who have the work of disbursing the Fresh Air fund in hand.

ASK UNIFORM TREATMENT.

Jewish Citizens Want Government to Interfere in Russia.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A second public meeting, under the auspices of the Israelite Alliance of America, in furtherance of the agitation to safeguard the rights of American citizens in Russia, was held today.

Resolutions previously adopted were amended and indorsed. The original resolutions called upon the United States government "to insist that the Russian government to fulfill the obligations of Article I. of the treaty of 1832." This was stricken out and a clause put in calling upon the federal government to take steps to secure for American citizens uniform treatment and protection, irrespective of race or creed.

Hair Falling?

Don't tell your friends of it. They would think it so strange. You see, they know Ayer's Hair Vigor checks falling of the hair, restores color to gray hair, and makes the hair grow. Then why don't you use it?

"A few years ago my hair got very dry and I could pull it right out by the handful. After using a few bottles of Ayer's Hair Vigor I got relief. My hair stopped falling and I received a new head of hair."—Mrs. G. Harrer, Milwaukee, Wis.

$1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

LOCAL NEWS OF ALL PITTSBURGH

Three Cities, Forty-Five Boroughs and Twenty-Six Townships. Population, 726,064.

Fifth in Volume of Bank Clearings. Fourth in Rank Among Cities. Area, Sq. Miles, 316.22.

Crushed Between Cars—W. H. Randall, a brakeman on the P. & L. E. railroad, was caught between two cars at Glassport last night and severely crushed. He was taken to his home in Island avenue, McKees Rocks.

Fire in Thomas Street—An alarm was sent in from Box 41, Allegheny, at 1:20 p. m. yesterday for the burning of a small frame dwelling in Thomas street occupied by James Parker. The fire started from a defective flue and the loss was about $100.

Fire in Lumber Yard—At about 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon fire broke out in the lumber yards of Vaught, Philips & Co. at Bridge and Main streets, Sharpsburg. The fire companies of both Etna and Sharpsburg answered the call and soon had the flames out. The damage was $50.

Provisions for Sunday Stolen—Mrs. Dora Schweckendieck of No. 205 St. Clair street, East End, yesterday notified the police at No. 6 police station that about 5:30 a. m. some person or persons unknown had entered the cellar of her house and had stolen all the provisions provided for the Sunday meals.

Boy's Injuries Fatal—Lawrence Story, aged 13 years, of Smithton, Pa., died at 6:30 yesterday afternoon in the McKeesport hospital from injuries received at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. He was riding on a Baltimore & Ohio freight train when, above McKeesport, he fell and had both legs cut off.

Struck by Shifting Engine—Michael Turkar, aged 25 years, of No. 187 Cass avenue, is at the Allegheny General hospital with his left side and hip seriously injured by being struck at Verner station about 9 o'clock yesterday morning by a shifter on the Fort Wayne road. He was crossing the track when the accident occurred.

Broke Up a Crap Game—A crap game under the Sixth street bridge was broken up by Officers Fred Trautvetter and John Jacoby yesterday. William Hoyt, James Welden, John Clark, William Pearson, Caldon Dillard, David Morris and Frank Clark were arrested and locked up in Allegheny Central station on a charge of gambling. Ten others engaged in the game escaped.

Report of Withdrawal Denied—Master Workman John Fernau of the Pittsburgh district assembly of the Knights of Labor, declared yesterday that the report that the West End traction assembly has withdrawn affiliation is untrue. Mr. Fernau said that he was at the last meeting of the traction assembly and no such action was taken. Another meeting is scheduled for Thursday morning.

A Mission Anniversary—The first anniversary of the McKees Rocks mission was celebrated yesterday with an all day service. Beginning at 6:30 a. m., a meeting was held every hour until 10 p. m. The services were conducted by the Rev. G. W. Terbush of the West End Methodist Episcopal church. This mission is undenominational, being supported by the P. & L. E. railroad company.

Gun Shown at Wrong Time—J. G. McKaig, aged 34 years, a married man residing at Frankstown avenue and Cole street, East End, was arrested at Penn and Fifth avenues yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock by Officer George McNally and was locked up in No. 6 police station upon a charge of carrying concealed weapons. He was displaying a new revolver to a friend when the officer came upon him and the arrest followed. McKaig claims that he bought the gun for self-protection at his home.

Choral Club Organized—A new departure was made in the work of the Catholic Total Abstinence union of the diocese of Pittsburgh at a meeting yesterday in St. Brigid's church. There are a great many singers enrolled in the societies and there has been a sentiment in favor of getting them together to aid in the work. It was decided to organize under the name of St. Brigid's Temperance Choral club. The choir of St. Brigid's church joined in a body and other members came from all over the city. Thomas F. Kirk, Sr., was elected musical director and steps were taken to make the club one of the strongest musical organizations in the city. It will make its initial appearance in New Castle on June 10, at the annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence union.

The paroxysms of Whooping Cough are at once relieved by Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, and if this medicine is continued, it almost invariably effects a cure.

Boston Ladies' Symphony band at Kennywood, afternoon and evening. Free.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BEECHAM'S PILLS
For Bilious and Nervous Disorders
Are Without a Rival.
ANNUAL SALES OVER 6,000,000 BOXES.
10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

J. B. MURDOCH & CO.
Successors to A. M. & J. B. Murdoch.
TEL. 402. FLORAL EMBLEMS, 510 Smithfield St.

DEATHS.

BOYD—On Saturday, May 31, 1902, at Cottage State hospital, Mercer, Pa., MRS. SADIE M. BOYD, wife of George N. Boyd, and daughter of Amos Eisaman of Greensburg, Pa., in her 35th year.

Funeral from her late residence, Albion, Pa., on Tuesday, June 3. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

DIXON—On Sunday, June 1, 1902, at 3 a. m., CATHERINE MAGEE, widow of C. G. Dixon, aged 52 years.

Funeral from the family home, 800 Sherman avenue, Allegheny, on Tuesday morning at 9:45 o'clock. Solemn requiem mass at St. Peter's Roman Catholic church at 10. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

FORSYTHE—On Sabbath, June 1, 1902, at 7:40 a. m., at his residence, Moon township, Allegheny county, Pa., L. K. FORSYTHE, in his 64th year.

Funeral services at Presbyterian church, Coraopolis, Pa., on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HAYDEN—On Saturday, May 31, 1902, at 10:30 p. m., MRS. NETTIE HAYDEN, beloved wife of D. C. Hayden and daughter of Harvey and Rachel M. Montooth, at the residence of her parents, 1331 Bluff street, city, aged 27 years.

Funeral services on Tuesday, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HEILMAN—At Greenville, Pa., Sunday morning, June 1, 1902, JAMES A. HEILMAN, husband of Anna M. Heilman (nee Schilpp).

Interment at Greenville Tuesday, June 3, at 2 o'clock p. m.

MAY—On Friday evening, May 30, 1902, at 8 o'clock, ELEANOR M. MAY, sister of William A., Thomas J., Sarah J. and Norman M. May.

Funeral services at the family residence, 827 North Linden avenue, East End, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

MAY—On Friday, May 30, 1902, at 10 p. m., JOHN MAY, beloved husband of Elizabeth Montgomery May, in the 69th year of his age.

Funeral services at his late residence, 5202 Second avenue, Hazelwood, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private later, at South Side cemetery.

M'NULTY—On Sunday, June 1, 1902, at 6:30 a. m., at her residence, 317 Collins avenue, East End, ELLEN, widow of Patrick McNulty, aged 82 years.

Funeral services at Sacred Heart church, Center avenue, East End, on Tuesday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

NEWELL—On Sunday, June 1, 1902, at 4:40 p. m., ELIZA T. NEWELL, aged 79 years.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 1111 Sherman avenue, Allegheny, this evening at 8 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private, on Tuesday, at Mt. Hope cemetery.

ROBISON—On Friday, May 30, 1902, at 11:30 a. m., CAPT. ROBERT BRAUFF ROBISON, aged 70 years.

Funeral services at the family residence, "Green Lawn," corner of Hazelwood avenue and Lytle street, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

RHODES—On Sunday, June 1, 1902, at 11:15 a. m., the infant daughter of Charles A. and Mabel F. Rhodes (nee Fife).

Notice of funeral later.

SHANNON—On Saturday, May 31, 1902, at 12:25 p. m., DR. ORLANDO R. SHANNON, in his 58th year.

Funeral services at the family residence, 214 East Lacock street, Allegheny, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment services at Scottsville United Presbyterian church, Tuesday at 12 m.

(Beaver papers please copy.)

WOOD—On Saturday, May 31, 1902, at at 12:30 a. m., Homeopathic hospital, DAVID D., eldest son of Jonathan L. and Ella Davenport Wood, aged 20 years.

Funeral services at his late residence, 218 Warren street, Elliott borough, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Tel. 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

99 1/100 Pure
Banner Baking Powder
Always the Best.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP
Keeps Lady and Baby Sweet as Roses.

Makes the skin soft as velvet, improves any complexion, keeps the skin free from pimples, wrinkles and all facial blemishes. Keep your digestion and blood in good order by using Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. It makes good, rich blood, enables you to eat what you like and all you like. Cures dizziness, constipation and all stomach troubles.

Buy Hats Right.

We couldn't shoe a horse—
Nor make an automobile—
Neither can we tell you who will be the next governor—but when it comes to

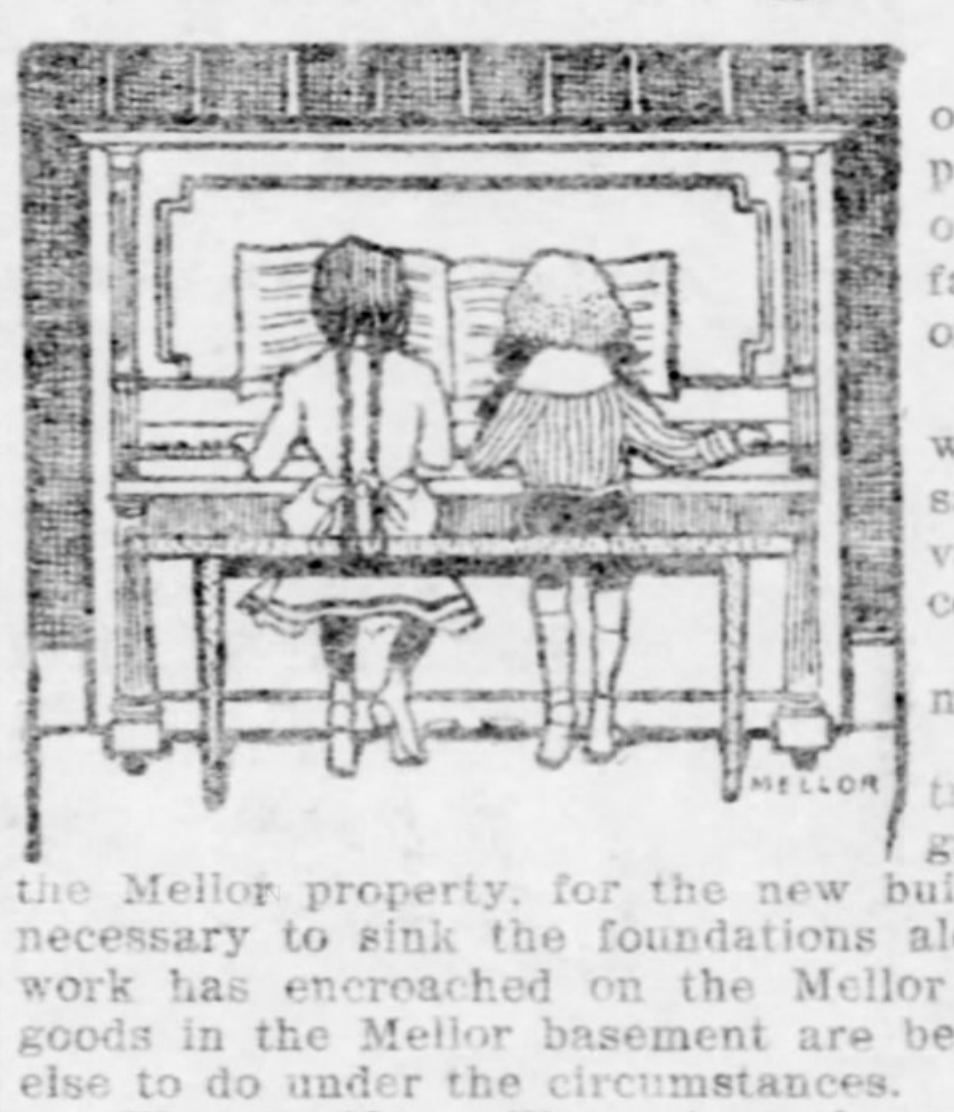
HATS, Men's Hats,

We can tell you all about them—that's our business—You may want a few pointers as to what's what for Hot Weather Wear—We can tell you and we have the Hats—and what's more—the styles and prices are just right—Snappiest Straw Hats in town—

McCORD & CO. 509 Wood St.

POCKET PHOTOGRAPHY.
The Film goes in the Kodak—The Kodak goes in your pocket and you go on your journey ready for business—
W. S. BELL & CO., Kodak Headquarters 428 Wood St.

Mellor's Piano Sale
A Rare Bargain Opportunity



This promises to be the busiest week of the Mellor sale of pianos at sacrifice prices, and if you wish to take advantage of the very low prices prevailing do not fail to visit this popular music house at once.

It is hardly necessary to say that there will be no such opportunities after this sale ends, and that the prices now prevailing are the result of conditions which could not be avoided.

And these conditions are becoming more pronounced every day.

Since the work on the foundations of the Farmers Deposit National bank began there has been a steady move toward the Mellor property, for the new building will adjoin, and, of course, it is necessary to sink the foundations alongside to a considerable depth. The work has encroached on the Mellor property to such an extent that the goods in the Mellor basement are being sacrificed because there is nothing else to do under the circumstances.

The sacrifice will go right along till all these goods are disposed of.

Call today or tomorrow for the greatest piano bargains you ever heard of—come for the most remarkable bargains in small goods—such as Music Boxes, Guitars, etc. (See appended list.)

One Used Steinway, Small Grand, Style "A," Ebony
One Used Steinway, Small Grand, Style "A," Mahogany
One Mason & Hamlin, Small Grand, Mahogany
Ten Upright Pianos, rented for a short time
Second-Hand Square Pianos from $25 up
Second-Hand Uprights from $75 up
Shop-Worn Pianos from $135 up
Specimen Pianos from $165 up
Brand New Pianos from $175 up

Used Pianolas, $150, $175 and $200. These have been rented and the cases are marred somewhat, but otherwise they are in good condition—and are remarkable bargains.

Reductions in Guitars, Mandolins
Regina Music Boxes, etc.

MANDOLINS, $4.00, $5.50, $6.50, $8.50, $10.00, $15.00 and up to $50, at one-third off regular prices.
METRONOMES, with bell, $3.00.
METRONOMES, without bell, $2.00.
GUITARS, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.50, $8.50, $10.00 and up to $50.00, at one-third off regular prices.
BANJOS, $3.00, $5.00, $8.00, $10.00 and up, one-third off regular prices.
NEW REGINA MUSIC BOXES—
$25.00 Boxes, Reduced to $20.00.
$50.00 Boxes, Reduced to $42.00.
$75.00 Boxes, Reduced to $63.00.
60c Regina Tune Sheets, 42c.
VIOLINS, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $8.50, $10.00, $15.00, $20.00, $25.00 and up to $100, at one-third off marked prices.

Mellor's C. C. Mellor Co. Ltd. 319 5th Ave.
Mellor's C. C. Mellor Co. Ltd. 319 5th Ave.

Large stock of Edison Moulded Records (latest numbers) just received—PHONOGRAPH HORNS, RECORD CASES AND CABINETS—and all sundry supplies for Talking Machines.

OFFICE OUTFITTERS.

We have a large stock of Office and Directors' Tables in Golden Oak and Mahogany.

We sell the best line of Office Chairs made and have a large stock in Golden Oak and Mahogany.

We Sell Desks,

The kind that are built for business and at prices you are willing to pay. All guaranteed. The one shown in this cut we will sell for a short time at $17, well worth $20. We have cheaper ones if you want them and all grades up to $275, in Golden Oak and Mahogany.

Baker Office Furniture Co.,
308 WOOD STREET.

B. & B.

june sale white petticoats

begins this morning—means a chance to select from large variety of choice, dainty, new effects such as you'll find far beyond all comparison—and prices will make it every bit as extraordinary as to pocketbook advantage.

Over One Thousand different styles New White Petticoats, 35c to $35.00.

It's known to the benefit of many what a strong feature this store makes of neat and fine White Petticoats—handsome styles—important prices.

This Sale will do more to extend that knowledge than would any amount of advertising space—do it quicker, better—and do it the way we're bound this store shall establish its right to the preference—on merit of the goods and prices.

Feature of the Sale—and it's remarkable—is the four special lots at $1.00, $1.75, $2.50 and $5.00.

Fine White Cambric Petticoats with lace edged and double lace insertioned Lawn ruffle—shaped good and full—

$1.00

Fifteen other different new styles White Petticoats at $1.00.

Three different styles fine All White Cambric Petticoats with pretty embroidery and lace trim'd flounces—fine and finely made,

$1.75

Three different special styles fine White Cambric Petticoats, flounce elaborately trim'd with blind embroidery, tucks, Pointe de Paris and Val. Laces,

$2.50

Twenty other different new styles White Petticoats at $2.50.

Fourth special lot comprises an exclusive line beautifully made fine White Lawn Petticoats with hemstitched tucked flounce trim'd with prettiest kind of colored embroidery—embroidery dust ruffle. Not gorgeous, but elegant and high class,

$5.00

A dozen other different styles White Petticoats at $5.00.

Sale includes, besides all the above, extensive variety new Train Petticoats—a fashion idea we've given particular and rare attention—$4.50 to $22.50.

Colored Wash Petticoats, 50c to $3.00.

So many shrewd folk will realize there's no better day to come than this, when the Sale starts all complete, as will start the occasion with a rush.

wash goods department largely extended

Additional aisle in Dress Goods room, in addition to large amount of room the Wash Goods dept. occupied before—given over for June business in Cottons.

One large section devoted to Fine Oxfords and Madras exclusively.

Over a thousand styles of double fold Cottons—Striped Oxfords and Madras—15c, 20c, 25c to 65c.

Quality and styles right up-to-date—both staples and novel styles that are as nobby as are made.

Special table in this additional aisle for Cottons contains an unusual offering—25-cent Oxford Crepes, 32 inches wide,

15c

—without doubt the greatest offering of 1902 in Cottons—not only as to price, but quality and style.

Special lot double width Imported Linen Madras,

25c

—Colored Stripes—investigate and see whether there isn't money to be saved—and a good deal of it—on every yard of these Linens.

Importation of double-width Colored Striped Linens also at 35c.

Special lot Mercerized Cottons, 28 inches wide,

15c

—neat pretty broken stripes.

Novelties in Mercerized Cottons, 28 to 54 inches wide, 65c TO $1.75—the latter a yard and a half wide—wider than Cottons come except in these exclusive styles.

200 pieces double width Mercerized Cottons,

25c

—Colored Stripes—quality and color combinations unusually attractive.

dressy cottons

One hundred pieces—as many styles—of fine Printed Batistes,

15c

This Cloth is a very superior texture, and the handsomest styles ever American Mills produced—as fine and pretty as foreign goods at twice the money.

Fine Dressy Cottons 15c to $1.50 a yard.

2,000 styles Batistes and Dimities,

10c and 12½c

Surpassing in variety to choose from anything this store ever invited attention to.

in the silk aisle

Four special items that make it clear why we look for such unusual business there.

Lot of Imported iron-frame Striped Black Grenadines—double width—choice styles,

$1.50 yard

—not one piece but what you save Fifty cents a yard on—some a full Dollar a yard saved easily.

Lot of double width Satin Foulards that cost Four Dollars a yard to import—quality superb, patterns good, but colorings not as bright and pretty as the season demands—that's why

$1.25 yard

—a fearful price slash—but when styles are not perfectly choice we say so—fix a price accordingly. These fine double width Foulards, the fine useful quality they are, and the price, will show you a clear track to a remarkable purchase.

Special lot of the popular Pongees in the neatest of small self color figurings, and some with Pink, Green or White spots, 50c a yard.

New Paillet de Soie—unusual showing of five different choice Navy Blues, 85c yard—the proper plain color Silk for shirt waist suits—weight, shade, quality, all pointing straight towards value you'll be well pleased with.

paris voiles, mistrals

and Twine Cloth—fine beautiful goods—colors and black, 50c, 65c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25 to $2.00 A YARD.

Latest All-Wool Black and White Shepherd Checks for skirts, 45 and 54 inches wide, 75c and $1.00 a yard.

let us keep your furs

Splendid facilities for safe storing of Furs—insured against loss—for a moderate percentage.

Special low prices now for Fur Work so to keep the Fur factory running busy—refashioning, refinishing.

Furs left for extensive alterations now will be stored free till wanted.

summer lambrequins

Lot of pretty ones we bought when price was lowest—and going to sell quick the same way.

Tamative Lambrequins—Red, Green, Olive, Pink or Blue—full size and fringed—50c.

Finer, with heavier fringe, 75c.

New colored stripe Snowflake Lambrequins with heavy lattice fringe, $1.00.

mail order business

The growth of this end of the business is as continuous as our local business over the counters in the store daily—this season far exceeding any the store ever had.

Not a state or territory in the Union but what orders come from daily.

It's assortments, quality and price that brings it.

Incidentally, to show how far-reaching this mail order business, we mention two cash orders received Saturday from the far-off islands near Martinique—and others with growing frequency from Alaska, Honolulu, Cuba and even distant India.

Boggs & Buhl, Allegheny

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND—The New Stock Company
Week Beginning Mon., June 2, J. I. C. Clarke's New Play, LADY GODIVA. Written especially for Sarah Truax.
June 9—Farewell Week of the Season.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—TONIGHT, MAT. SAT.
FLOTOW'S MARTHA
Boxes and Seats now selling at Mellor's and Raubitschek's.

GEORGIE'S PAW
Tackles Ping-Pong.
Read About It in
THE SUNDAY GAZETTE.

Emerson Fans

Give more air with less current and are the most desirable made.

Doubleday-Hill Electric Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers Electrical Supplies,
535 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Private Branch Exchange.

It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with MICA Axle Grease
Get a box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle.
Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

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Grant, 1111.
Grant, 1147.
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Reporters' Room.
City Editor.
Society Editor.
Stereotype Room.
Composing Room.
Mailing Room.
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Herald Building, Herald Square.
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WASHINGTON (D. C.)—NEWS BUREAU.
603 Fifteenth Street, N. W.
PHILADELPHIA NEWS BUREAU,
Ledger Building, Sixth and Chestnut Sts.
LONDON, ENGLAND, OFFICE,
Effingham House, No. 1 Arundel St., Strand, W. C.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) OFFICE,
1909-11-13 Atlantic Ave.

The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week in addition to its special telegraph and cable services.

TERMS.

Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents per week.

Sunday Edition 5 cents per copy.

Rates by mail within the United States and Canada outside of the City of Pittsburgh:

Daily Edition at the rate of $3.00 per year.

Sunday Edition $2.50 per year.

Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 50 cents.

Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5.00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the fact to this office.

MONDAY, JUNE 2, 1902.

TWELVE PAGES

Stone's Personal Victory.

The result of the primary election in Tioga county is claimed by Stone as his personal victory, rather than a victory for Elkin, who benefits by it in getting the delegates. If by any chance Elkin should have enough delegates in the Republican state convention to nominate him for governor, Stone will also claim that result as his personal victory, rather than a victory for Elkin. It is Stone's fight in Pennsylvania just as it was Stone's fight in Tioga county. Elkin preferred to remain in the contest as Stone's candidate when he had the opportunity to be the people's candidate. He elected to stay with Stone to pull Stone's chestnuts out of the fire, and unless he has asbestos gloves there is no question whose fingers will be burnt.

It is little wonder that the governor claims the Tioga victory for himself. Tioga is his own county. He was born there and was Tioga's district attorney before coming to Pittsburgh to be United States district attorney for the western district of Pennsylvania. Tioga knew him at his best, and there, if anywhere, he ought to be politically strong. But the closeness of the vote in Tioga is proof that his influence even there is vanishing, as it has faded elsewhere, where Stone has been known more recently and more intimately.

The real significance of the primary election in Tioga is that it shows more clearly than anything that has happened for some time Stone's anxiety in behalf of Elkin. Entirely discredited in the state in his own person, the governor relies on his candidate for governor to rehabilitate him politically and restore his power and influence. In Tioga Stone worked for Elkin openly, in contrast with his secret underground methods in other counties. In other localities pressure has been brought to bear through state depositories and other agencies, and the long-distance telephone has been worked hard. In Tioga the governor worked openly through personal representatives from the departments at Harrisburg, headed by Deputy Attorney General Fleitz. Therefore he claims the hardly-won victory for his own and by the transfer of its fruits to Elkin again sets the seal of approval on the attorney general as his candidate for governor. It was hardly necessary to so mark him, but it is worth noting that it has been done.

A Crisis in the Coal Strike.

Only by the most judicious and wise manipulation of the present status of the strike among the anthracite coal miners can a serious crisis be averted should the order compelling the pumpmen and firemen employed in the mines to go out today be obeyed. So far the position of the miners has been well-nigh impregnable, and their firm stand for what they believe to be right without once being betrayed into violence of either speech or action has won for them much public sympathy. The order, however, by which they hope to compel the pumpmen and firemen to cease work was not in its inception and promulgation a wise move. These men are not miners and their presence and services are valuable as protection to the property that might without it be practically ruined, thus destroying all chance of work for the miners for a long time to come, even should they settle their present difficulties and desire to return to their places.

The mine owners have declared that they naturally will not sit idly by and see their property flooded with water through lack of pumpers nor threatened with destruction by reason of the absence of the men necessary to protect it. They have promptly made arrangements to fill the places of the men who may quit work today with other employes. The only way the miners can prevent this protection of their property by the mine owners will be by force. The position of the miners in this instance is untenable. Their persistence in it will not only lose them public sympathy, but win public opposition. The order calling out these necessary protectors of the mining property was rashly conceived. Should it succeed none would suffer more from it than would the miners themselves.

Peace in South Africa.

It is a matter for general congratulation that terms of peace have been finally agreed on between the representatives of Great Britain and the leaders of the Boer forces. There is little reason to doubt that the terms to the Boers have been liberal, including the return to their farms of those who have been from time to time captured and expatriated to British colonies. All these and the others who now lay down their arms will be, it has been understood, set up in business again by the British government, a proceeding that will be much cheaper than continuing a large army in the field to protect the farms and settlements of South Africa from the predatory bands that the Boer commandoes had degenerated into. There will be much interest in the measure of political rights that has been accorded to the burghers. It is discussion of these that has protracted the peace preliminaries. It is not likely, however, that large political concessions other than ultimate equality with other citizens of the British empire have been granted. It was larger concessions by Gladstone that paved the way for the long struggle that now ends and British statesmen would be foolish to repeat the mistake. They have the lesson of experience to steer them away from the rock.

The establishment of peace will have a good effect on British finance and have a stimulating effect on general commerce.

The Western University.

It is the ambition of the trustees of the Western University of Pennsylvania to make the institution expand in proportion to the growth of the city and to establish a helpful connection between it and the technological school founded by Mr. Carnegie. At a meeting today the trustees will consider plans to remove the institution to the Bellefield district, where it may be grouped with the technological school and the greater Carnegie institute. There is also in the minds of the trustees a wish to increase the endowment of the university from $500,000 to $1,500,000. The whole progressive scheme is worthy of aid and support from the citizens of Pittsburgh. It ought to be a matter of local pride to establish the Western university on an equality with similar institutions elsewhere and to make it all that Chancellor Brashear and the trustees hope to see it. The people of Pittsburgh should take an active interest in the matter.

Discipline and the Yellow Book.

Rules of discipline for the police force of the city of Pittsburgh are a good thing in themselves and are also understood to be a great moral aid to the yellow book. The yellow book contains a record of what the police officer ought to do for the organization in a financial way, and the discipline informs him how he ought to demean himself toward his superiors. Under the city charter nothing can be done to him for disregarding the record of his financial standing in the yellow book, but the discipline of the service requires him to treat his superiors with the respect and deference that is due their rank. Among other things he must salute them on sight. Twenty-two officers are reported to be "on the book" for failure to salute. The connection between the yellow book and the book on which they are so recorded is one of those things that may be felt, perhaps, rather than seen, but councilmanic investigators should endeavor nevertheless to look it up. It is said that dignitaries of the police department in plain clothes have developed a habit of driving about after dark, when it is difficult to distinguish them from private citizens, for the purpose of not being saluted by officers whose title cannot be read clear between the yellow book's leaves. If so it may be regarded as a yellow trick. If officers who haven't subscribed to the yellow demand want to be on the safe side notwithstanding, there seems to be nothing left for them to do but salute everything that comes their way, or run it in on suspicion. It may be too late for the 22, unless publicity helps them out against the efforts of the modern imitators of the great Haroun. But rules of discipline, it would appear, have uses that are not ordinarily suspected.

A Pro-American Filipino.

The Filipino named Buencamino, who made a patriotic speech at Mount Vernon on Memorial Day, was Aguinaldo's secretary of state when that chieftain could afford the luxury of a cabinet. Buencamino has become convinced that the Americans are determined to hold the Philippine islands, and he is also satisfied that this possession means good and not evil for his fellow-countrymen. He has become conspicuous in the Federal party, a political organization that takes the word of the American government and believes in the integrity of its promise to give the Philippine islands as large a measure of self-government as the people are fit to undertake, and to bestow this self-government upon them just as rapidly as they prove themselves able to bear the responsibility. Senor Buencamino has talked with President Roosevelt and has become convinced that it is the duty of Filipinos to give loyal and sincere assistance to the government of the United States in the difficult work of regenerating his country. He announces his approval of the admirable work now being done in the Philippine islands by the civil government, and he declares that the army has conducted itself in a way to elicit praise from all right-thinking Filipinos.

This is a view diametrically opposed to that taken by the aunties who criticise the civil government and malign the army, but there is excellent reason for believing that Senor Buencamino is quite accurately informed upon the topics he discusses.

Treating All Alike.

A considerate amendment to the West Point appropriation bill has been inserted by the senate committee on military affairs. It provides for the payment of traveling expenses of candidates for admission to the military academy while proceeding from their homes to West Point. Heretofore it has been necessary for would-be cadets to bear this expense themselves. This custom places the young men who live at a distance from the academy at a serious disadvantage compared with those who live in the eastern part of the country. No doubt the expense of journeying from remote states has deterred many sons of poor parents from seeking military service, for it must be remembered that an appointment by a congressman is by no means equivalent to admission. The entrance examinations, which must be taken on the ground, are pretty stiff in their nature, and a large proportion of appointees are disappointees before the examiners have finished with them. The boys who fail to pass receive nothing from the government. They must bear the monetary loss as well as endure the disappointment. The senate committee proposes a rectification of the present conditions, not so much for the purpose of helping young men who are willing to be educated for army officers at the public cost, as to put candidates from all parts of the country on the same footing in the matter of expense.

The announcement that ex-President Cleveland will deliver an address at the opening of the new Tilden clubhouse in New York will be a matter of interest to a great many people and may mean another change in the already varied fortunes of the national democracy. Mr. Cleveland has studiously avoided making anything like a political speech since his last retirement from the White House and as on this occasion he is to speak in the presence of both D. B. Hill and W. J. Bryan the wiseacres are declaring that something is about to happen.

Now that Greene and Gaynor, the Canadian refugees, have expressed a willingness to return and give themselves up, perhaps Pat Crewe might be induced to follow their example.

Philadelphia's municipal scandals should be put under a process of fumigation. Philadelphia is used to it, but the rest of the world will need all its nerve in fighting off the effects of the heat.

The Washington newspapers have finally given up trying to convince the rest of the country that that city has a baseball team.

The South African situation seems to be about ripe for another Rudyarding from Mr. Kipling.

Tom L. Johnson will find the Moses department of the Democratic party in a bad state of repair.

When James Russell Lowell spoke of the "rare June days" the weather man had not been invented.

Those St. Louis boodle aldermen are said to have taken everything around the city hall that was not nailed down.

That Evanston, Ill., grain speculator who has cleared a million by cornering the oats market evidently knows his oats.

St. Louis wants both national conventions in 1904. St. Louis is evidently determined to break into the Chicago class.

Governor Stone's runabout is of the rubber tired variety.

The idiot who rocks the boat is already beginning to get in some of his fine work.

CROKER'S OLD CLUB IN DANGER OF EXTINCTION

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square.
NEW YORK, June 1.

The talk of the town is the decadence of the Democratic club. This institution, regarded for the last four or five years as the real home of Tammany, is said now to be decaying so fast that there will be nothing left soon, unless some way of reviving it is discovered. The public have lost sight of the club of late. Any organization, house or party which does not keep itself constantly in the eye of the public here is sure to pass out of recollection in the course of a few weeks. So it has been with the Democratic club. When Richard Croker—who used to live at the clubhouse—departed for England, soon after the dreadful smash on election day, attendance fell off from the Democratic club. It improved a little under Lewis Nixon's fostering care, in spite of the fact that Nixon always made his headquarters at the Fourteenth street wigwam; but when Nixon said he could no longer be leader of Tammany Hall and retain his self-respect, there was another slump in the club's affairs. Members dropped out by the easy process of neglecting to pay their dues, and there was so little business at the Democratic club that the bar receipts did not pay for the gas. Indications are that the club will pass out of existence unless Croker or someone as influential takes a hand for its salvation. A lot of "heelers" were "induced" to join the club about the time that Tammany put Robert Van Wyck into the mayor's chair, with the resultant pickings for the faithful in every municipal department. Some of these fellows were inclined to rebel, but a word from the right quarter overcame their scruples against evening clothes and silk hats, and they did as they were told. Many of them could not afford the club dues, or thought they could not. If they were considered worth it, some kind friend "higher up" paid the money for them. The others were allowed to let their dues run. Now, all the back obligations must be discharged or the club will fail. Doubtless, it remains with the sage of Wantage to say whether the club shall go out of existence or not.

Jerome Attacks Mayor Low.

Jerome, the district attorney, has again shown that he is a fighter for the love of strife. If he cannot exchange blows with the enemy, why, he will belabor his friends. That is the opinion of the hotel gossips since the publication of his speech to the Harvard Political club, in which he scored Mayor Low and all his administration for their lukewarm attack upon the abuses in this city for which Tammany is popularly held responsible. Jerome does not visit Mayor Low very much, anyhow. He will be less than ever about city hall now.

Popular Wrath Against Automobiles.

While the automobile disaster on Staten island yesterday does not appear to have been caused by the negligence of the driver it is particularly unfortunate, aside from the loss of human life. It is impossible to ignore the fact that there is a rapidly-growing popular feeling here against the automobile. Several fatal accidents have taken place within the last few months and many of the newspapers boil over every day with indignant letters from people who condemn the use of horseless carriages in the city and suburbs, except under restrictions that would take all the spice out of the sport. This horror at Staten island has caused still more indignation, and the Automobile club of America, an organization which has had its full share of perplexities of late, writhes under an added burden of denunciation.

From Chaos to Palatial Order.

As one walks along Thirty-fourth street, just west of Broadway, he can see what a remarkable change will be worked in that thoroughfare when the new department store, which runs down the street from Broadway more than half the block, is completed. It is a magnificent-appearing edifice, even now. The white marble and stone which faces the street has a palatial aspect and as it is more than half up, one can enjoy a fair idea of what the finished structure will be like. On the next block below, on Broadway, the other large mercantile building is a long way toward completion. Conditions in Herald square have been chaotic for a year, but it looks now as if the rubbish might be cleared away before many months have passed.

Worth at Least a Nickel.

New York has another 5-cent Sunday newspaper today. The Times, which has been selling its Sunday edition at 3 cents a copy for the last few years, has decided that people are willing to pay the even nickel for a Sunday paper that is worth the money, and, perhaps, finds they are disposed to look askance at a journal which asks less than 5 cents for itself on Sunday. The Times has been giving a good paper for 3 cents, but it promises to give a much better one for 5. Its first 5-cent issue, under the new arrangement, is said to have had an enormous sale.

Duss' Battle of Manila Scores.

John S. Duss' cannonading composition, "The Battle of Manila," is one of the most popular numbers in his repertoire at St. Nicholas garden. He has been obliged to include it in his program every evening. Duss began his second week in New York tonight with a tremendous audience.

Theatrical Debt to Pittsburgh.

It seems that Pittsburgh is to be thanked for the coming production at the Garrick theater in this city of "Frou Frou," with Grace George as the frivolous Gilberte. According to W. A. Brady, Miss George "startled the Pittsburgh critics by her display of emotional power." So she will open at the Garrick on Thursday evening for four performances. Viola Allen will occupy the theater for the first three days of the week with her production of "The Hunchback," she doing Julia, of course. Another theatrical opening tomorrow evening will be at the Casino, where "A Chinese Honeymoon" will be seen in this city for the first time. The piece has been running in London for more than a year and is said to have made a hit in Philadelphia, where it closed last night.

Plenty of Theaters Still Open.

Six New York theaters closed for the season last evening. They were the Empire, Criterion, Bijou, Fourteenth Street, Broadway and New Savoy. Even with these and other houses dark, there are more than a score of places of amusement in full swing in New York, and several of them will remain open all summer. The people of New York demand indoor entertainment at all seasons.

Special Ambassador Reid Sails.

The Cunard liner Umbria sailed for Liverpool yesterday with these Pittsburghers among the passengers: R. Johnston, Mrs. C. S. Laird, J. T. Miller and Miss Catharine Smith. Among their distinguished fellow passengers is the Hon. Whitelaw Reid, special ambassador from the United States to the coronation of King Edward VII. Mrs. Reid and Miss Reid accompany the ambassador.

An Eventful May.

Now that May has gone, one of the evening papers last night published a record of the big events in that month in America and elsewhere. It recalls that in the month Archbishop Corrigan and Admiral Sampson died; the eruption of Mont Pelee occurred, with a death list of 40,000 people; Alfonso became king of Spain; the republic of Cuba came into existence under its own government; the first announcement of definite peace prospects in South Africa was made; the Rochambeau statue was unveiled. Other important happenings may be credited to May, 1902, but these here recorded are about the biggest.

Streets Full of Churchgoers.

Although some of the most distinguished pastors in New York have gone on their annual vacations to Europe, including Dr. Parkhurst, the churches were packed to the doors both morning and evening. The weather was inviting and the church parade in Fifth avenue in the morning was one of the largest of the year. It is doubtful whether there was as big a procession on Easter morning. For one thing the conditions today were more agreeable than on that decidedly chilly Easter in March.

No Funeral Yet for Russell Sage.

"Uncle Russell" is not to be killed, either by friends or enemies—just yet. Down in Wall street his associates insisted that he must be at the point of death because he had not been to his office for several days. His physician said that Mr. Sage had a severe cold, but that it was not dangerous. The rumors that the patient was in a bad way physically grew, and it seemed as if preparations for his funeral would soon begin unless assurances were given that the Nestor of the street was not in a dangerous condition. Well, we all know Russell Sage. He went driving in Central park with Mrs. Sage yesterday and said that he felt so much better he expected to be at his office tomorrow. Reports from his house today were that Mr. Sage was in his usual health, to all intents and purposes, and was pretty sure to be in Wall street tomorrow.

Steel Piers in Place of Wood.

As seen from the river, the new steel piers of the North German Lloyd in Hoboken are nearly completed. They are much larger than the old wooden structures which were burned in so tragic a manner nearly three years ago, and look as if a repetition of such a disaster would be absolutely impossible. So far as that goes it is the general feeling that such a horror never could happen in New York harbor again.

Good Prospects for Oyster Festivals.

Evidently we are not to run short of oysters, if the men who give their time and energy to keeping up the supply have ordinary luck. An oyster man down in Fulton market yesterday said, with the air of a man who knew what he was talking about: "See here, the rush of the oyster planting season is over, and the amount of oysters planted by Jacob Ockers and the Westerbike Brothers at Oakdale is about 300,000 bushels, and the Vanderberg Brothers, Rudolph and Van Wyen at West Saville have planted, all told, upward of 100,000 bushels." All this looks hopeful for oyster festivals next winter, to say nothing of private consumption and the Fulton street fish dealer shrugged his shoulders as he conceded: "Yes, pretty well."

Coming Navy Yard Vacancies.

There were rumors in and about the Brooklyn navy yard today of two retirements from the service of prominent officials. One was that Capt. Clifford H. West will shortly retire from the navy because of physical inability. Capt. West has been ill for several months, although he has continued in active service as senior aid to Rear Admiral Barker, commandant of the navy yard. It was said today that a report has been sent to the naval bureau on his physical condition and that he will be ordered to proceed to Washington very soon for a physical examination. The other retirement spoken of was that of Rear Admiral John C. Watson, who has been in Uncle Sam's navy no less than 51 years. The navy yard is as full of gossip as a Dorcas society meeting, but it seems that the reports of these retirements are authentic.

Amusement While on Voyages.

On the Cunarder Lucania, which arrived at New York yesterday, there was a ping-pong tournament on the voyage. Forty passengers took part in the tournament, which lasted three days. The finals were won by Rupert G. Urmar. The Lucania is the third ship of the Cunard line to have the game introduced aboard. She had a delightful run across, with beautiful weather throughout, and the passengers took advantage of the opportunity to get up entertainment.

Architect Lord's Serious Illness.

It is said that James Brown Lord is recovering very slowly from an operation which was performed on March 27. He has since been hovering between life and death, and during the last week is said to have been losing ground. He is one of the best-known architects in the United States, and has many friends in Pittsburgh.

GEORGE C. JENKS.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

WALDORF-ASTORIA.

C. H. Ginther.
W. A. McCutcheon.
Miss J. M. Snee.
A. L. George.
F. A. Estep.

FIFTH AVENUE.

William McConway.
Mrs. Wm. McConway.

ALBEMARLE.

John M. Kennedy.
George B. Kennedy.
Miss Narcisse Kennedy.

HOFFMAN.

C. H. Patterson.
Mrs. W. T. Carter.
Mrs. C. H. Patterson.
David Roney.

VICTORIA.

F. C. Besch.

STURTEVANT.

Dr. J. J. Boyle.
John S. Calvert.
John J. Shaw.

HOLLAND.

W. McC. Grafton.
Mrs. T. D. Carnahan.
W. N. Epping.
M. A. Verner.
S. A. Cosgrove, Jr.
T. D. Carnahan.
Robert B. Carnahan.
John R. Epping.
John W. Horans.

IMPERIAL.

P. N. Jones.
Harvey H. Smith.
E. T. Lord.
John P. Hunter.
Guy M. Dailey.

HERALD SQUARE.

D. Ashworth.
W. P. Flint.
A. C. McCallum.
L. L. Knox.

MARLBOROUGH.

G. S. Daniels.
Mrs. C. F. Moss.
C. F. Moss.

ROSSMORE.

Miss May J. Barton.
Isaac Sherkan.

PERSONALS.

P. F. Norvell, who has been with the Pressed Steel Car Company for several years, first as private secretary to the president and later in charge of car estimates, has resigned his position to accept a place with the Doubleday-Hill Electric Company. Mr. Norvell expects to take up his new duties at once.

Senator Marcus A. Hanna of Cleveland, O., passed through the city last night to Washington. When seen at Union station the senator was in a jovial humor with himself and the world, showing that the result of the Ohio convention was entirely satisfactory to him. Senator Hanna was asked if he would attend the Fourth of July celebration in Pittsburgh. "I am afraid not," he replied, "as I am very busy and have arranged to take a rest and vacation after congress adjourns. I would like to be in Pittsburgh on July 4, and witness the people of that great American industrial center, that is setting the pace in industrial achievements, not only for this country, but for the world, celebrate the day of the nation's birth." Senator Hanna was asked what he thought of President Roosevelt's Memorial day speech. "I am sorry to confess," he replied, "that I have not read it, as I have been very busy, but I know that it is all right on general principles." "What will be the result of the election in Ohio in November," was asked him. Laughingly, he replied: "The state will be Republican, as it always is."

George J. Krebs and Jacob B. Winters of Somerset, are at the Monongahela house. They are members of Syria temple of the Ancient and Honorable Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and will accompany the Pittsburgh members of the order to the meeting of the imperial council, which will be held in San Francisco, Cal.

Ex-Gov. William A. MacCorkell of West Virginia; W. E. Chilten, his law partner, of Kanawha; Malcolm Jackson of Charleston, J. F. Brown of Charleston and Col. R. S. Carr of Kanawha, W. Va., are at the Monongahela house. "Our business in Pittsburgh is of a legal nature," said ex-Gov. MacCorkell, "in connection with a large coal deal. For the past four or five years large amounts of Pittsburgh money has been invested in West Virginia property, and that has brought Pittsburgh very close to West Virginia. I cannot tell you anything about this coal deal, but it involves a large amount of money. I am one politician that has gone back to work, and have been paying little attention to politics lately."

Charles Bonnar, auditor of the American Agricultural Chemical Manufacturing Company of New York, passed through on the limited last night to Chicago. "The coal strike is being discussed in New York business circles," he said, "and there is fear of a coal famine. It is expected that anthracite coal will go to $10 a ton within a short time. There is a law in New York prohibiting the use of bituminous coal in New York and Brooklyn, but the people have been burning it for some time past. Whether an attempt will be made to enforce this law is awaited with much interest. Commercial men who have been in the West Virginia coal fields have been unable to sell the operators supplies, as they fear a strike of the miners for the interstate scale."

George T. Nicholson, manager of passenger traffic of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, at Chicago; John Francis, general passenger agent of the Burlington & Omaha railroad, Omaha; J. C. Palm, general passenger agent of the Wisconsin Central railroad, Milwaukee; J. P. Elmer, general passenger agent of the Chicago, & Great Western railroad, Chicago, accompanied by B. N. Austen, general passenger agent of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, went to Chicago last night over the B. & O. The party were returning home after a visit to Gettysburg aand the battlefields of Virginia.

Mrs. Joseph Wood, wife of Joseph Wood, second vice president of the Pennsylvania lines west, with her family, went to Philadelphia in a special car last night.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

Among those at the hotels last night were the following persons from nearby towns:

Lincoln—Robert Kelly, Jr., Newark, O.

Monongahela—W. A. MacCorkell, Malcolm Jackson, J. F. Brown, Charleston, W. Va.; R. S. Carr, W. E. Chilten, Kanawha, W. Va.

Henry—M. B. Evert, Greensburg, Pa.; Harmon Austin, Warren, O.; W. H. Coles, Charleroi, Pa.; G. A. Dickens, McDermott, O.; G. H. Williams, Oil City, Pa.; A. P. Stalling, Wheeling, W. Va.

Newell's—C. S. McCloskey, Charleroi, Pa.; W. H. Zahniser, Parkersburg, W. Va.

Seventh Avenue—J. B. Adams, Uniontown, Pa.; M. Levinson, Greensburg, Pa.; W. S. Brown, Punxsutawney, Pa.; M. L. Neill, New Martinsville, W. Va.; T. B. Palmer, Dunbar, Pa.

Duquesne—C. E. Conway, Fairmont, W. Va.; M. M. Neely, Oil City, Pa.

Griswold—Joseph McConnaughy, Bridgeport, O.; J. R. Miller, Marietta, O.; W. H. Sherry, Clarksburg, W. Va.

THE DEATH ROLL.

James A. Hellman.

GREENVILLE, PA., June 1.—(Speci James A. Hellman of this place died a home in Washington street this morning an illness of several months. He was in Armstrong county, September 28, 1850, came to Greenville in 1870 to engage i lumber business. He was senior memb the firm of Hellman Bros. Mr. Hellman married in 1879 to Miss Annie M. Schlip Allegheny, who survives, together with children, Fred and Florence, and a brother Salem Hellman of Sharon. Deceased prominent in Democratic politics, serving eral terms on the borough council and at time was the party's nominee for sheriff. was a member of the Odd Fellows, Kni of Pythias, Protected Home Circle and Masonic orders.

Mrs. Ellen McNulty.

Mrs. Ellen McNulty, aged 82 years, one the oldest residents of the East End, died yesterday morning at 6:30 o'clock at the family residence, No. 317 Collins avenue. She was the daughter of Patrick and Ellen Hunter, and was born in Ireland, in March, 1820. She came to Pittsburgh in 1850, and resided for 51 years in the house in which she died. Her husband was Patrick McNulty, who was a well-known plasterer and who died some years ago. She is survived by two sons, Robert and Charles, and one daughter, Mrs. Celia Roseman; also by two step-sons, Daniel and Patrick, and one step-daughter, Mary, the wife of Edward MacAfee. Two grandchildren, Charles and Ellie, the children of her daughter, Mrs. Ellen Maloney, deceased, are also of the surviving descendants.

Mrs. Catherine M. Dixon.

Mrs. Catherine Magee Dixon died early yesterday morning at her home in Sherman avenue, Allegheny, after an illness of only two weeks. She was the widow of C. G. Dixon, one of the most prominent contractors of the North Side. They were married in St. Peter's pro-cathedral, February 14, 1876, by Bishop Phelan, who has always been a close family friend. Mrs. Dixon was born near Dromore, Ireland, and was brought to this country with her brothers and sisters when very young. She is survived by five daughters and two sons; her father, who is in Ireland; two sisters, Mrs. Henry Mackin and Mrs. T. L. Carey of Allegheny, and a brother, Edward Magee of Allegheny.

John McMurtry, Sr.

John McMurtry is dead at his home in Chartiers street, Allegheny, aged 63. Mr. McMurtry was born in Butler county and came to Pittsburgh when young. He lived in Allegheny 27 years. For many years he was foreman of the painters at the Pittsburgh locomotive works. Mr. McMurtry is survived by his wife, Nancy J.; one daughter, Miss Cora C., and five sons, they being Joseph, William, John, Jr., James B. and Leroy. He was a member of Pride of the West council, Junior O. U. A. M., Protected Home Circle, and of the Third United Presbyterian church, Allegheny.

Dr. Orlando R. Shannon.

Dr. Orlando R. Shannon, a prominent homeopathic physician of Allegheny, is dead at his home, No. 214 East Lacock street. He was 57 years old. He was ill for several years and had been confined to bed since January. Dr. Shannon was born in Beaver county, attended the schools there and was graduated in Cleveland, O. He came to Allegheny in 1875. His wife was Miss Rachel D. Irons. Dr. Shannon is survived by his wife, two daughters, Margaret and Edna, and a sister, Mrs. V. C. McCune, who lives in Beaver county.

Mrs. Emma Kraeling.

Mrs. Emma Kraeling, wife of Adolph Kraeling, died at her home in River avenue, Esplen, yesterday morning after several weeks' illness. She was 37 years of age, and very well known in Esplen and Bellevue, where she formerly lived. She was a leading member of the Bellevue German Lutheran church, and is survived by her husband, who is a prominent druggist, and several sisters and brothers, who reside in Bellevue.

L. K. Forsythe.

L. K. Forsythe, a well-known farmer of Moon township, died at his home yesterday afternoon, after an illness of over two months. He was born 64 years ago, and went to live in Moon township about 10 years ago. He was a member of the First Presbyterian church of Coraopolis, and leaves a daughter and two sons.

Hugh Cromie.

Hugh Cromie, age 71 years, died at 5 o'clock on Saturday afternoon at the residence of his brother, Thomas, No. 719 Mathilda street, East End, of typhoid fever, after a short illness. He was the son of William and Bettie Ross Cromie, and was born in Ireland on July 11, 1831.

Obituary Notes.

Miss Eliza T. Newell, aged 79 years, died yesterday afternoon at the residence of her nephew at No. 1111 Sherman avenue, Allegheny. She had been a resident of Allegheny for the past 30 years.

SMOKE AND HEALTH.

American Medicine Shows the Result of Impure Air in Cities.

From the Chicago Record-Herald.

It has been pointed out in these columns that the smoke nuisance is a menace to public health as well as a promoter of ugliness, disagreeable in a great city. American Medicine adds these interesting comments along this line:

"Probably one of the chief reasons for the indifference to the reform of the smoke nuisance is that most people think of the matter not as one of health, but of esthetics. Manufactories are so necessary, it is thought, that the ugliness of a smoky city can be endured, because of the utility of the results of coal burning. But nothing is easier than to prove that the smoke cloud over a manufacturing city tremendously increases the mortality. * * * It has been calculated that in such a city a man inhales 37,000,000 germs in ten hours, and besides this some 10,000,000 dust particles as compared with 31,000 of mountain air. The case against smoke, however, rests chiefly with another factor, the increase it causes of the carbon dioxide in the air. In the country there are about three parts of carbon dioxide to 10,000 in the air, and the limit for health in rooms is six, or, at most, ten. During fogs the amount is greatly increased, sometimes rising as high as 14 and probably higher. * * * When Pittsburgh burned natural gas it was free from dense and dark fogs. The great fog of 1880 in London increased the average mortality 2,994 in three weeks, and that of 1892 caused an excess of 1,484 deaths in one week."

The whole question finally comes to this: Shall the health, comfort and happiness of the many be jeopardized by the contumacious obstinacy of a comparative few?

Work of a Cyclonette.

From the Kansas City Journal.

For a little three-cent miniature tornado which seriously injured neither person nor property that windstorm in one of the rural neighborhoods of Pettis county the other afternoon cut up some queer capers if the following from a local account is to be credited: "A mare and a colt, which stood in a pasture near John Klein's house, were picked up and lifted over two partition fences by the wind, after which they were deposited in another field without serious injury. Several chickens in the yard had all their feathers blown off as smoothly as if they had been plucked."

EYE OPENERS.

"So the new boarder told the landlady's fortune by a coffee cup. What did he say?"

"Well, he said he could tell by the grounds that she would lose some boarders very shortly."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

This life is nothing but a game;
Such is the poet's sing-song.
Sometimes it is like checkers, tame,
And sometimes brisk—like ping pong!
—Washington Star.

"Esmeralda," asked her father, with some sternness, "what was that young congressman's business here last night?"

"We were merely holding a caucus, papa," she replied.

"H'm!" he rejoined, glancing at something that sparkled on one of her shapely fingers, "and you adopted a ringing resolution, did you?"—Chicago Tribune.

She—You don't love me as you once did. Before we were married you considered me absolutely perfect.

He—Exactly, and now you're perfectly absolute.—Philadelphia Press.

"So Ethel delivered her essay at the graduation exercises for over half an hour. Jack, who was in the audience, must have felt proud of her."

"Not at all. He shuddered at the possibility of being married to such a talker and immediately broke off the engagement."—Baltimore Herald.

SHIPS' BIG GUNS BOOM A FAREWELL SALUTE

French Guests of Nation Banquet Their Entertainers Then Sail Away on the Gaulois.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

BOSTON, June 1.—The sentiments of gratitude felt by the members of the mission delegated by President Loubet of France to come to America to attend the unveiling at Washington of the statue of the Count de Rochambeau found final expression this afternoon on the battleship Gaulois, which conveyed the mission to this country, and which, late this afternoon, left for France.

A dinner was served on the battleship Gaulois, attended by the special representatives of President Roosevelt, representatives of the state of Massachusetts and city of Boston. The members of the French embassy at Washington and the members of the Rochambeau mission. Gen. Brugere, who occupied a seat at the head of the table, speaking in French, said:

"I unite in my toast France and America, not the France and America of 120 years ago, but the two republics of today—a toast to President Loubet of France and to President Roosevelt of the United States."

Rear Admiral Higginson then said:

"I regret very much to be obliged to fire a parting salute as you of the French mission leave the shores of America to return to your homes in France. It seems to me that this Rochambeau mission has been most apropos. It has touched a tender chord in the hearts of the American people. In parting, general, I wish you bon voyage."

When the Gaulois steamed out of the harbor, accompanied by the battleship Kearsarge and the cruiser Olympia, she fired the national salute of 21 guns, which was returned by the Olympia. Then at Boston Light, where the escorting squadron took leave of the French man-of-war, the same cruiser fired a salute of 17 guns in honor of Gen. Brugere and then a salute of 15 guns in honor of Vive Admiral Fournier.

The majority of those who did not return to France will visit the site of the exposition at St. Louis. They left for New York this afternoon.

LAKE STEAMER AGROUND.

Boat Laden With Iron Ore Foundered Near Ashtabula.

ASHTABULA, O., June 1.—(Special.)—The big steamer Jupiter has gone aground on rockbottom, in Lake Erie, abreast of Red Brook, and three-fourths of a mile from shore. She is loaded with iron ore. Two tugs of the Great Lakes Towing Company are at the scene and the work of lightening the cargo has commenced.

Thirty-six men are now working to relieve her, and the operations will continue throughout the night.

RABBI TO THE RESCUE.

Rev. J. Leonard Levy Succeeds in Quashing Complaints Made Against Madame Ward.

Through the efforts of her childhood companion, the Rev. J. Leonard Levy, whom she played with in London, England, years ago, Madame Kate Ward, who was arrested as a suspicious person on Tuesday last and committed to jail pending investigation, was released from that institution on Saturday night. She immediately returned to her former rooms in the Arlington at No. 501 Sheridan avenue, East End. The charges preferred against Madame Ward before Alderman E. C. Negley were withdrawn through the efforts of her boarding mistress and Mr. Levy.

When Rabbi Levy heard of the arrest of Madame Ward he started to investigate the case. Several women were also influenced to lend their aid to the woman. In the meantime an information had been made against her before Alderman E. C. Negley. Mr. Levy had this information withdrawn after considerable effort.

Madame Ward is known in New York as a fashionable dressmaker. When arrested she said that she was the wife of a lawyer in New York and was getting a divorce from him.

She said that she had considerable property of her own, but that it was impossible for her to dispose of it by reason of the divorce proceedings. She is a handsome woman, and is about 40 years old.

MISTAKE NEARLY FATAL.

Mother Gave Her Baby Carbolic Acid in Place of Dose of Soothing Syrup.

Thinking that she was administering a dose of soothing syrup to her six-months'-old child at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Mrs. T. Ester Sobig of No. 1914 Tustin street, gave the infant a teaspoonful of carbolic acid. The violent acid strangled the child and frightened the mother so that she at once investigated. She was horrified to see that she had administered the poison in mistake. The child became unconscious.

The frantic mother called her husband and they quickly hurried the baby to the Mercy hospital. When they arrived at the hospital the infant was apparently dead. Restoratives were applied by the physicians and in about an hour the child was revived. Late last night the little one recovered sufficiently to be taken home. Beyond having its lips burned by the acid the child is not seriously injured.

Two Overcome by the Heat.

Harry Kidd, 38 years old, of Ridge street, Esplen borough, was overcome by the heat yesterday and is in a serious condition. He is employed as an engineer on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad and while walking along River avenue was seen to stagger and fall. He received medical attention at once. An unknown Slav was prostrated by the heat while at work at the Edgar Thomson steel works at Braddock yesterday afternoon.

NEW HIGH LEVEL GAINED.

In Spite of the Excellence of Former Issues, Yesterday's Sunday Gazette Showed Steps Taken Further Forward in Advance of Competitors.

Each week the subscribers to The Sunday Gazette are given some new and startling feature that shows decided progress. In spite of the high rank that the paper took from the start, each issue since the first has made some step in advance. These facts are evidenced by the gain in the demand for the paper and by remarks made by those who have seen it each Sunday and have watched its progress.

Yesterday's issue was no exception to the rule. In its news columns information direct from the scenes of the terrible calamities in the West Indies, written by correspondents that The Gazette's energy and enterprise have been instrumental in sending to the scene of action, told the latest news from that stricken section. In every other essential the news columns were as thoroughly up-to-date. On the fiction page there was a complete short story by Amelia E. Barr and installments of stories by Fergus Hume and Bart Kennedy. "The Fate of Andree" was rehearsed in detail by Henry Neidig, a man well acquainted with the circumstances surrounding the departure of the explorer, for he speaks of many little things that probably in the end brought death.

Of peculiar and timely interest, in view of the approaching coronation, was a full page account of the personality of "King Edward VII. and His Consort," by Mrs. Sarah Tooley, the author of the "Personal Life of Queen Victoria." Col. A. K. McClure's "Recollections of Samuel J. Randall," "Foxhall Keene Trying to Recover Polo Cup," "Gen. Eagan's Battle for Mexican Mines," "Where Fresh Water Fish Come From," and a score of other articles made reading that was both entertaining and instructive.

In addition to this was the children's page, the puzzles of Sam Loyd, Payne's inimitably funny drawings illustrating incidents in "Coon Hollow," and last but not least the "Coon Hollow Parade," a march and coon-step, dedicated to the "Coon Editor" by the author, George B. Demme. The music, which is a new feature of The Sunday Gazette, appeared on an insert, illustrated in a suitable way by the man to whom it was dedicated. All in all, the paper of yesterday was one which far outstripped all of its competitors.

Nature as a Type Founder.

Some fantastic growth are found in roots and limbs of trees in the state of Washington, a collection forming a complete alphabet.

It is the work of E. K. Lambert, a woodsman of Elma, who three years ago found a perfect letter "A," which weighed over 100 pounds. This gave him the idea of collecting a whole alphabet. He has found several hundred letters, which range in size from four to twelve inches.

They will probably be sent to the St. Louis exposition as a part of the Washington forestry exhibit.

THE MAN UP A TREE

From a High Viewpoint.

THE rare days of June will be pleasanter than the raw days of May.

No one but a monarch would care to have two birthdays a year after reaching the age of King Edward.

Let everybody listen for the Anglo-African peace proclamation.

Strike up the wedding march for the June brides!

The senate could very neatly turn the joke on the house humorists by concurring in that resolution to abolish the sale of intoxicants in the capitol.

Let's hope that King Edward is not growing nervous as his coronation approaches.

The men who freed Havana from yellow fever should see what they can do with cholera in Manila.

Her Extravagance.

"They say that Mrs. Hammersmith is very extravagant," said Mr. Wood to Mr. Smithfield.

"That's all nonsense," was the latter's reply. "Hammersmith's income isn't large enough for anybody to be extravagant with, and I know him well enough to be certain that he won't let his wife exceed his means."

"Well, I understand that she is extravagant in the use of language."

Wrong Kind of Structures.

Mr. Murray Hill—The state administration seems to be willing to exchange bridges for Elkin delegates.

Mr. Squirrel Hill—But it can't cross the stream of public disapproval on Stone bridges.

They Make You Smile.

Some very funny things are to be found in the advertising columns of newspapers. Here is a contribution to the perennial debate on the servant girl question. It appeared in an English paper:

Wanted, by the advertiser, situation as plain cook in small family, where the mistress is not always at her heels; it causes unpleasantness, then she leaves. Any lady that does this sort of thing need not answer this.

The following is a complete apology which appeared in a Norwegian paper:

I, the undersigned, declare that, through a regrettable mistake, I circulated the rumor that the coffee house keeper, Jorgen Henriksen, had drunk a glass of beer. I humbly apologize to Mr. Henriksen for this unfounded imputation.
Olaf F. Lien.

But this one, which appeared in the Jamestown (N. Y.) Journal, is entitled to the cake:

Stories are being circulated in Frewsburg, where I have resided for about 61 years, that I have been insulting to some of the women of the village. For a number of years last past I have been troubled with catarrh, which has resulted in a partial loss of eyesight, and this has given rise to a fluttering or winking motion of the eyelids, so that in looking at a person closely, as I am obliged to do in recognizing friends, I may have had the appearance of the offense with which I am charged, but I am absolutely innocent of such an intention. It is my infirmity, not my intent, which is at fault in this matter, and I desire to live in the community in which I have long resided with the continued confidence and respect of all the people. Respectfully, Ruel Jones.

Preposterous Idea.

"Well, I never heard of such a thing!" panted Mrs. Hashcroft, as she went back to the kitchen after an interview with a man who had talked to her regarding homelike board and lodging.

The cook besought her to disclose the unheard-of, which she proceeded to do.

"That man that I have just been talking to," she said, "is looking for a boarding house, but what do you think?"

The cook gave it up.

"Well, he wanted me to give him board at half rates, because he said half his stomach had been removed by a surgical operation! Did you ever!"

And the cook solemnly assured her that she never heard of such a thing.

POINT BREEZE.

KENNEDY DROPS FIGHT AGAINST IRA MANSFIELD

Beaver Representative Will Not Contest For a Place on the Ticket.

RECOUNT IS REFUSED HIM

County Chairman Brown Declines to Accept a Proposition Made by Kennedy—Fight in Courts Would Probably Defeat Party in Fall.

Beaver, Pa., June 1.—In the interest of party harmony Representative T L. Kennedy of New Brighton has decided not to contest the nomination of Ira F. Mansfield, who was declared to be the Republican nominee for assemblyman two weeks ago by the Beaver county committee, which is controlled by the Cunningham faction. Kennedy claimed that he was nominated by a majority of over 300 votes at the primaries May 15 and that he was counted out by the county committee.

Representative Kennedy says that while he is confident that he could win in a contest, the result would be so close that the state ticket this fall might be injured thereby. He proposed to the county committee that the matter be arbitrated by the appointment of a committee to go over the returns of the primaries, but the Cunningham people objected to this proposition.

Kennedy claims that Chairman Hartford P. Brown of the county committee left the county immediately after Mansfield was declared nominated and remained away until Decoration day. He says that he was unable to get the official returns in order to make a contest and that Chairman Brown violated the rules of the county committee by his failure to publish the returns in the county papers. Saturday was the last of the 15 days in which Kennedy had to file a notice of contest.

Refused a Recount.

Charles Stone, a brother of United States Marshal Stephen P. Stone, went to Chairman Brown Friday as soon as the latter had returned home with the proposition to appoint a committee to canvass the returns, claiming that a recount would show that Kennedy had received a majority of the votes at the primaries. Chairman Brown turned down this offer in this note sent to Stone Saturday:

"In relation to the matter you spoke of yesterday I cannot find any person with the time or the inclination to go over the election returns. It would be an ex parte tabulation, the county committee having canvassed the returns and having declared the result. If there are any candidates who think they have been unfairly dealt with, and your request implies it, they have the privilege under party rules of entering into a contest."

After receiving the above letter Kennedy and his friends determined that it would not be advisable to make a fight in the courts for the double reason that they could not get the official returns from the county committee and for fear that if they did go into a contest and would win by a narrow margin the state nominees would be sacrificed this fall to defeat Kennedy for re-election.

The Kennedy Claims.

The county committee threw out the votes of three districts in Moon township and one in Hopewell township, which the Kennedy faction claims were carried by their candidate by a majority of 175. In throwing out these four districts the Cunningham faction lost their candidate for auditor and a county commissioner. The Kennedy people claim that 600 voters were disfranchised by this act.

Kennedy also alleges that while the returns showed 34 votes for Kennedy and 84 for Mansfield in the Big Beaver district, the figures should have been reversed. They also charge that Franklin township gave Kennedy a majority of 62, although he was credited with but two more votes than his opponent.

Irregularities are also charged against the Beaver Falls district. Kennedy's friends allege that at noon of the day of the primaries an unofficial announcement from the polls gave Kennedy 110 votes and that at 2 o'clock his vote in that district was lower than at noon.

As an evidence of irregularity in the count of the votes the Kennedy people point to the fact that the county committee found that 70 votes had not been counted for Kennedy in the Third ward of Beaver Falls and that the county committee corrected the mistake. The Kennedy side argues that a mistake of 70 votes in one district is a safe sign that similar mistakes were made in other districts which the county committee failed to correct.

CONTEST HEARD SOON.

Relatives of Henry M. Bennett Will Have Chance to Put in Claims June 19.

The contest over the will of the late Henry M. Bennett of Farmingdale, Monmouth county, N. J., and formerly of this city, who was the owner of the Bijou theater and other property estimated to be worth in the neighborhood of $1,000,000, will receive the attention of the New Jersey courts on June 19 at Farmingdale, which date has been set for a hearing on the probating of the will. The attorneys on both sides have summoned all the interested parties and a number of witnesses and the proceedings will probably involve a number of important legal questions. It is understood that attorneys representing the contestants have been in the city recently conferring with Patterson, Sterrett & Acheson, attorneys, in regard to the case, and gathering information which they expect to use at the hearing.

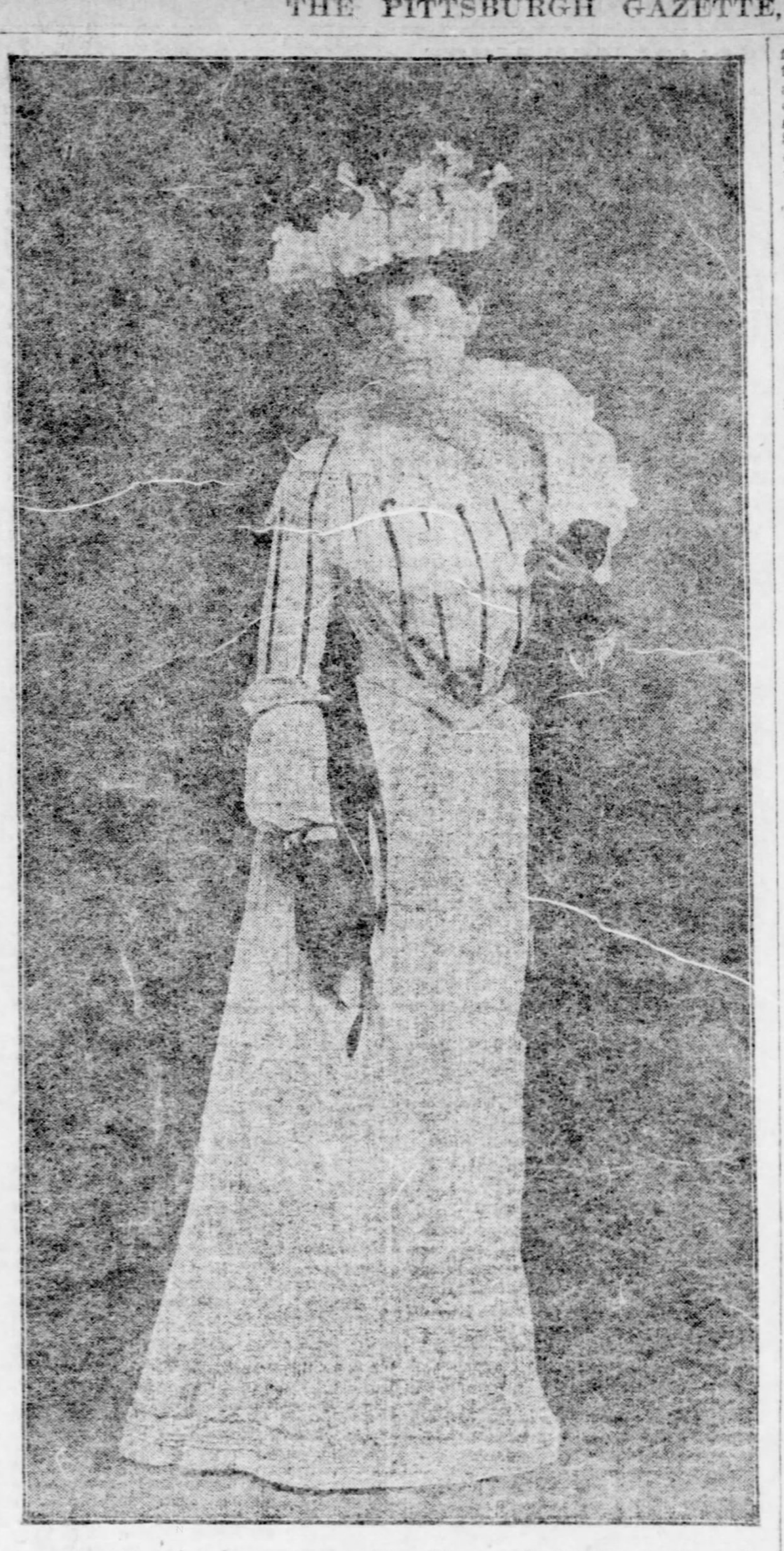
The will is being contested by the Hon. Samuel C. Bennett and his sister, Mrs. Mary B. Conant of Boston, and Mrs. Emma Beckwith of Burlington, Vt., the nephew and nieces of the deceased. The Hon. Samuel C. Bennett and Mrs. Conant are the children of the late Judge Edmund H. Bennett, who was dean of the Boston university law school from the founding of the school up to the time of his death, four years ago. He was then succeeded by his son, who resigned the position last week, giving as a reason the press of private business. His sister is the wife of Dr. William I. Conant, a celebrated surgeon of Boston. They were mentioned in the will to receive legacies of $5,000 each.

Mrs. Emma Beckwith of Burlington, Vt., is a widow, and her mother, the late Mrs. Mary Hatch, was the sister of H. M. Bennett. She was not mentioned in the will.

The executors named in the will are Peter J. McNulty and James W. Piatt of this city, and John W. Hawkins, an attorney of Farmingdale, N. J. When the contestants filed caveats in New Jersey and here shortly after Mr. Bennett's death John W. Hawkins was appointed administrator for the estate in New Jersey and James W. Piatt for the estate in Pennsylvania.

Cincinnati Entertains Shriners.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—The imperial potentate special train of shriners, carrying 100 people from Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, arrived this morning, followed by the McGee party of more than 200 shriners from New York. The eastern shriners were entertained at breakfast by Syrian temple of Cincinnati.



A gown of pale gray crepe de chine, made in tiny tucks and having feather-stitched seams. The yoke of yellow lace is finished with soft full fall of same. Narrow black velvet ribbon, beginning in loops around yoke and ending at girdle, which is of pink panne velvet. The same effect carried out on the sleeve to elbow, ending in a soft puff of the crepe. There is a pink panne velvet collar.

PRISCILLA'S PENCIL

Notes that there are belts and belts to be found these days in the smart shops—and the smarter the shops the more plentiful the supply of belts. First, near the lead in the list, comes the linen wash belt, to be worn with white shirt waists. This gives length to the waist, always looks fresh and dainty, lasts indefinitely and has that touch of the seasonable style which makes one desire it as a finishing touch for a pretty outfit. Next are the belts of satin, moire or silk, drawn in soft folds to a buckle which is decidedly dipped in front, and sometimes showing a tall, narrow slide or clasp at the middle of the back to hold the belt properly wide. Appealing to the woman of conservative taste are the leather belts, dull, calf stitched or of patent leather. These latter are much liked by the younger girls.

On Summer Hats—
Roses hold chief sway just now. The small hats with divided brims, between which roses in the mass are thrust, have these almost invariably veiled with soft tulle or lace. In the latter case the drapery is arranged so that the ornamented edge will fall over the brim of the hat. Many of the shirtwaist hats, which, in compliance with their name, must be trimmed simply with a scarf and a quill or two, have a rose or a bunch of buds tucked under the brim at one side of the face, to add color and softness to the severe outline preferred in these hats.

Strapped Sandals—
Such as were recently revived after a few years of innocuous desuetude, have fallen from the high estate of $10 and $15 asked by dealers during the first months of the revival, and may be had at bargain counters now for the modest sum of $2. These make the prettiest possible evening house shoes, though practically unsuitable for any other purpose.

The Black Bow—
Which crowns most girlish heads just now is universally becoming, giving a touch of piquancy to a plain face and making a pretty one truly fascinating. It should be made of taffeta, as no other ribbon holds shape so well, and in the newest bows one edge of each loop is wired lightly to withstand the depressing influence of the average hat.

Neck Beads—
Are in high favor with the younger girls and very few are seen dressed for evening, either at home or out, without one of the twice-round chains, either in pearls, corals or the delicate blue crystals which may pass for turquoise at casual inspection. Sometimes these hold a fan, but oftener the friendship locket, without which no girl is complete nowadays, dangles at the long end, the short one being drawn tightly around the throat just outside the collar.

A Strawberry Party—
Is planned by a party of East End girls for the second week in June, and each girl is to make some strawberry dainty with her own hands and bring it forth to the party. A prize of a beautiful strawberry plate, painted by the hostess, will be given to the girl receiving the most unbiased compliments on her cookery.

Flower Bowls—
Of exquisite finish and design are shown in some of the leading jewel shops, in combination with gilt and silver. One beautiful vessel of translucent green ware is upheld on a tripod of silver which is chased with the heads of water nymphs, and another one in a sort of bronze glass is oval in shape and is held up in the arms of a green bronze maiden whose crown of flowers and floating hair suggest Ophelia. Such articles as these are beautiful for any purpose, and being beautiful make the most worthy receptacles for rare flowers.

White Shirt Waists—
In the sheerest lawn are shown with lace-like embroidery dividing the front of the waist in sections, diamond shaped, square or oblong. In each of these sections is a bit of hand embroidery, sometimes in colors. The waist fastens at the back and is worn with a white satin belt or a lace stock.

In Photographs—
The very high narrow shape is favored just now, affording splendid opportunity for the showing of a pet ball gown. The particular pose of the moment is standing, with the back toward the camera, the train gathered a little to one side and the face turned so that a three-quarter view is possible.

GALL STONES

are softened, dissolved and expelled, and the condition which creates them is remedied by the genuine *Carlsbad Sprudel Salt.*

A diuretic in warm weather.

EVERY BOTTLE bears the signature of EISNER & MENDELSON CO., of New York. Beware of imitations.

Women's Hats.

Japijapa Panamas.

The finest Panama Hats that are made come from Japijapa, Ecuador—
They are called Panamas simply because Panama is the distributing point—
These new Japijapas for Women's wear come direct to us from Panama—
They are the softest, closest weaves we have ever seen—
We trim them either with narrow black band—
Or with black, white or colored chiffon scarf—
Prices range from $15 all the way to $50.

Women's Suits.

For Monday and Tuesday.

Another Suit bargain—
$40 and $50 suits—
grays, tans, greens and blacks—swell styles—
Offered for Monday and Tuesday at

$25 Each.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
Wood and Fifth.

$3.50 to $7.

The Swell Shape

of this season is
The Colonial—
But you must have the real Colonial—
And not the imitation.
Every right shape and style and size is here—
And it will be rightly fitted—
You can depend on that—if you get it here.

C. A. VERNER,
5th and Market.

Summer Furnishings.

Cool-appearing things for mitigating the torrid heats of summer—Artistic bits for porches and windows of city homes, as well as for country cottages.

Summer Upholstery

The old notion that only out-of-town residences require cool hangings in summer is exploded.

More than half the people of Pittsburgh do not go away for the summer, and it is more necessary for the stay-at-homes to have their residences cool and inviting than for the fortunate fly-aways.

These are the things we are selling most of for town houses:

Ruffled Muslin Curtains, $1.25 to $8.50.
Ruffled Bobinet Curtains, $2 to $7.50.
Irish Points, neat effects, $5 to $10.
Real Renaissance Curtains, $4 to $10.
Point d'Arab Curtains, $5 to $10.
Bonne-Femme Curtains, $4 to $20.
Or if you prefer you can buy your material by the yard—20c up to 65c—and we'll make them up for you specially.

Slip Covers

In never so many kinds of materials, including Scotch Crepes, Madras and Japanese Crepes, in white and blue effects; cool and inviting in appearance and a much needed protection to furniture coverings from the grime and dust of summer.

Cool Adjuncts — Dutch Print Table Covers, Cushion Tops and Sofa Pillows in a great variety of designs and colorings.

Moodj Rugs

Made in India—artistic in design and striking in coloring. Very suitable and durable for porch or summer home use—not expensive.

For the Porch

The time to have the awnings hung is *NOW*—before the sizzling days of summer come. We want to call particular attention to the special advantages of these awnings of ours — more careful workmanship—easy to put on and take off; fold up tightly against the house.

Superior awnings in every respect.

Jap. Porch Blinds

Make another room of your porch—keep out sun and dampness—are not expensive.

Vudor Porch Blinds

Higher grade than the Jap Blinds—a little more expensive.

Solid colors and mottled effects. First consignment went with a rush. A new lot is on the way—delivery in about a week.

Straw Mattings

There's a big difference between the fresh, new straw mattings of this season and the carried over, dried out and brittle mattings of last year. Our mattings came to us by rail route from Seattle direct from China and Japan. They are here within six months after they are woven and are always in prime condition when offered you—

China Mattings—
$6 grade at $4 a roll.
$7 grade at $5.50 a roll.
$9 grade at $6 a roll.

Japanese Mattings—
$8 grade at $6 a roll.
$10 grade at $8 a roll.
$16 grade at $12 a roll.

Oliver McClintock Co.
219 Fifth Avenue.

More B. & O. Freight Official Changes Are Made

J. E. GALBRAITH WILL NOT ACCEPT POSITION

O. A. Constans Becomes Division Freight Agent at Cleveland and D. G. Gray Takes Columbus Office.

Another series of changes in the freight department of the Baltimore & Ohio west of Pittsburgh and the Ohio river went into effect yesterday with those already announced in the reorganization of the department.

The new changes are the result of the refusal of J. E. Galbraith, traffic manager of the Cleveland Terminal & Valley railroad, to accept the position chosen for him in the absorption of his line into the Baltimore & Ohio system. Mr. Galbraith would have become today division freight agent. Instead, however, he leaves the Baltimore & Ohio entirely. He expects to remain in Cleveland and engage in other work there. Like many other well-known traffic men Mr. Galbraith is a Texan and held important positions in the traffic departments of the Gould lines before going to Cleveland. His loss will be felt by the Baltimore & Ohio. A. Constans, who, under the original plan of reorganization, would have continued as division freight agent at Columbus became division freight agent at Cleveland in place of Mr. Galbraith. The Columbus position will be filled by the promotion of D. G. Gray, who has been chief clerk in the general freight offices of the road in this city since 1897. Mr. Gray came to Pittsburgh from Columbus, where he was for several years clerk for the division freight agent.

The position vacated by Mr. Gray will be filled, it is said, by D. E. Henderson, chief rate clerk.

A. P. Oxtoby, general agent of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling at Cleveland, became chief clerk in the office of the division freight agent in that city.

R. J. Snider, who has been chief clerk in the office of Division Freight Agent R. F. Kaup at Tiffin, O., comes to Pittsburgh to take charge of the car tracing department of the general freight offices here. Mr. Kaup's position is abolished. The position of car tracer is made vacant by the resignation of J. D. Russell, who leaves the railroad service to accept a position with a Pittsburgh company.

C. Q. Porter, commercial agent of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling at Wheeling, becomes contracting freight agent of the Baltimore & Ohio under Commercial Agent H. H. Marsh at Wheeling. His former position is abolished.

C. S. Roberts, stenographer in the general freight office of the Baltimore & Ohio in this city, will be made secretary to W. L. Cromlish, who becomes division freight agent of the Baltimore & Ohio from Sharpsburg to Cuyahoga Falls.

Today the new offices of the freight department, on the seventh floor of the People's Savings bank building, at Wood street and Fourth avenue, will be occupied. Those removing to the offices are General Freight Agent L. Rush Brockenbrough, Division Freight Agents H. M. Mathews and W. L. Cromlish and Coal and Coke Agent W. L. Andrews. Ten rooms will be occupied.

T. H. B. M'KNIGHT,
Treasurer Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburgh.

Bassett Returns From Trip.

C. W. Bassett, general passenger agent of the Pittsburgh & Western lines, returned Saturday from a week's trip with other passenger officials over historic points in the east reached by the Baltimore & Ohio. Those in the party were Messrs. Martin, McCarthy, Bassett and Austin, of the Baltimore & Ohio; George T. Nicholson, passenger traffic manager, Santa Fe; John Francis, general passenger agent, Burlington; J. P. Elmer, general passenger agent, Chicago Great Western, and James Pond, general passenger agent, Wisconsin Central.

Motive Power Office Here for Sure.

Official circulars were received Saturday announcing the appointment of W. S. Haynes as superintendent of motive power of all the Baltimore & Ohio lines west of the Ohio river, and the Pittsburgh and Connellsville divisions, with headquarters at Pittsburgh, the appointment to be effective yesterday. An unofficial rumor to this effect was published in The Gazette several days ago. Mr. Haynes will occupy the rooms vacated by Chief Clerk Gray on the third floor of the Water street station building. All the lines of the Baltimore & Ohio east of Cumberland and the Ohio river will be under the supervision of E. T. White, superintendent of motive power at Baltimore. This change is in line with the policy of the Baltimore & Ohio to concentrate at Pittsburgh the management of all departments of the western lines of the system. The importance of Pittsburgh as an operating center for the Baltimore & Ohio system has been increased greatly since the new management of the road took hold.

In the rearrangement of offices consequent upon the removal of the general freight offices to the People's Savings bank building, Supt. S. Pemberton Hutchinson of the Pittsburgh division will occupy the rooms vacated by L. Rush Brockenbrough, and Robert Finney, general agent, will take the rooms now occupied by Mr. Hutchinson.

Lake Erie's New Engines Start.

The first installment of the order for 16 engines, given several months ago to the American Locomotive Company by the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, was delivered Saturday. The new engine is for freight service and is a specimen of the whole order. In its general lines it is like the last locomotives purchased, except that it is about 30 per cent heavier and has correspondingly greater power. While the old engines are designed to haul 2,500 tons, the new ones are to haul 3,500 tons, or about 70 of the loaded 50-ton cars now in use.

The new machines are of the consolidation type and have four drivers on each side. The drivers are 50 inches in diameter. The cylinders are 21x30 inches. The weight on drivers is 170,000 pounds, and the total weight is 190,000.

MODEL PRIVATE CAR FOR HEAD OF WABASH

Present Trip to Pittsburgh Christens the New Traveling Home of President Ramsey.

President Ramsey and the other officials of the Wabash, who spent yesterday and the day before in Pittsburgh, left Saturday for the St. Louis headquarters. The two days were busy ones. Those with Mr. Ramsey were E. B. Pryor, assistant to the president, and W. B. Blodgett, general counsel.

The trip to Pittsburgh is the first Mr. Ramsey has made in his new private car. This car has been completed only a week and is one of the finest specimens of private car building in the country. It was made at the St. Charles (Mo.) shops of the American Car & Foundry Company. The exterior is painted the Wabash standard shade of nile-green and the car bears the simple identification "No. 1." It is 70 feet in length and weighs 124,000 pounds.

The interior is finished in mahogany and cherry, polished until it reflects like a mirror. The observation and smoking room is unusually large, seating comfortably 15 people. Sleeping accommodations are provided for 12. The car is lighted by both Pintsch gas and electricity, the latter being obtained by the axle system. The kitchen is supplied with a gas range. A library and office room, with a typewriter and all other needs of a secretary, a dining-room and a bathroom are provided.

Mr. Ramsey has long had the reputation of being the greatest traveler among American railroad presidents. He spends fully one-half of his time in his private car, or away from the St. Louis headquarters.

J. M. Barrett Goes to Youngstown.

Important changes are announced in the official force of the Erie at Youngstown following the resignation of Supt. H. N. Donaldson of the Mahoning division. The new superintendent is to be J. M. Barrett, who has been yardmaster of the Erie at Buffalo. He has been with the Erie for almost 22 years, commencing as a clerk. John W. Fawcett, engineer of the Mahoning division, has resigned, effective August 1, to go west. General Yardmaster Charles Paul and Frank Clark, who has charge of the freight depot, will likewise retire. A. P. Atterholt, for many years night yardmaster, has resigned and will accept a new position in Columbus.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The annual convention of the National Association of Local Freight Agents will be held at Cleveland June 10 to 14.

The Big Four will introduce between Cleveland and St. Louis a new train on June 15 to cover the distance in 14½ hours, which is an improvement on any present service.

Pennsylvania officials again deny the rumors about faster New York-Chicago trains. The latest rumor is that about June 15 20-hour trains will be started by the New York Central, Lake Shore and Pennsylvania.

General Superintendent J. B. Yohe, Chief Engineer J. A. Atwood and Superintendent G. B. Obey, of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, spent Saturday inspecting the double-track work on the Youghiogheny division. Rapid progress is being made.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

ALEX ROSS PIANO CO.

PIANOS FOR SALE, FOR RENT, TUNED AND REPAIRED.

714 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh,
NEAR EIGHTH STREET.

Speer & Hollar,
914 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

A Question of Furniture Quality

Should govern every furniture purchase, for unless the goods are the trustworthy kind, no matter how low the price, there's little satisfaction in the buying.

We Guarantee Satisfaction or Your Money Refunded.

This Golden Oak Buffet, made of selected quartered white oak, beautifully finished, 48 in. wide, large French plate mirror, hand carvings, a $35.00 value for........ $28

It Will Pay to Look This Stock Over.

Speer & Hollar,
914 PENN AVE.

Dainty Millinery

For midsummer wear—
Soft, delicate lace and flower effects for dress—
Light weight straws for general wear—
Some very choice hats for $10 and $12—
Just the thing for everyday use.

PAULSON BROS.,
441 Wood Street.

Books for Commencement.

Dainty volumes made and bound especially for gift purposes—
And what could be more acceptable to your graduating friend than a handsome book?

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
429-431 Wood St.

Perfect Facilities,

Careful study and long years of experience lead me to believe that my facilities for cleaning, pressing and repairing men's clothes are the best in Western Pennsylvania. I have on my books the names of the best dressed and most particular men in the city. Pretty good indication that my methods are about right, don't you think?

Charges moderate.

Dickson, The Tailor, 420 Wood St.

Sorosis Shoes
For Women.
William J. Sloan,
Penn Avenue and Fifth Street.

NEGLIGEE ATTIRE
demands the finest grade of laundering.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs
must have an immaculate dull white finish—
a finish which
BRACE BROS.
alone can impart.
Have you had your
Portieres
cleaned or dyed?

TELEPHONES BELL { Wilkinsburg 23 / Court 1779
P. & A. { Wilkinsburg 23 / Main 1779

START RIGHT

Young people starting out in life should sit down and figure out carefully just how much they can save from the weekly or monthly income.

Then lay by that amount regularly, persistently, in a strong bank where it will earn more money—This is the sure road to independence and a comfortable existence.

Four per cent. interest compounded twice a year at this bank. Special attention to the accounts of women.

Peoples Savings Bank
Peoples Savings Bank Building
Wood st. & Fourth ave.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH SAPOLIO

NATIONAL LEAGUE MAGNATES MEET TODAY

RAIN PREVENTS CONTEST WITH CHICAGO TEAM

West Side Park Water Soaked and Ball Playing Impossible.

FRED CLARKE PREDICTS

Claims Pittsburgh Will Capture the Pennant Again With Chicago Second and Brooklyn, Philadelphia or Boston in Third Place.

SUNDAY'S LEAGUE RESULTS.

Cincinnati...... 8—St. Louis...... 3

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	30	6	.833	New York	15	21	.417
Chicago	23	12	.657	Philadelphia	14	20	.412
Brooklyn	17	19	.472	Cincinnati	14	22	.389
Boston	15	19	.441	St. Louis	13	22	.371

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, June 1.—Rain, the relentless hoodoo of Chicago Sunday games, again interfered today, and the Chicago-Pittsburgh contest was postponed. President Hart had made arrangements to play to an attendance of at least 20,000 and was greatly disappointed.

The fans are greatly enthused over the game showing the youngsters are putting up against the Pittsburgh veterans and a record-breaking crowd would certainly have invaded the West Side park today.

The players did not even leave their rooms, so sure were they that the rain had fallen in sufficient quantities to make ball playing an impossibility. The only men who made an appearance at the grounds were Treasurer Williams and Groundkeeper Kunz.

When they reached the park, shortly after 1 o'clock, they found a number of small boys swimming where the diamond was the day before. The water was waist deep.

Both teams left for the east tonight. "This is about the worst I ever experienced," said Fred Clarke. "We wanted to show the Chicago people that no matter what they may think of their team the lead which Selee's team took yesterday and the game which they won from us was the result of mere accident.

"When we meet Chicago we have to play good ball. If every other team in the league was as hard to beat as Chicago we would not have such an easy time winning the pennant. I would like to see the race a little closer. Second place will go to Chicago without a doubt and, in fact, the youngsters may take a spurt and give us a little tussle toward the end of the season. Third place looks now to be about an even thing between Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Boston."

REDS WIN EASILY.

Wicker Is Batted Hard and St. Louis Fields Badly.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, O., June 1.—Wicker was hit all over the lot this afternoon. This, combined with errors, lost the game for St. Louis. Thielman pitched good ball, but his support was ragged. Attendance 4,000. Score:

Cincin'ti.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Hoy, m	1	0	0	0	1	Farrell, 2	1	0	3	6	0
Dobbs, l	1	0	3	0	0	Don'an, r	0	0	0	1	0
Beckley, 1	2	3	13	0	0	Smoot, m	1	1	1	0	0
Craw'd, r	1	3	2	0	0	Barclay, l	0	1	4	0	1
Magoon, 2	0	1	4	4	0	Kruger, s	1	1	1	2	1
Core'n, s	2	3	3	3	0	Bras'r, 1	0	2	8	0	1
Stein'd, 3	1	1	0	5	0	Hartman, 3	0	1	2	1	0
Peitz, c	0	2	2	2	0	O'Neil, c	0	1	5	1	2
Thiel'n, p	0	0	0	3	2	Wicker, p	0	1	0	1	1
Totals	8	13	27	17	3	Totals	3	8	24	12	6

Cincinnati ....1 2 0 0 0 1 2 2 *—8
St. Louis.........2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Corcoran, 2. Stolen bases—Crawford, Corcoran, Barclay. First base on balls—By Thielman, 1; by Wicker, 5. Struck out—By Thielman, 1; by Wicker, 3. Passed ball—O'Neil. Wild pitch—Wicker. Time—2:00. Umpire—Brown.

ESCAPED THE POLICE.

Clarksburg Baseball Players Arrested for Entering a Sunday Game, But Got Away Without Trial.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., June 1.—(Special.)—All the members of the Clarksburg and Parkersburg baseball teams were arrested this afternoon during the second inning of their game in the presence of 1,500 people.

They were taken to the office of a justice of the peace, where in the midst of the crowd the Clarksburgers made their escape and left town. The Parkersburg players were placed under bond until Friday.

An immediate trial was demanded by the players and was refused. The prosecuting attorney has declared that Sunday baseball shall not be played here.

NO GAMES TODAY.

All Western Teams Are Traveling East for Series.

Today is an off day in the league, no games being scheduled. All the western teams are traveling east, where they play in every city in the circuit before their return.

The game at Exposition park Saturday afternoon was declared off at the close of the third inning on account of rain and darkness. The score at the time the game was called stood 2 to 0 in favor of Chicago.

Capt. Fred Clarke was benched for kicking and Catcher Jack O'Connor was knocked unconscious as the result of a collision with Center Fielder Jones.

AMONG THE AMATEURS.

Any good team desiring games with the Westlake Jrs., address J. Ryan, Elliott P. O.

The B. A. C. would like to hear from a good catcher for a team 12 or 13 years old. Address 123 Cherry alley.

Winona A. C. would like to hear from some good out-of-town teams. Charleroi second team preferred. C. W. Coppes, manager, 6 Summer street, Allegheny.

The Central A. C. would like to hear from all 14 to 15-year-old teams having grounds for Fourth of July. Address J. B. Chapman, 30 Miller street.

The Alhambra A. C. would like to arrange games with all good 14 or 15-year-old teams for June and July. Address Harry Newmeyer, 5224 Dauphin street.

The Crystal Reserves played an interesting game with the C. J. Phelfers and won by the score of 9 to 8. For games address Frank Skirble, 148 Washington street.

The Heights A. C. of Duquesne Heights would like to arrange a game for next Saturday, June 6, with any amateur team. Address T. Schornagle, No. 126 Plymouth street, Duquesne Heights.

The Brown A. C. would like to hear from some strong teams having grounds for Saturday. They have signed two good men, Austin and Anderson, who will help to hold the team on a level. Address Chas. Kratz, East Pittsburgh.

The Alpine A. C. defeated the Lawsville Jrs. by the score of 14 to 10. The feature of the game was the all-round playing of the Alpines. We would like to hear from the Cottage Reserves of Brushton or any other 9 or 10-year-old teams having grounds. Address A. Vetter, 198 Forty-second street.

PITTSBURGH BOYS STARS OF SATURDAY'S INTERSCHOLASTIC FIELD MEET.

CAPT. WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, Who Won the Meet for Shadyside With Sensational Record of Five Firsts.

WILL KNOX, The Allegheny Prep. Youth Who Took Second Honors With Two Firsts and Two Seconds.

HURLEY BREAKS WORLD'S RECORD

WINS THE FIVE MILE HANDICAP CYCLE RACE IN 11:09-1-5.

He Also Captured Half Mile Open Race With Ease—Nelson Made First Appearance as Professional and Was Badly Beaten.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEWARK, N. J., June 1.—The feature of the meeting at the Vailsburg track today was the riding done by M. L. Hurley of the New York Athletic club, the amateur champion. He captured both the half mile, open and the five mile handicap and broke the world's record in the distance race. He covered five miles in 11:09 1-5.

The old record was 11:13 4-5 made by Ingraham at Buffalo. The 15-mile paced race between "Joe" Nelson of Newark and Henry Cadwell of Manchester, resulted in an easy victory for Cadwell. It was Nelson's first appearance as a professional. Attendance, 5,000. Summaries:

Half mile, amateur (open), won by M. L. Hurley, New York A. C.; "Teddy" Billington, Vailsburg, second; George Glasson, Newark, third. Time, 1:04 2-5.

Consolation, one mile, (professional)—Won by J. F. Cadwell, Hartford; John Bedell, Lynbrook, second; Floyd Krebs, Newark, third. Time, 2:09 3-5.

Five mile handicap, amateur—Won by M. L. Hurley, New York A. C. (scratch); H. Welsing, New York (scratch), second; Edward Bailey, New York (200 yards), third. Time, 11:09 1-5.

Fifteen mile, paced race—Won by Henry Cadwell, Manchester. Time, 23:47; Joe Nelson, Newark, was badly beaten as his pace gave out in the eleventh mile.

GOOD SPEED MADE.

Birds of Local Homing Clubs Had Splendid Averages in Sunday Events.

The Allegheny Homing club held its third old bird race of the season, from Columbus, O., air line distance 171 miles, yesterday. The birds were liberated at 6:05 and the weather was reported cloudy.

The first lofts to report were those of J. Tait and H. Slaney, with Woden and Blue Boy, at 10:47, making 1,067.23 yards per minute. Second, G. Antic, at 10:50, with Butch, making 1,052.75 yards per minute. Third, C. Merker at 10:51, with Adolphus, making 1,052.30 yards per minute. Fourth, R. Dunseath at 10:51, with May, making 1,052.25 yards per minute. The following members also reported birds: Joseph Kress, A. E. Kress, James Anderson, H. Merker, William Sharp, and Faulkner and Snyder. The next race will be from Dayton, O., June 8, air line distance, 241 miles.

The Diamond Homing club held its second bird race from Dayton, O., a distance of 246 miles, yesterday. The birds made an average speed of 1,351 yards per minute. R. White had first, second and third places. James Shafer was fourth with Little Mag. A. J. Shafer was fifth with Black Bill. H. Hardic and Will Hardic reported birds.

Sharon Defeats Beaver Falls.

SHARON, PA., June 1.—(Special.)—In a close and interesting game at Shenango park today, Sharon defeated the Beaver Falls club by a score of 8 to 6. It was a pitchers' battle and both clubs played excellent ball. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Sharon	0 0 4 0 0 2 2 0 0—	8	8	5
Beaver Falls	2 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—	6	9	4

Batteries—Hassett and McAleese, Suple and Powell.

Chicago Entries Today.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Entries for Monday at Harlem:

First race, 6 furlongs, selling—Temper, Frank Mac, George Whitney, 107; The Mormon, Brissac, 100; Miss Brandon, Miss Madison, Blessed Damosel, 102.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Farmer Jim, King Dodd, Almaric, 103; Goodman, 104; Florestan, 114; Springstead, Dr. O'Neil, 103; DuPage, Pluck, Miss Trappean, Beach Girl, Corsica, Alice Cary, Kate Hays, 100; Lady Matchless, 95.

Third race, handicap, 7 furlongs—Toah, 115; The Lady, 111; Alard, 107; Headwater, Imp Rose Tree, 105; Ethel Wheat, 101; Otis, 98; Dr. Stephens, 93; Tom Kingsley, 92; Boney Boy, 90. Couple Alard and The Lady, Hildreth entry.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles, Excelsior handicap—Abe Frank, 120; Aladdin, 108; Lord Quex, 117; Lucien Appleby, 112; J. V. Kirby, 115; Harry New, 114; Glenwater, 110; Otis, 107; Hoodwink, 100; Marcos, 99; Red Tip, 95; Illowaho, 10[illegible]. Couple Aladdin and Abe Frank, Bennett entry. Couple Lord Quex and Lucien Appleby, Hildreth entry.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling—Captain Gaines, Miss Liza, 108; Marshal Neil, 107; Prima II., 108; Banished, 105; Thurles, 104; Edith Q., 103; Vincennes, 101; Guy H., 100; Linden Ella, 99; Miracle II., 98; Pirate's Queen, 95; Hayward Hunter, 93; Dodie S., 91; Digby Bell, 90.

Sixth race, mile and 70 yards—Articulate, 116; Prince of Africa, 111; Imp Scintillant, 116; Flying Torpedo, 108; Bragg, 98; Tommy Foster, 94.

Sheriff Stopped the Game.

CHARLOTTE, N. Y., June 1.—Sheriff stopped Rochester-Montreal game in first inning after one ball had been pitched, saying he had received complaint against Sunday ball playing. Eastern league scores were: At Providence—Providence, 3; Worcester, 2. At Newark—Jersey City, 6; Newark, 0.

HYPHEN MAY WIN AMERICAN DERBY

CAPT. SAM BROWN'S COLT REGARDED AS DANGEROUS.

His Winning at Gravesend Last Monday Has Strengthened Belief of Admirers That He Will Capture the Classic Racing Event.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, June 1.—Capt. Samuel S. Brown of Pittsburgh is out to win the American derby, which will be run at Washington park, June 21. Since Capt. Brown returned to the turf last year he has gotten together quite a string of racers and he hopes to win a barrel of money on them.

Last season he paid $20,000 for the ante-post favorite, Garry Herrmann, and the story of that colt's affliction before the race was run is now turf history.

Capt. Brown has Hyphen entered in the race this year and the colt showed his class by winning from a good field at a mile and a sixteenth at Gravesend on Monday.

The horse ran an excellent race and gives promise of sensational work in the derby this year. He defeated Hermis and Leonora Loring, two other derby candidates, with comparative ease.

Of the 97 horses entered for the American derby at Washington park June 21 there remain about 35 which may be regarded as possibilities. Those may be so regarded either because they have raced and have shown class or because they are being pointed for the big race.

Those looked on as sure to start are: Abe Frank, Heno, Old England, Dixieline, Cruzados, Arsenal, Belle's Commoner, McChesney, Cunard, Homestead, Hyphen, Inventor, Lord Quex, Jaubert, Oom Paul, Owenton, Sombrero, Pentecost, Wyeth, The Giver.

The horses that may start are: Igniter, Allie Virgie, Cameron, Baron, Corrigan, Goldseeker, Hermis, Indian II., Jed, J. V. Kirby, Leonora Loring, Lucien Appleby, Northern Star, Otis and South Trimble.

It is almost a certainty that Abe Frank will go to the post on June 21. The son of Hanover has been one of the great disappointments of the season up to date, and yet the future books stand to pay out over $100,000 on him should he be returned winner. For this reason alone Abe Frank is still at a short price for the race.

Mr. Bennett has backed the colt liberally, and he is already so far in that he may as well draw five cards and take a chance for the pot. There is always room for one word more in behalf of Abe Frank. He has lost out with the public, but it may be remarked "in conclusion" that he was not tried until Friday in an important race over a hard, dry track. He ran a good race at Hawthorne, but was all out at the finish and a mile with weight up seems to be his limit.

Clarence Mackey, Heno's owner, is also out for the Derby. Last year he paid $10,000 for His Eminence in order to have a horse in the race. This year he is out, not only for the honor, but for revenge.

A derby colt who is now pushing Heno for the 3-year-old honors in the east, is Old England of the stable of Green B. Morris. Old England has been running good races in every start, but the performance that won him new admirers was in the Preakness stakes at Gravesend on Tuesday. The colt carried 118 pounds, and ran a mile and 70 yards in 1:45 4-5 on a sloppy track.

Old England is only one of the cards in Mr. Morris' hand. He has Homestead, which has not started in the east, but which is declared by many trainers to be a better colt than Old England.

The west is still waiting on its candidates. If looks count for anything McChesney will not be lacking in support. There have been contradictory reports about the horse, but the consensus of opinion is that he is a magnificent thoroughbred.

IN GOOD CONDITION.

M'Celland and Oleson Should Put Up a Good Contest Tonight.

Jack McClelland and Ole Oleson finished training yesterday afternoon for their 15-round bout at McKees Rocks tonight. Both men have trained faithfully for the contest, which should be one of the best ever brought off in this section.

Oleson has established quarters at the McKees Rocks race track, where he will do light work today with his sparring partners, Benny Yanger and Martin Duffy.

The preliminary bout tonight of six rounds between Harry Brown and Bart Conley promises to be a good one. Both boys are in fine condition and should put up a good contest.

American Association Scores.

At Columbus—Columbus, 9; Toledo, 5.
At Louisville—Louisville, 5; Indianapolis, 1.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 8; Milwaukee, 6.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 9; Minneapolis, 3.

Cut out this coupon, fill it in and mail it, together with the amount of your subscription, to the address given. Acknowledgment will be made through the columns of this paper.

WILLIAM A. CARR, Chairman.
Box 109, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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DREYFUSS MAY CLAIM RENTAL FOR BALL PARKS

Local President Is Entitled to Money If Freedman Allowance Is Made.

MEETING OPENS TODAY

National League Magnates Will Get Into Session in New York to Act on Giant President's Claim for Manhattan Field.

At the meeting of the National league magnates, which convenes in New York today, the principal business before the body will be to decide the question as to whether or not the league will pay Andrew Freedman, president of the New York club, full rental for Manhattan field for the year.

If the other magnates decide to make the allowance of $15,000 to the Giants' president for Manhattan field, then the Pittsburgh club owners will take a hand and insist that the league pay the rental of Recreation park and the circus grounds in Allegheny, which President Dreyfuss has leased.

The annual rental of these grounds amounts to about $5,000 a year, and Col. Dreyfuss will, in all probability, demand the same reimbursement from the league that Andrew Freedman receives.

Dreyfuss May Attend.

Secretary Harry Pulliam of the Pittsburgh team left last night for New York to attend the league meeting. President Dreyfuss did not go and in all probability will not attend unless the magnates are in session for several days. He may go east with the team tonight, and if his presence is required at the meeting he will run over to New York from Philadelphia.

Secretary Pulliam did not care to discuss the business that will likely be transacted at the meeting, but said that its main object was to decide on the Manhattan field matter.

"The proposition to attach the gate receipts of every team in the league that plays in New York for the rent of Manhattan field does not appear to be fair," he said. "Mr. Freedman rented the park for purely business reasons.

To Freedman's Advantage.

"It is to his advantage as well as to the National league's to have the American kept out of New York. We have rented grounds here for the same purpose and have never asked the league for a penny.

"Take for instance St. Louis, which team is in rather hard lines at present. Is it fair that Robinson's share of the gate receipts be attached in New York."

The present meeting of the magnates has been called by John T. Brush, chairman of the National league executive board, at the instance of John I. Rogers of the Philadelphia team. At the close of the first series between New York and Philadelphia at the Polo grounds at the opening of the season, Andrew Freedman attached the Quakers' share of the gate receipts in order to have a certain amount set aside as the Philadelphia team's quota of the rent of Manhattan field.

Football Games Switched.

Freedman has rented Manhattan field at an annual rental of $15,000 per year. Columbia university has heretofore occupied the grounds for football purposes. Last fall, however, Freedman switched the football games to the Polo grounds and his share of the receipts for the season amounted to $10,400.

The magnates think it is unjust for the New York club owner to charge them the full amount of rent on Manhattan field and there will be some heated arguments on the question before the close of the present meeting.

Several club owners have already been put on record that they are willing that the league should pay Mr. Freedman the difference between the rent of Manhattan field and the amount he receives each season for football purposes, which would be about $4,600.

While Secretary Pulliam would not discuss the proposition he will likely lay before the magnates to offset Freedman's plans, he would not deny that if the league voted to pay the Giants' president for the use for Manhattan field that he would enter a claim for the rental of Recreation park and the circus ground.

Gravesend's Racing Card.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The following are the Gravesend entries for Monday:

First race, hurdle handicap, one and three-fourth miles—Cephalalgia, 150; Draughtsman, 153; Semper Ira, 150; Colbert, 147; Marylander, 145; Tankard, 141; Mr. Stoffel, 136; Big Gun, 133; Collegian, 132.

Second race, selling, five furlongs—Hedge, Dark Planet, 110; Warte Nicht, 109; Judge Voorhies, 107; Cruachen, 106; Gilfain, Bernard, Mackey Dwyer, 105; Gloriosa, Blue Delft, 104; Makeda, Colleny, Stunts, Royal Ensign, 102; Bobbinet, 99; Minatour, 109; Faust, 96; Soothsayer, Briers, 94.

Third race, one mile and 70 yards—'Squire Quinne, Goldsby, Bonus, Courtenay, Odds and Ends, Knight of Snowden, Sterling Fox, Kaleidoscope, 112; East Keaston, Caller, Lord Badger, Knight Templar, Beggar, Daffo Down Dilly, Dachschund, Moroten, Lord Sterling, 109; Tschula, Anna Darling, 107; Goody Good, 105.

Fourth race, the Manhanset stakes, five furlongs—Discus, Attorney, Pride of Galore, Bob Hilliard, Janeway, Napoleon, Peeper, Blue Ribbon, Fire Eater, Hurstbourne, Sir Voorhies, Brimstone, Rockford, 115.

Fifth race, handicap, one and one-sixteenth miles—Belle of Troy, 115; Hermis, 114; Highlander, 110; Kamara, 109; Lombre, Himself, 107; Moor, 103; Numeral, 100; St. Finnan, 98; Col. Hill, 89.

Sixth race, selling, about six furlongs—Josepha, 107; Kingraine, 106; Rappenecker, 104; Alard Scheck, Military, 101; Malden, Duckoy, 98; Bruff, 97; May J., 95; Jack McGinnis, 92; Ghost, 91; Chiron, 85.

Seventh race, about six furlongs—Petra II., Mark Sheeck, Brandy Smash, 108; Candling, Early Eve, Knapsack, 103; Frank Keane, 102; Bastile, Ziegfeld, 98; Ascension, Neither One, 97; Golden Cottage, 95; Oclawaha, 89.

School Teams to Play.

The Allegheny Preparatory school will try its luck against the Allegheny High school tomorrow afternoon at Exposition park at 3:30 o'clock. A large crowd is expected as a warm game is looked for. The Prep boys have been playing good ball of late, and expect to break High school's record as they did Wups. Knox will probably do the twirling for the Preps, while James and Burgess will be Allegheny High school's battery.

Aged Man Is Missing.

Relatives of William McGarvey, aged 77 years, of Avenue station yesterday afternoon and evening importuned the police of both cities to try and locate the old gentleman. He left his home on Saturday evening without his relatives' knowledge and had not been located up to a late hour last night. The old gentleman is suffering from softening of the brain, his relatives say, and at times cannot tell his name or where he lives. His wife died about seven weeks ago and since that time his mind has been weaker. He wandered away from home last fall and was picked up two days later in Sharpsburg. If found his relatives will have him placed in an asylum.

POLICEMEN MUST SALUTE THEIR COMMANDERS

This Is Especially True If the Officer Failed to Sign "Yellow Kid."

TWENTY-TWO ON BOOKS

Will Be Court-Martialed for Their Breach of Etiquette, Unless Some Military Expert Shows the Superiors Where Knowledge Is Lacking.

The policemen who refused to sign the "Yellow Kid" are brushing up on military etiquette. Twenty-two of them are down on the books for neglecting to salute a superior officer and will be hauled over the coals at the court of inquiry today. In view of the fact that they declined to settle with the organization's cashier the penalty may be loss of position.

The members of the detective force are exempt. During the last week Supt. Philip Demmel ordered all of the employes under him to sign. They have complied with the order. The councilmanic investigating committee will call Demmel as a witness. He may also be asked to tell who signed his name.

There are very few of the policemen who have agreed to help pay the old debts of the organization. They believe that campaign funds should be secured from other sources and some of them are not backward in mentioning the various "kitties" that might be tapped.

"Shadowing" Policemen.

The policemen who have refused to sign the assessment book are being watched. They cannot be discharged for declining to disgorge for campaign purposes, so other reasons must be found for getting them off the force—neglect of duty or a breach in police etiquette is the favorite route.

Just now the men on the East End beats are being watched. They do not know at what moment a superior officer will slip up on them and find some excuse for making a report to headquarters. A favorite plan of the superiors is to ride through Oakland and the East End after nightfall. They dart by a patrolman and in some cases turn their faces away as they approach. The subordinate is supposed to salute and if he fails he is likely to have charges preferred against him. Some of these rounds are made late in the night—after "taps," militarily speaking. Under army rules, which are apparently in partial practice just now, it is not the duty of a guard to salute except at the guardhouse when the officer of the day makes his appearance.

Democratic Argument.

The Democrats of the Fourth legislative district are getting into a quarrel over the nomination of an assemblyman, and the fight is spreading to the county commissionership.

John J. Sweeney wants to succeed himself in the Fourth district. The old organization has refused to assist him this time and the Citizens will not indorse him. The latter party is said to favor W. J. Ryan of the Twelfth ward, whose candidacy is championed by George S. Fleming. The Sweeney boom is backed by Police Magistrate Bernard McKenna, Alderman Stephen Toole and others.

Fleming is also friendly to the candidacy of James A. Clark for a third term as county commissioner. As a club to force Fleming to assist Sweeney the supporters of the latter are inclined to oppose Clark, probably throwing their support to Jury Commissioner D. J. McCarthy, who wants to be the Democratic nominee for commissioner. The battle is just opening and for the present there is no evidence of a compromise.

How Clark May Win.

There will be just 39 delegates in the next Democratic county convention, or triple the number of delegates from the county to the state convention. The Fourth district is entitled to three delegates. These representatives to the county convention will be elected by the same convention that nominates a candidate for assembly, so the two contests can easily be combined.

There is a great deal of objection among the Democrats to nominating either Clark or McCarthy. Many members of the party think that both men have had enough and should stand aside for an entirely new man. Clark's hope of capturing the Democratic nomination lies in the fact that there will be but 39 delegates and the organization will help him secure a majority of these. The Democrats say that if there were representation from each of the voting precincts in the county he would be an easy man to defeat.

The feeling is running high on the commissionership, and it will be a sore spot in the convention. If Clark is indorsed by the Citizens and another man is put on the ticket with him there will be a large element of the party that will throw its support to the other nominee and cut Clark.

May Fight With Citizens.

There are also a number of Democrats who are expecting that there will be a quarrel with the Citizens party management, and the result will be a straight Citizens ticket, ignoring the Democrats. This is likely to grow out of the fact that there will be a demand from the Democrats for more than four places on the ticket, and the demand will not be acceded to by the Citizens. The Democratic convention will not be held until August and by that time it will be possible to get a pretty fair line on the sentiment in the county. Should the conditions indicate a sure Citizens victory the Democrats will want in. They like office and may assist upon a more liberal split than is now intended. They are also disposed to fight for congressmen in all of the districts. The congressional nominations are made by the county convention, the selection of all candidates with the exception of assemblymen being left to this body.

Recorder J. O. Brown is home from his visit to Gov. W. A. Stone, but has not told the public whether he agreed to deliver the local delegates to Stone's candidate for governor.

HER POMPADOUR AND "RAT" SAVED BRADDOCK WOMAN'S LIFE.

The "rat" in a pompadour prevented a tragedy in Braddock yesterday, and the women of that town, more especially Mrs. Blasius Cycozeski, will be more addicted than ever to that fascinating style of modern hair-dressing. David Allen, a 12-year-old boy, was playing in Eleventh avenue, Braddock, yesterday about 10 a. m. A sparrow in the middle of the street caught his eye, and he threw a stone at it. Joseph Bukoval, a Hungarian, was riding past on his new bicycle just at that time, and the stone taking an ugly bound struck his wheel. With an oath he jumped off, and, as the boy started to run down the street, he pulled a revolver and opened fire on the lad. He had only been able to fire one shot when the boy vanished around the corner. The bullet went wild and sped through a shutter and window of Cycozeski's home. Mrs. Cycozeski was in a stooping posture inside the room and the bullet hit her fairly on the head. She was unconscious for some time. When she recovered it was found that the bullet had been partially stopped by her pompadour, which included a heavy "rat," and had finally wound up by shattering a comb and a few hairpins. She suffered no other evil effects than a severe headache, and holds the "rat" responsible for the saving of her life. In the meantime Bukoval had been arrested by the police and fined $10 for disorderly conduct. He will be rearrested this morning on a charge of felonious shooting.

BIG MAIN BROKE.

Property in Wilkinsburg Damaged for the Third Time by Flood of Water.

There was another break in the 42-inch water main of the Pennsylvania Water Company in Laketon avenue, Wilkinsburg, yesterday morning and considerable damage was done to property in the vicinity by the water, the principal sufferers being John Stump and Jacob Amsler.

The main burst at an early hour and there were few people on the streets, which accounts for the absence of fatalities. This is the third time within the past few months that this main has broken, all the breaks having occurred in a distance of less than one mile, one of them resulting in loss of life. Last winter a house in Anderson street, Wilkinsburg, was washed away in a similar break and a number of persons had narrow escapes from death. The courts have condemned this main and a new system will have to be installed at an expense of several hundred thousand dollars.

WANT MORE MONEY.

Probable that Local Machinists Will Make a Demand for Additional 10 Per Cent.

Shop committees of all the machine concerns of the Pittsburgh district met yesterday to take the preliminary steps for bettering wage conditions. The report of the meeting suggesting that a demand be formulated asking for an advance of about 10 per cent will be presented to the next meeting of the district council of the machinists on Wednesday night.

William A. Shaw, head of the machinists' district organization, returned yesterday from the Beaver valley. He announced that the men of the Pennsylvania Engineering Company at New Castle will strike this morning for a wage advance of 10 per cent. The men of the Beaver valley, including shops at Beaver Falls and New Brighton, have formulated a demand for a nine-hour day at the present wage for 10 hours, to become effective June 10. Twelve shops are involved in this.

LONG TIME IN HARNESS.

Principal Sylvester Stotler Again Chosen Head of Allegheny School.

The board of the Thirteenth ward, Allegheny, has elected teachers as follows: Syl Stotler, principal; Eugenie Mayhard, Lyda Mayhard, Martha Ehlers, Ella McKenna, Lillian Sains, Mary G. Crown, Carrie Meess, Annie Jenkinson, Bertha Boehmig, A. M. Eggers, Margaret Manning, Katie Beyer, G. C. Levi, N. B. Levi and M. E. Dillon. This is Prof. Stotler's eighteenth election in this ward, and his thirty-fifth in connection with the superintendency of the schools of Reserve township, from which the Thirteenth ward sprang.

The school board of the Seventh ward, Allegheny, has elected the following teachers for the coming year: E. P. Johnston, principal; Pauline Mohn, Minnie Sink, Mary Glemser, Ada Stanford, Louise Aldinger, May Hawk, Mabel Cox, Matilda Gordon, Eva Fielding, Jessie Hutchison, Naomi Donahey, Sadie Crea, Gertrude Cooper, Margaret Hamilton, Elizabeth Fairley, Lida Campbell, Lillian Boschert, Mary Hughes, Bessie Dunseath, Jane Matthews and Adda Martin.

FOUR MEET DEATH IN A BIG HOTEL FIRE AT SEASHORE

Nine Hostelries Are Destroyed, Causing Loss of More Than $100,000.

SEVERAL PERSONS HURT

Frame Buildings at Rockaway Beach Prove Tinder Boxes When Flames Get a Start—Number of Persons Receive Slight Burns.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, June 1.—Max Kasten, 32 years old, and Mrs. Lydia McKrow, the same age, lost their lives today in a fire which swept away many buildings at Rockaway beach.

Thomas S. McKrow and his son Frank, aged 5; Martin Hanson, aged 28, and Morris Kasten, aged 75, were injured. Several hours later young McKrow died and the father was reported to be dying.

The fire started in the frame dwelling occupied by the Kastens. In a short time it spread to an unoccupied brick building and then in succession leveled the following structures:

Kasten's hotel, the Collonade hotel, the Casino, Walters' hotel, Sagamore hotel, Burns' hotel, Seaside Avenue museum, the Annex hotel, one-story frame hotel, unoccupied; Peterson's hotel, the Mousette hotel.

Structures damaged were: Harry Genette's store, Herr Bros.' store, the Morrison stables and Brennan's hotel.

The buildings for the most part were frame and the loss is estimated at about $120,000.

After the fire had been controlled the body of a man was found burned to a crisp in one of the buildings. He is supposed to have been a candymaker. A number of persons received slight burns.

The fire appears to have started in the kitchen of Kasten's hotel.

WANTS ROOSEVELT TO MAKE AN INQUIRY

Catholic Truth Society Believes Filipinos Are Being Maltreated by Americans.

The Catholic Truth society of Pittsburgh adopted a resolution last night at a meeting held in the cathedral lyceum, requesting President Roosevelt to "make a strict and searching inquiry into the religious and civil injustice to which the Filipinos are compelled to submit, with a view to laying before the American people the whole truth as to their treatment." This resolution is in the form of a letter and will be forwarded to the president today.

The resolution was offered by John A. Coakley and seconded by the Rev. Father J. F. Regis Canevin, who, in the course of a brief address, denied that the Filipinos are ignorant or superstitious and asserted that it is high time American Catholics, as citizens of the republic, demand better treatment of their co-religionists in the Philippines.

WANTED TO DIE, TOO.

Woman Tried to Throw Herself Under Train When She Found Her Husband Dead.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., June 1.—(Special.)—Andy Salatka, a Hungarian, aged 29 years, was killed by a shifter at the Brownstown crossing last night. This morning his wife, who is 22 years old, arrived in this city with her 14-months'-old child. She had journeyed to America from Hungary, her husband having fitted up a cozy home for her.

When told of Salatka's death at the depot she made frantic efforts to throw herself under the wheels of the train on which she arrived.

ELKIN LOSES OVER HALF OF THE CONTESTS

Wins Tioga Narrowly; Most of Saturday's Primaries Against Him.

COSTS STONE HARD WORK

Champaign, the Quayite, to Be Renominated for Assembly—Both Sides Claim Victory in York, News Received on Capitol Hill.

By a majority of 200 John P. Elkin on Saturday secured the indorsement of Tioga county for governor. This gives him the four delegates from that county.

This information was received last evening by Assistant City Attorney A. J. Niles in a telegram from his father, Judge Jerome B. Niles of Tioga. The message also said that William E. Champaign had been renominated for assemblyman. He was the one Tioga member who went into the senatorial caucus of 1901 and voted for Senator M. S. Quay. The insurgents made a hard fight to defeat him.

With returns from but little more than half the county both Elkinites and the opposition claim to have carried York county at the primaries held Saturday night.

Elkin and Stone Get Returns.

HARRISBURG, PA., June 1.—(Special.)—With three small districts to hear from Attorney General Elkin claims to have carried Tioga county over Judge Pennypacker by 334 majority. Elkin says the missing districts will not materially change the result and that Pennypacker's adherents concede the election of his four delegates.

The vote polled at yesterday's primaries was larger than that cast for McKinley at the last presidential election, the Elkin vote being 4,025 and Pennypacker's 3,691. The indications are that Representatives Champaign, Quayite and Hitchcock, anti-Quayite, are renominated, although the anti-Quayites claim to have nominated ex-District Attorney Dunsmore.

Gov. Stone, Senator Focht of Union county and Elkin received the returns last night by telephone at the executive mansion. Early in the evening the returns were very discouraging, but about midnight the country districts came in and changed the result sufficiently to justify Elkin in claiming the election of his delegates. Stone regards it more as a personal victory than a victory for Elkin.

Elkin's campaign was in charge of Robert K. Young, attorney for Stone's capitol commission, who was assisted by Deputy Attorney General Fleitz, a native of the county, and all the state appointees from there. Walter T. Merrick, naval officer of the Philadelphia port, who directed the Pennypacker canvass, carried his home town of Blossburg in spite of the efforts of Joseph Revie, night watchman in the state library, who traveled the district night and day for ten days before the primaries.

The Elkinites claim that as a result of the Tioga victory, Elkin will get every vote in the Deemer congressional district, although this is very doubtful. Clinton's two delegates have refused to pledge themselves for Elkin, and Lycoming's four and Potter's two decline to commit themselves.

Quay Well Satisfied.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—(Special.)—Senator Quay this afternoon expressed himself as perfectly satisfied with the result of the primaries held throughout the state yesterday, the anti-Elkin people securing more than one-half of the delegates. He was not surprised at the result in Tioga county, as he was not so sanguine as some of his friends that the county could be carried. In the brief time that has elapsed since Judge Pennypacker entered the contest splendid work has been done, and to be defeated by such a small margin in Tioga county was not discreditable.

With the delegates elected yesterday, 201 delegates have been selected to the convention that meets in Harrisburg one week from Wednesday. Of this number, at least 125 are known to be anti-Elkin and will go into the convention to vote for Judge Pennypacker, L. A. Watres or whomever the party leaders may select. Of the 157 to be elected next Saturday, at the lowest, 100 will vote for the nomination of Judge Pennypacker or L. A. Watres, giving the friends of Senators Quay and Penrose at least 225 delegates out of the 358 in the convention.

Senator Quay does not expect to go to Harrisburg until next Sunday, and will make his headquarters in the house leased by Senator Penrose on Capitol hill. Senator Penrose will go to Harrisburg next Thursday, and with Commissioner of Insurance Durham will take charge of the anti-Elkin forces.

It has not been decided who shall have the honor of placing Judge Pennypacker in nomination, nor has it been decided who will be next state chairman.

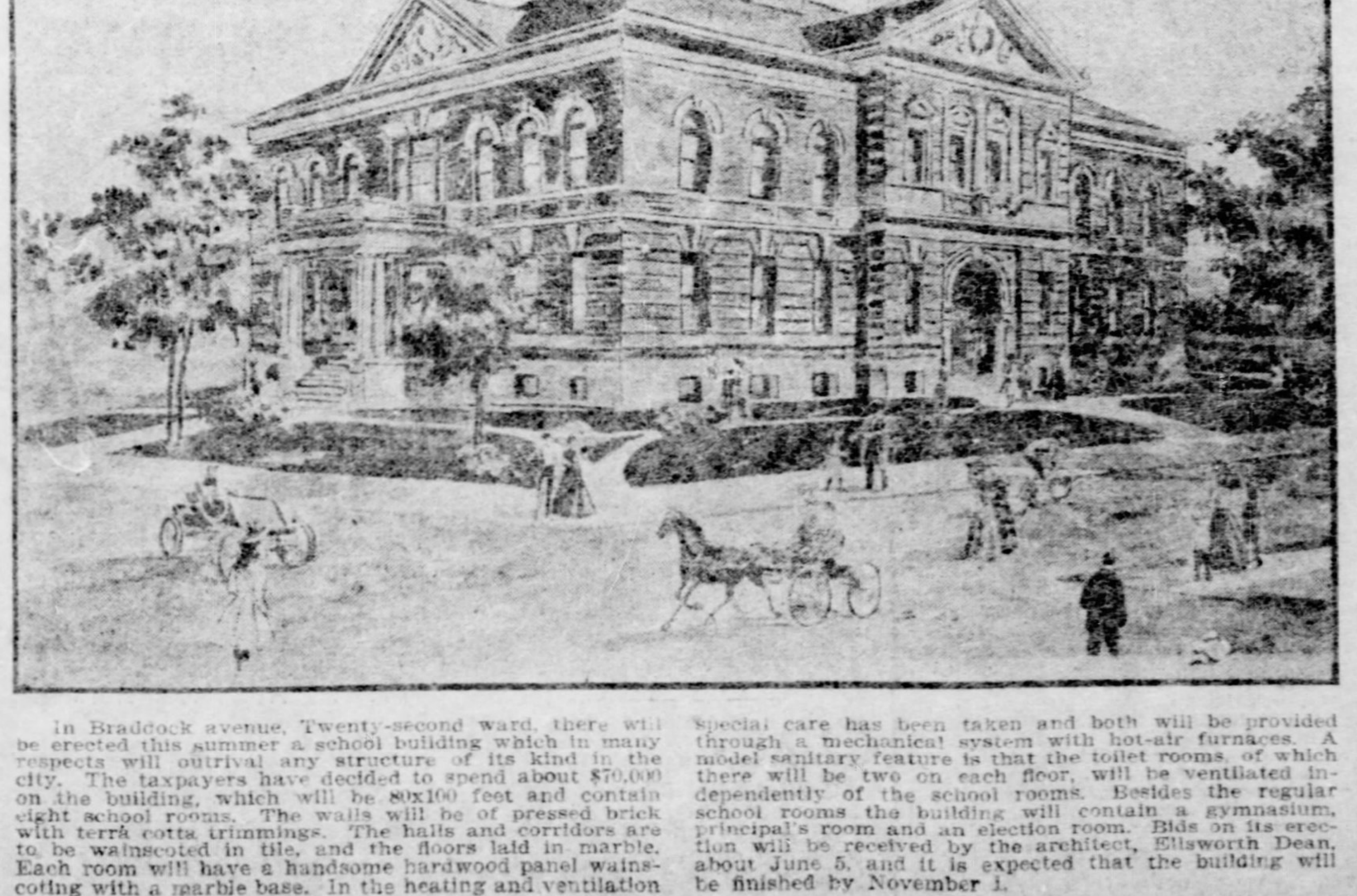
TALKED OF ASSEMBLY.

Dr. Thomas Parry of Wilkinsburg Told Congregation of Big Gathering.

At the Sunday evening service at the First Presbyterian church, Wilkinsburg, the Rev. Dr. Thomas Parry, who returned last week from the Presbyterian general assembly in New York city, entertained a large congregation with an interesting review of the work accomplished, a word picture of the general assembly, the battle for the moderatorship, the grand receptions at the Waldorf-Astoria and at Princeton university, the spiritual forces of the church and its characteristic men.

At the prayer meeting Wednesday evening Dr. Parry will address the congregation relative to the big meeting in Carnegie hall in behalf of foreign missions at which President Roosevelt spoke.

NEW PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE TO BE BUILT IN THE TWENTY-SECOND WARD WILL OUTRIVAL ALL OTHERS.



In Braddock avenue, Twenty-second ward, there will be erected this summer a school building which in many respects will outrival any structure of its kind in the city. The taxpayers have decided to spend about $70,000 on the building, which will be 80x100 feet and contain eight school rooms. The walls will be of pressed brick with terra cotta trimmings. The halls and corridors are to be wainscoted in tile, and the floors laid in marble. Each room will have a handsome hardwood panel wainscoting with a marble base. In the heating and ventilation special care has been taken and both will be provided through a mechanical system with hot-air furnaces. A model sanitary feature is that the toilet rooms, of which there will be two on each floor, will be ventilated independently of the school rooms. Besides the regular school rooms the building will contain a gymnasium, principal's room and an election room. Bids on its erection will be received by the architect, Ellsworth Dean, about June 5, and it is expected that the building will be finished by November 1.

YOU CAN KICK A STONE WALL IF-
YOU WEAR ALLEN'S ANTISEPTIC CORN PLASTERS.
At druggists. Price 10c. Manufactured by GEORGE M. DORRANCE, 210 Fulton St., New York

One cent per word, each insertion, payable in advance, is all it costs to advertise in

GAZETTE
WANT
COLUMNS.

Quick and reliable returns is what you get in return for the investment. Try them.

THE RATE FOR Wants, For Sale, For Rent, Lost, Found, Personals and All Classified Advertisements in THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE IS ONE CENT PER WORD when paid for in advance.

For the convenience of advertisers The Pittsburgh Gazette has established the following branch offices, where classified advertisements may be left at regular rates, 1c per word, each insertion, cash in advance. Advertisements left at any branch office will be telephoned to the main office, thus insuring prompt publication.

PITTSBURGH.

BRUSHTON AVE., 318—F. S. Weisser & Co.
BUTLER ST., 3400—David Lewis.
BUTLER ST., 3521—H. C. Knapp.
BUTLER ST., COR. 43D—R. M. Totten.
BUTLER ST., COR. 44TH—A. W. Covert.
BUTLER ST., 5202—Henry A. Spilker.
CARVER ST., COR. PARK AVE.—R. B. McKelvey.
CENTER AVE., 1801—T. F. Moore.
CENTER AVE., 2101—C. F. Nourse.
CENTER AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—The Bell Pharmacy.
CENTER AVE., COR. NEVILLE ST.—Shadyside Grocery Company.
COLLINS AVE., 113—William Lindeman.
CONGRESS ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—C. F. McMurray.
DALLAS AVE., COR. KELLY ST.—McCabe's.
FIFTH AVE., 1221—Robin Drug Company.
FIFTH AVE., 1401, COR. STEVENSON—Chas. L. Young.
FIFTH AVE., 1734—Harper & Wayne.
FIFTH AVE., 2220—McKee & Deflin.
FIFTH AVE., 3614—Ihrig's Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 3705—Central Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 1430—Thumm Bros., Stationers.
FORBES ST., 2706—John M. Hohman.
FORBES ST., COR. CRAIG—Geo. A. Charles.
FORTY-THIRD ST., COR. BUTLER—R. M. Totten.
FORTY-THIRD ST., COR. BUTLER—A. W. Covert.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., COR. PENN—Schilling Bros. Company.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 120—E. G. Suffal.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 234, COR. PARK—O. F. Freebing.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 6956—Theo. T. Hill.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 1900, COR. OAKWOOD ST.—McKee & Berlin.
FULTON ST., COR. WYLIE—Wm. Shuchmann.
FULTON ST., 108—F. J. Kellenberger.
HAMILTON AVE., COR. HOMEWOOD—J. R. McCreary.
JUNILLA ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—E. H. Melvin.
KIRKPATRICK ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—James Sieling.
KELLY ST., COR. DALLAS AVE.—McCabe's.
LARIMER AVE., 419—F. J. Brehm.
NEVILLE ST., COR. CENTER AVE.—Shadyside Grocery Company.
OAKWOOD ST., COR. FRANKSTOWN AVE.—McKee & Berlin.
PARK AVE., COR. FRANKSTOWN AVE.—O. F. Freebing.

WANTED.

Agents.

WANTED Intelligent, enthusiastic men and women to take orders for a great book that has been eagerly awaited by thousands of freedom-loving people. Michael Davitt's stirring history of THE BOER FIGHT FOR FREEDOM, the complete, graphic, authoritative, ardent account of one of the grandest struggles the world has seen of a free people to maintain their liberty. Here is the whole truth at last obtained from direct sources, unmutilated and uncolored by British censors or prejudiced correspondents. Wide-awake canvassers can easily make $5 and more per day. Boer sympathizers, specially, can make a resistless appeal to the born love of freedom which lives in every merican heart. Address Funk & Wagnalls many, 30 Lafayette Place, New York.

TS—
For it's how is dear old Ireland,
And how does she stand?
SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE
Are the finest in the land.
They put life into a nation
And color in your face.
If the women all would drink them
Why, they wouldn't have to lace.

Male Help.

ARE you seeking employment? Do you wish to make a change? We furnish excellent positions to good men.
STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

BOOKKEEPER—Bright young man of some experience to keep books and do general office work in brokerage office. State experience, salary wanted and references. Send application in handwriting. Address A 77, The Gazette.

BOOKKEEPERS, salesmen, collectors, office assistants, stenographers, entry, shipping, stock and bill clerks quickly placed.
STAR BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

BOY—Strong boy about 17 years old to learn art glass trade. Apply
RUDY BROS.,
Highland and Center aves., East End, city.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced, quick with fixtures; some knowledge of stenography; state ages and where last employed. Address D 75, The Gazette.

BRICK YARD men; good hands for brick yard. Apply at yard, Shady ave., south of Forbes st.; steady work and good pay.

BARBER—Second hand. 206 Market st., Pittsburgh.

BOY—16 or 18, to run passenger elevator. Apply to Wm. Campbell, Fifth ave.

BOYS—Six boys to fold circulars; $3 50 a week. 412 Chronicle Telegraph Bldg.

DO not fool away your time and shoe leather, when by calling upon us we place you in touch with employers who need you.
STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

DO not tramp the city looking for work. Call on us. We can send you direct to employers who need men.
STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

DISHWASHER in a lunch room. 36 Diamond square, Pittsburgh.

FIRST-CLASS millinery trimmers and makers. Apply The Fair, Fifth ave., McKeesport.

Looking for employment for six weeks,
Failed to find it.
Called at the STAR BUREAU,
Engaged within 6 hours.
120 Sixth st.

MACHINISTS—Those having railroad experience preferred. Call room 24, Baltimore & Ohio passenger depot after 9 a. m.

MACHINISTS to go out of city to work in non-union shop. Apply room 415, 331 Fourth ave.

POSITIONS SECURED for illustrators, ad. writers, journalists, bookkeepers, stenographers and proofreaders, provided they are members of our Institute. Pay us no tuition fee until we have secured for you a position. Write at once, mentioning the subject you wish to study. Correspondence Institute of America, Box 646, Scranton, Pa.

PANTS FINISHERS—First-class pay to expert custom pants finishers. Jackson's, 954 Liberty st.

PRESS FEEDER—H. C. Knapp, printer, 3521 Butler st., city.

PAINTERS—Five first-class painters on Monday morning at 225 Main st., West End.

SPECIALTY salesmen acquainted with grocery trade; splendid salary and commission; permanent position; rare opening for good men. Inquire 8 a. m., room 516, House Bldg., Smithfield and Water sts.

WANTED.

Male Help.

STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
EXPERIENCE 29 YEARS, AND RELIABLE.
Quickly place desirable men in good positions, from heads of departments to porters, janitors and others. 120 Sixth st.

STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
ESTABLISHED AND RELIABLE.
UNDER EXPERIENCED MANAGEMENT.
29 YEARS' CONTINUOUS BUSINESS.
120 Sixth st.

STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
OLDEST, LARGEST AND BEST.
Men of every class (American only) can secure employment from bookkeepers to porters and mechanics. 120 Sixth st.

THE STAR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
THE KING OF THEM ALL.
Established and reliable, 29 years' experience enables us to place good men in desirable positions. 120 Sixth st.

TINNER—A good, sober tinner; steady employment. C. O. Schroyer, Dawson, Pa.

TRUSTWORTHY person in each county to manage business, old established house, solid financial standing; straight, bona fide weekly cash salary $18, paid by check each Wednesday, with all expenses, direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses. Manager, 369 Caxton bldg., Chicago.

WATCHMEN, janitors, porters, drivers, engineers, machinists and men of every class furnished free to employers.
STAR BUREAU,
120 Sixth st.

WANTED for U. S. army; able-bodied unmarried men between ages 21 and 35, citizens of United States; of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 951 Penn ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—Three or four good stout boys from 16 to 18 years of age to work in cracker shop. Apply at office, Ward-Mackey Co., 3212 Liberty ave., city.

Female Help.

GIRL to stand in market; No. 35 Diamond market, opposite No. 16 Diamond square, Pittsburgh.

GIRLS for marking department. Apply at once Brace Bros., West Wilkinsburg.

GIRL for general housework; reference required. 6830 Kelly st., E. E.

THREE bright young ladies to do office work; must have very best of references; good salary paid. Apply at Superintendent's Office, Kaufmann's store.

WOMEN demonstrators; nice genteel work; no canvassing; good salary and splendid chance for advancement. Inquire 8 a. m., room 516, House Bldg., Smithfield and Water sts.

WOMAN stenographer and assistant bookkeeper; must be accurate at figures. Call after 10 a. m. W. A. Griffith, 416 [illegible] ave.

100 GIRLS to work in packing and icing department; good wages to experienced help. Apply at office, Ward-Mackey Co., 3212 Liberty ave., city.

Male and Female Help.

MALE and female help supplied. Walker's, 616 Duquesne way. Both telephones, No. 330.

$15 weekly made at home copying writing representing us; two stamps with application. Hawkeye Mercantile Co., Clinton, Ia.

Situations—Male.

SITUATION by middle-aged man; mechanical or garden work. Address Mox 203, Swissvale.

Situations—Female.

POSITION by young woman as saleslady in store. Address N 6, The Gazette.

Partners.

WANTED—Partner—
A good, honest, sober man, with $7,000 to invest in one of the best paying businesses in Allegheny county, business already established; can show books; good reasons for wanting a partner. Address T 5, The Gazette.

Pupils.

RENO
SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP SCHOOL.
432 Wood st. Most modern progressive, thorough and practical school in Western Pennsylvania. Under the personal direction of MR. MARSHALL H. RENO, for over 15 years engaged in reporting in the Allegheny county and United States court; MR. E. L. WOODWARD, for many years professor of shorthand in the Pittsburgh high school, and MR. H. G. BURTNER, for seven years professor of penmanship in the same institution, assisted by MISS EMMA C. SAWHILL, and other expert instructors. Day and evening sessions the entire year. Call or send for catalogue. Bell telephone 2526 Court.

RENO SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP SCHOOL, 432 Wood st. Day and evening sessions the entire year. Call or write for catalogue. Bell telephone 2526 Court.

SPANISH IN TEN WEEKS for $20. Berlitz school, 515 Penn ave.

Miscellaneous.

GIRLS who are to enter examination for high school or college to become smart and beautiful by drinking SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE.
It gives you a nice complexion
And makes you look so sweet,
That the young man who is waiting
Will fall down at your feet.

WANTED—
Satisfaction Coffee
And Satisfaction Tea;
One is as good as the other
And both are as good as can be.
Even the aroma gives you inspiration, when you drink it you're a whole encyclopedia.

BOYS who are to enter examinations for high school or college to drink SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE.
They sharpen up your faculties
And make you quick to think.
Then you'll get your answers right
And not the dinky dink.

WANTED—50,000 women, who are over 70 years of age, to drink SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE. It will brace you up and take you back to your girlhood days and make you feel as if you could die waltzing. Sold by all live grocers.

SUMMER BOARDING—With 3 or 4 rooms by family of eight; will pay first-class price, but expect nice, shady place and good board, in suburbs or country, convenient to electric cars or trains. Address Y 8, The Gazette.

COMMERCIAL stationery, printing and blank books; the kind that pleases; done promptly and right by H. C. Knapp, printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

MEN—Blind ones preferred, to try SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE and SEE how much better they are than any other brand sold. Ask your grocer.

WANTED—You to examine our printing carefully. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Bell 'phone 81 Fisk; P. & A., 81 Lawrence.

SIGNS ON most anything or place. P. J. Byrne, 634 Fifth ave. Both 'phones.

WANTED—To know if you want printing done by a good printer? H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st.

FOR RENT.

East End Residences.

SEND US YOUR NAME and your address and we'll send you our up-to-date list of properties for rent and for sale.
PRUDENTIAL TRUST CO.,
Penn and Center aves., E. E.

LIST YOUR PROPERTIES For rent or for sale with us and be assured of prompt and liberal treatment.
PRUDENTIAL TRUST CO.,
Penn and Center aves., E. E.

SEND for my rent list of East End houses. F. A. Van Gorder, 6212 Penn ave. Tel. 301.

FOR RENT.

Allegheny Houses.

FOR RENT—At once until fall, apartment, two to four rooms, second floor; furnished complete; Wilton carpets, Welsbach lights, hot water, porcelain bath, brass beds, mahogany furniture, telephone; near park; cheap. Address B 77, The Gazette.

Rooms.

THE HERMITAGE.
7225 Meade street, East End,
one block from Penn and Homewood avenues. West Wilkinsburg cars, via Fifth or Penn. Elegantly furnished suites, with private bath. Large grounds, porches and shade trees. A strictly high-class private boarding house.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room at 517 Second st., Allegheny.

Store Rooms.

WANTED—TENANTS.
For store room in the Iroquois building, Forbes, Meyran avenue and Atwood street; elegant, large, well lighted and ventilated room. The following business would pay: Millinery, Drygoods and trimmings, shoe store, hardware, tailoring and strictly first-class cafe. Light and heat plant on the premises, together with artesian well with good supply fine water; all included in rent; size of room, 20x80 feet. Apply to
CHAS. H. CHANCE, Oakland Bank.

Furnished Houses.

ROOMING HOUSE—10 rooms, furnished complete; good location, Fourth ave.; rent $55; price $800. Address D 6, The Gazette.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

$4,700—For this week to make quick sale. Choice pressed brick reception hall house, in good location near Wilkinsburg station. Built 2 years, could not be duplicated at present prices. A fine home for little money. Inquire E. Hallett, 440 Fourth ave.

IF you want to buy or sell any kind of real estate, see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

Allegheny Residences.

FOR SALE—Second ward, near North ave. $5,750. Rental 600; brick house, 8 rooms, hall, bath and all conveniences. On rear, brick house, 4 rooms.
T. C. ALLISON,
309 Federal street.

East End Residences.

OWNER is discouraged with his efforts to sell. Will sell at very low price a 10 room new brick house, Rebecca st., East End, corner property; see us about it quick.
SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
307 Fourth ave.

$4,500 for eight-roomed frame house, with bath, gas and laundry; on Penn ave., E. E.; large lot; terms to suit. M. R. Miller & Co., 6200 Penn ave.

Lots.

FOR SALE.
13 acres in 18th ward, fronting on Stanton ave. See James McKee, owner, No. 2109 Penn ave., city.

Lands and Acreages.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
One hundred (100) acres of land adjoining Duquesne, Pa., suitable for sub-dividing in lots; for further information inquire of
E. P. FAIDLEY & CO.,
14 West Grant ave., Duquesne, Pa.
'Phone 2242.

Real Estate—Special.

FOLLOW IN THE FOOTSTEPS
OF THE SHREWD INVESTORS.
BUY BELMAR PROPERTY!

Nobody looking for a fine home in a refined neighborhood or for an investment that will net them big money will overlook Belmar Place houses.

The splendid modern brick residences we are offering on easy terms at

—$3,000 to $5,000—

are positively equal in beauty, design and environments to adjoining properties that are being held at double our prices.

Belmar Place is undoubtedly Pittsburgh's ideal residence section; look at its location; situated in the Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, in a refined, beautiful neighborhood, free from all dirt, soot and smoke; has every city convenience; graded, sewered and asphalt streets, city water, both gases, unequaled railroad and traction transportation service, with trains and electric cars running to and from the city at any minute you want to go.

It is a great place to buy a home to live in yourself or to hold as an investment.

We still have some choice Belmar lots for sale at remarkably low prices considering the wonderful future this property is bound to have; the man who buys now is bound to reap big returns.

We Are Selling These Lots on
TERMS—$25 DOWN.
BALANCE WITHOUT INTEREST.

For full particulars see
THE BEECHWOOD IMPROVEMENT CO., LIMITED,
Offices, Times Building, or on the Property.

MY BUSINESS is selling real estate and loaning money on mortgages; buyers, sellers and borrowers, come to John P. Rush, St. Nicholas building, 450 Fourth ave. (21 years in business in this city.) P. & A. 'Phone M 2351.

Business Opportunities.

BUSINESS of all kinds sold, partners secured for established business, stock companies organized and industrial enterprises financed; all business strictly confidential.
CAVANAGH & CO., removed to 236 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE, Lease or Royalty—Stone quarry suitable for dimension stone and curbing; Gainster rock for silica brick; fire clay of low impurities; railroad connections, incline, cars, etc. H. Box 26, Scottdale, Pa.

FOR SALE—One of the best earning routes in East Liberty, handling all Sunday papers. Call from 2 to 6 p. m., Station st. and P. R. R. John Blanchfield.

STORE, hotel and restaurant broker.
GEORGE & CO.,
429 4th ave.

$30 profit on each $100 is what I paid my customers last week. My plan will satisfy you. Write me. S. W. R., Box No. 726, Pittsburgh.

IF you want to buy or sell any kind of business see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS CHANCES—Send for list. Estep & Co., 326 Fourth ave.

WE have removed to 236 Fourth ave. Cavanagh & Co.

Pianos.

PIANO—Family sacrifices cheap, renowned upright piano, cover, stool. Box 5, Allegheny.

BEAUTIFUL upright piano, cover, stool; cheap. 827 Green st., Allegheny.

Machinery.

IRON STRUCTURAL BUILDING
for immediate delivery.

Size over all, 106' wide, 544' long. Main structure is 50' 8" wide, with a leanto on each side 27' 8" wide. The length is divided into three sections, the two end sections measuring 304' and 192' long, respectively, with 48' between, intended for railroad track, and shipping room. There is a crane runway through main structure. The height of main building to the square is 38', and of the leantos 18'.

The material is entirely new, having never been erected, and we will sell entire, or in sections, as desired.

WICKES BROS.,
45th st. and A. V. R. R.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Both 'phones.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P.; stationary and portable, upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot of miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of al lsizes at low price; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
J. S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

GAS ENGINES.
1 100 H. P. 1 125 H. P.
1 35 H. P. 1 30 H. P.
STEAM ENGINES.
Corliss, Automatic, Slide Valve Boilers, Pumps, Pipe, Fittings, etc.
Send for Stock List.
ATWELL MACHINERY CO.,
507-508 Hamilton Building. Both 'Phones.

FANS! FANS! FANS! FANS!
Belted or Electric.
FORCE & BRIGGS,
Fourth and Liberty aves., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—One 12 H. P. Dayton gas engine; good condition, cheap.
N. C. DAVISON,
108 Market st.

Typewriters.

THE best imitation typewritten printed circulars in the city are done by H. C. Knapp, Printer, 3521 Butler st. Send for sample.

OUR printed typewriter circular letters are the nearest to an original letter in the market. H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st.

Sewing Machines.

FIVE HUNDRED shopworn and second-hand sewing machines; must be sold at once regardless of price. White Sewing Machine Co., 122 Sixth st.

FOR SALE.

Birds and Dogs.

JUST ARRIVED—New lot of fine St. Andreasberg Roller canaries, the finest singers in the world, months of constant training being given to bring them to the desired degree of perfection; also new lot of fine Hartz mountain canaries; guaranteed singers. Finest line of brass cages in the city at lowest prices. Send for catalogue.
NEW YORK BIRD STORE, 615 Smithfield st.

GOLDFINCHES, linnets, bulfinches, and all kinds of European song birds, talking parrots, goldfish, aquariums and aquarium supplies; also fine lot of Japanese fantail goldfish.
NEW YORK BIRD STORE, 615 Smithfield st.

NOW is the time for breeding canaries. We have female canaries, breeding cages and all supplies at lowest prices; largest assortment in the city; send for catalogue. NEW YORK BIRD STORE, 615 Smithfield st.

ANGORA CATS—We have just received a new lot of very fine Angora kittens. Call and see them; no trouble to show. NEW YORK BIRD STORE, 615 Smithfield st.

BREEDING poultry, Belgian hares, shepherd pups. Decker Poultry Co., Park way, Allegheny.

Automobiles.

WINTON AUTOMOBILE,
In good order.
Price $400.00.
For particulars inquire
S. C. MACKINSON,
223 Fifth ave.

Bicycles.

FOR SALE—Wolf-American tandem bicycle; reasonable. 424 Penn ave.

Miscellaneous.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.
Appropriate, attractive and business bringing ones made best by P. J. Byrne, the painter, 634 Fifth ave. and 55 Tunnel st.; both 'phones.

CLOSING out wall paper at cost; last week. Reed, 409 Seventh ave.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Say, you Liza Ann, what you don gon told me you nebber would marry dat loose coon, Jasper Whitewashbrush, for when you his wife now, eh!

Well, now, Jim Rickey, I'll jes tell you how dat hap'nd. I nebber liked dat yellow coon nohow, until he fetched some of dat SATISFACTION COFFEE round here, den I liked him right smart, and when dat nigger bro't quarter pound box dat SATISFACTION TEA, why, lorde, I jes got so greeable I married him in a minute and I tell you what 'tis, dat Satisfaction Tea and Coffee don made dat coon so handsome he's got all dem wenches crazy up Wylie avenue. Hebens, you can't refuse 'em.

PERSONAL—Theodore Low de Vinne, the highest authority in this country on composition and typography, condemns unwarranted abbreviation. Walter Pearce, an English authority, regrets the injudicious use of different styles of lettering and the sham relief of shadded letters. This and more is to be known when good lettering is done. For correct and reasonable sign work, call or send for
P. J. BYRNE,
634 Fifth ave. Late with E. E. Garnsey.

PERSONAL—Boys and girls, who have not enough courage to tell their parents they want to get married, instead of running off to Steubenville, drink SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE. It not only gives them courage to beard papa in his lyin' den, but brings prosperity, long life and happiness to all who use them. Tell the grocer you want them.

RUBBER BOOTS for men, for women, for boys, for little folks; all first quality, honest goods; fine light weight rubber boots contain more rubber than heavyweights; wear better, not so clumsy, keep the feet dry. That is
CAIN Quality,
503 Market st.

RUBBER BOOTS for Men—Extra lengths; first quality only—and there are three grades; how poor the second would be, not to mention the third, only in a whisper.
Try CAIN'S, 503 Market st.

"RICH YOUR APPAREL
as the purse can buy."
Keep your house well dressed, too; that's important.
BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave.

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MASTER'S SALE.

MASTER'S SALE.
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S PROPERTY.

By virtue of a decree of the court of common pleas No. 3 of Allegheny county, at No. 170 May term, 1898, in partition, the undersigned master will expose at public sale in the rotunda of the court house at Pittsburgh, Pa., on June 26, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following real estate, late the property of William Semple, deceased, viz.:

A certain lot of ground in the city of Allegheny, beginning on the western side of Irwin avenue seventy-seven (77) feet four (4) inches southwardly from the corner of Beach street; thence southwardly along said Irwin avenue sixty-five (65) feet; and thence extending westwardly, preserving the same width throughout, a distance of two hundred twenty (220) feet to an alley; whereon are erected a large three-storied dwelling house, stable and outbuildings.

Also, the undivided half of certain lots in the Fourth ward of the city of Allegheny, being parts of out lot No. 42 in the Reserve tract opposite Pittsburgh, and bounded by River avenue, Madison avenue, an alley and property of other persons. The first of said lots beginning on River avenue, one hundred fifty-five (155) feet eleven (11) inches from the lower side of what was formerly the arch of the aqueduct, and thence extending in front on River avenue sixty (60) feet; thence north 19 degrees, west one hundred (100) feet; thence north 75½ degrees, east sixty (60) feet; thence south 18½ degrees, east eighty-seven (87) feet six (6) inches. The second of said lots, beginning on the westerly side of Madison avenue, eighty (80) feet southwardly from Lacock street; thence extending in front on Madison avenue thirty-five (35) feet; thence westwardly one hundred two (102) feet, more or less, to Hickory alley at a point one hundred sixteen (116) feet three (3) inches from Lacock street; thence along said alley northwardly thirty-six (36) feet three (3) inches; thence eastwardly, parallel with Lacock street, one hundred and two (102) feet to Madison avenue. The third of said lots, beginning on the westerly side of Madison avenue one hundred fifteen (115) feet from Lacock street, at corner of the second lot hereinbefore described; thence extending in front on Madison avenue southwardly fifty (50) feet to lot formerly of Peter Butz; thence by said lot and first lot herein described westerly one hundred two (102) feet to Hickory alley; thence by said alley northwardly fifty (50) feet to said second lot, and thence by said lot eastwardly one hundred two (102) feet. Also, that certain lot, beginning on the northwest corner of River and Madison avenues; thence extending on River avenue fifty-one (51) feet and one-quarter (¼) inch; thence north 18½ degrees west, eighty (80) feet nine and one-half (9½) inches to lot formerly of the property of Cridge & Wadsworth; thence north 75½ degrees east fifty-five (55) feet nine and one-half (9½) inches to Madison avenue; thence along the westerly side of Madison avenue south 13¼ degrees east sixty-six (66) feet three and one-half (3½) inches. Whereon are erected a factory, formerly the Old Union Woolen mill, and a number of brick and frame buildings.

TERMS OF SALE.

Five (5) per cent of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; one-fourth of the balance to be paid in cash upon confirmation of sale and delivery of deed, and the remainder to be secured by bond with a tight mortgage upon the premises, which mortgage shall contain a thirty (30) days' scire facias clause, clauses for premiums of insurance, attorneys' commissions, etc., and shall be payable in three equal annual installments, with interest at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum thereon from the date of deed, the first payment of which shall begin one year from date of deed, and the interest shall be payable semi-annually; the purchasers to have the right to pay the whole of the purchase money, or any part thereof, over and above the cash payments hereinbefore provided for at the time of delivery of deed.

SAMUEL M'CLAY, Master.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED FOR letters remaining at the Pittsburgh postoffice June 2.

In asking for advertised letters mention above date.

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Michele Picone Brandilione, Maria Bevilaqua, Bortolo Bertuzzi, Luigi Bruno, Carmine Capelli, Carmine Cardo, Giulio Castelletti, Giovanni Cioco, Vincenzo di Mattea, Salvatore Di Massimo, Vincenzo De Feo, Della Terre Hammo, Aniceto Grilli, Antonio Figiola Kope, Pasquale Livingnale, Nicola Laneso, Giovanni Manzelli, Angelo Nicoletti, Silvestro Nappe, Nicola Pilla, Giuseppe Pirotto, Mattea Rinaldi, Liugi Santucci, Pasquale Suppa, Cosmo Tancredi, Luigi Tonti, Francesco Vescio.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Kostantemu Bonkowskemu, Josef Buinarowski, E. Brepner, Ester Buceske (2), Stefania Burinska, Lucyjau Barelicki, Mill Bogdanovicu, Pall Bukszar, Antoni Beck, Stef Belkovics, John Rauba, Stef Szikari, Simo Delic, Jamas Debreczinyi, Julia Deutsch, Janos Dako, Gajdos Ferencz, Andro Farko, Martin Fekete (2); Tork Ferencz, Jozef Fabrikewicz, Peter Grigalis, George Gasparovic, Anna Ilyko, Lazar Kornhauser, Mary Kacur, Mary Anna Kocanda, John Kramer, Istvann Kurucz, Adam Krakowsky, Haim Hers Kahana, Jozef Lyrezs, Joseph Seupl, Tekla Moskwa, Georgia Mandapnoni, Gyorcs Nanntusz, Katarzyna Ozog, Johan Onda, Johan Pruski, Stanislaw Petrykovski, Jozef Prusakowski, Ilona Maria Paisttiric, Gregor Roszkowske, Majk Szvtricsik, Jozef Susor, Anta Solsin, Marko Slobodnyak, Herman Semrau, Frank Szimborski, Juzef Strek, Jan Stafu, Johan Szomolnoki, Adam Sykosski, Piotr Tamubeneicz, Henri Tournu, Mike Vasko, Raimannak Tisztebetel, Harry Vaszily, Piotr Wisckiewicz, Wojciech Winiarski, Johann Weinrich, Tomo Wukusic, August Yasianis, Valentine Zuzak, Juzef Zyla, Stanislaw Zalnowsky.

STATION A—LADIES' LIST.

Miss Edith Adams (2), Mrs. Gussie Ballard, Miss Linnie M. Barlow, Miss Laura Barker, Mrs. O. H. Caldwell, Miss Marie J. Carter, Mrs. H. P. Clarke, Mrs. Ettie Cook, Miss Gertrude Coyle, Miss M. Cullinane, Mrs. Dolphis, Miss Delores Frazier, Lillie Fletcher, Miss Agnes Green, Miss Ellen Gustafson (For.), Lura B. Haven, Mrs. S. D. Hamilton, Mrs. M. J. Henderson, Agnes Hindman, Mrs. James Hopson, Miss Ida B. Hughes, Miss Hilda Jenkins, Sarah Jones (D. L.), Mrs. F. H. Knapp, Mrs. Etti Keefer, Miss E. Kelleher, Miss Anna Lazar, Miss Maud Lowrie, Miss J. Mack, Miss Mary Mathews, Miss Maude Mobon, Miss Carrie Mowbray, Mrs. Mary McConehy, Mrs. McEwan, Miss Esther McKay (For., 3), Mrs. Jas. O'Connor (2), Mrs. A. E. Parke, Lizzie Papelyas (For.), Mrs. Veryl Preston, Mrs. M. E. Potter, Miss Minnie Regan, Mrs. Hattie Schellenbrager, Mrs. Vinnie Smith, Miss Sarah Scruggs, Miss Ida Tiernan, Mrs. Chas. Thomas, Mrs. E. Thompson, Miss Sarah White, Mrs. W. A. Williams, Mrs. John Winslow, Miss Rosa Bell Williams.

STATION A—GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Oliver Brown, W. E. Belcher, F. C. Bradley, Albert Berwick, Harry Bates, Edward Brown, Chas. Bowman, H. J. Crowley, Charles Clark, Edward Cundiff, Wm. C. Duffy, C. W. Diefenbach (2), Wm. S. Erb, S. W. Eubenik, Charlie Friedberg, Wm. Grigsby, Thos. Glaye, W. H. Haley, Wm. J. Henry, Jaspen Jackson, R. G. Kirker, Gyarmothy Karoly (For.), John Moore, Wm. Murrie, W. Ostrander, Esq., Veryl Preston, Daniel Page, A. G. Randall, Rev. G. W. Sherrick, D. Sinehard, Chas. Edgar Smith, Wm. Steele, Esq., Adolphus Taylor, Edward Wilson, David Watkins, James Ward.

ITALIAN LIST.

Salvatore Di Mossimo, Girolamo D' Calvirio, Bontempo Francesco, M. Roimondedi La Francesco, Gesopatto Pitonedi' Nicola.

STATION B.

Harry Back, C. F. Berns, Geo. Byerly, John C. Clark, Miss Annie Dare, Miss Louise Drake, Mrs. L. Driscoll, Miss Bessie Enright, Miss May Fauthey, Horace Fins, Sophie Fleckenstern, Percessippo Francesco, Philip Gallagher, G. M. Gheen, Dan Gorman, Petar Gyargyevic, Memit Hebland, H. H. Henderson, Miss Lizzie Haggerty, Josef Knapel, Miss Mary McClennan, Fred McConeghy, Robert McMillen, Jno. McNulty, Nydes Nade, Mr. Nopps, Wm. D. Pearce, Jos. Rainey, Mrs. R. A. Rowland, Mrs. H. Russell, E. E. Sandberg, Philip Schladenhaufen, Zenan Seaman, Simon Shupinsky, Frank Skiles, Fingal Stening (2), Ed Stevens, Miss B. MacStewart, Miss Ella Sullivan, H. S. Tinker, Wm. Wright, Clementi Ziadra.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Adres Alaf, Franz Brakapec, Carl Bukowensky, Mazzoc Canto, Michael Danak, Francisco Dottovio, Stefan Frenker, Kasimer Glodenis, Humeredgpokr Hadymp, Martin Jancinnskie, John Kesling, Josef Kuris, Wasko Laszenik, Mate Mulcu, Mile Mirnc, Guilo Rojalo, Stanly Szwave, Leon Wachnowsky.

STATION C.

Miss Annie Kirk, Edw. A. Keck, John Lynch, Anthony Ogost.

FOREIGN.

Miss N. Gendrolue.

STATION D.

A. S. Baker, Miss Lizzie Barkley, Miss Sallie Barkley, Miss Clara Carey, Mrs. Jos. Dorsey, Miss Eleanor Douglass, H. A. Drenning (2), Jas. T. Duffy, Miss Foster, Miss Lucy Gallaher, Miss Elizabeth Gardner, Miss Jennie Gilbert, Elizabeth Hochsieder, Frances W. Hodges, Jess E. Holton, Mrs. Marie Hooper, Thos. Kennedy, Sr., Miss Sadie King, T. D. Lona, Miss Jean McClutcheon, Mrs. F. E. Neely, Thos. M. Patmex, Miss Miriam Price, Mrs. C. J. Salter, Robt. Scott, Mrs. Ed Smith, Mrs. K. Smith, Granvill Strother, Chas. P. Suter, Timothy Sweeney, Miss Mildred C. Taylor, Miss Nannie Filton, Mrs. Lizzie Vaughn.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Hear our story, than others'.
RELIABLE CREDIT CO.,
Room 17—301 Smithfield St.—Room 17.
Phone P. & A. 1170 Main.

One moment, please. Thank you.

Are you
in immediate need
of money?

It is not a guess when you come to us for money. We have it in hand. We have it to loan. That is what we are in business for.

Whether you borrow large or small amounts, we will save you money. Loans in any sum on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons, warehouse receipts; also loans to salaried people without mortgage or indorser.

If you owe any other loan company and are not satisfied with your contract, we will pay same for you and advance additional money if desired.

RELIABLE CREDIT CO.,
Room 17—301 Smithfield St.—Room 17.
Phone P. & A. 1170 Main.

Borrow Money From
A Reputable House

We tell you that we lend money at the lowest rate ever charged in Allegheny county, and prove it by offering to loan you any amount at 6 per cent on a watch, a piano, diamonds, jewelry, clothing or any article of value. Liberal terms, courteous treatment and always the strictest confidence and privacy.

Six Per Cent.
Market Street Loan Office,
214 Market Street,
Near Third Avenue, Pittsburgh.

Jos. DeRoy & Sons,
(Directly Opposite Postoffice.)
OLDEST LICENSED PAWNBROKERS.
Established over 42 years in one and same store. Will give special rates, which are lower than the lowest rates charged by others.
507 SMITHFIELD ST.

Salary loans on personal note
to male or female employes.
No indorser or publicity.
Rebate if paid before due.
LOWER RATES. EASIER PAYMENTS.
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, STORED GOODS, Etc., the property to remain undisturbed in your possession and the transaction held in strictest confidence.
PITTSBURGH CREDIT COMPANY,
336 Fourth avenue. Room 601, Times Building.

MONEY LOANED.
Salaried people holding permanent positions; reasonable rates; strictly confidential.
O'Donnell & Co., room 414, 347 Fifth ave.

Mortgage Loans.

LOW RATE LOANS.
4 and 4½ per cent money for first-class residence and business loans, centrally located. We are prepared to advance money on building operations also at low rate.
MORTGAGE BANKING COMPANY,
219 Fourth ave.

WE are prepared to advance money on building transactions in installments as the building progresses; bring plans or sketch of building.
MORTGAGE BANKING COMPANY,
219 Fourth ave.
Successors to Lawton Mortgage Company.

MONEY to loan at 5 and 6 per cent interest, with privilege of paying in installments or on 3 or 5 years' time straight. Prompt attention and courteous service.
MORTGAGE BANKING COMPANY,
219 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh.

WANTED—
Mortgages Wanted!
$500 to $100,000.
W. F. SHROYER & CO.,
911 Wood st., Wilkinsburg. 'Phone 221-1.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on good collateral security; easy payments; confidential.
J. Q. H. SMITH, 413 Fourth ave.

MONEY to loan on mortgages.
W. F. WEITERSHAUSEN, 717 Ohio st., Ally.

MORTGAGES wanted; money ready. J. W. Alexander, 1023 Park building.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on the eighteenth day of June, 1902, by Wm. Robinson, Chas. M. Logue, Dr. A. A. Bush, D. P. Richmond and Chas. Gulland, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and an act entitled "An act relating to mutual saving fund, building and loan associations," etc., approved April 10, 1879, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the "Brushton Avenue Building and Loan association," the character and object of which shall be the accumulation of a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto. W. H. Pratt, 812 Ferguson building, Solicitor for Applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on Thursday, the 26th day of June, A. D. 1902, by Craig Smith, Albert Barnes Smith and John McCartney Kennedy, under the corporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and the supplements thereto and amendments thereof, for the charter of an intended corporation, the character and object of which are to mine and quarry coal, clay and stone, and to deal in said minerals; such corporation to be called the Oakmont Coal Company, and for this purpose to have, possess and exercise all the rights, benefits and privileges of corporation regulated by the said act of assembly and its supplements and amendments. John McCartney Kennedy, Solicitor for Applicants, 81 St. Nicholas building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
Pittsburgh, Pa., May 31, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership firm of Henderson-Johnson Co. has been dissolved this day by mutual consent. All parties debtors to or creditors of this firm are requested to close their accounts promptly. Either member of the firm is authorized to transact such settlement at our former office, No. 55-57 and 59 Carson street, Pittsburgh, Pa. For the continuance and enlargement of our business, we have organized a corporation under the name of the Keystone Commercial Company, and for the new company we earnestly solicit the continued and increased patronage of our customers and friends.
JAMES A. HENDERSON,
G. W. C. JOHNSTON.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 2, 1902.
Keystone Commercial Company.

Having this day acquired the business and good will of the Henderson-Johnston Company, beg to announce they will continue in the same business at the above location, handling in large lines the best stocks of grain, hay, millfeed, eggs and produce; also continuing the storage and river and rail transferring with improved and larger facilities. The customers and other friends of the old firm are assured by the new company the same courteous treatment as always marked the dealings of the old firm.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of Samuel M. Robinson, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. J. F. Robinson, T. H. Robinson, W. A. Robinson, Executors, c. t. a., 246 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SMITH & KEARNS, Attorneys-at-Law, No. 524 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the court of common pleas No. 1, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at No. —, June term, 1902, on Saturday, June 28, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., by John Uhrin, George Ripas, John Kopas, John Pida and Michael Dempo, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called the Greek and Roman Catholic Beneficial association of St. John the Baptist of Homestead, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, the character and object of which is the maintenance of a society for beneficial and protective purposes of its members from funds collected therein, giving support to its members in case of sickness or accident, and burial in case of death; also maintenance among its members of a friendly relationship, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto. The above application is now on file in the prothonotary's office. Smith & Kearns, Solicitors.

SMITH & KEARNS, Attorneys-at-Law, No. 524 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the court of common pleas No. 1, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at No. —, June term, 1902, on Saturday, June 28, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., by Louis Ladics, Michael Polyak, John S. Klar, John Ambruch and Michael Hanusek, under the act of assembly entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of intended corporation, to be called the St. John the Baptist association No. 191, of the Greek Catholic union of Allegheny City, Pa., the character and object of which is the maintenance of a society for beneficial protection purposes to its members from funds collected therein, giving support to its members in case of accident or sickness, and burial in case of death; also the maintenance among its members of a friendly relationship, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto. The above application is now on file in the prothonotary's office. Smith & Kearns, Solicitors.

STOLEN.

REMOVAL announcements, cards and stationery my specialty. H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones.

STOLEN—As others say: Knapp does the best printing. 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones.

AUCTION SALE.

AUCTION SALE.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, LAMPS, CASH REGISTER, OFFICE SAFE, PICTURES, CLOCKS, PORTIERES, CURTAINS, UPRIGHT PIANO, BOOKS, GAS RANGE, ETC., TUESDAY, JUNE 3, AT 10 O'CLOCK, AT THE ROOMS OF HENRY AUCTION CO., 124 AND 126 NINTH STREET.

The furnishment of an 8-room residence, containing an upright piano, dining room outfit, leather parlor suite, couch, rockers, clocks, pictures, lamps, brass bed, cash register, fine office safes, gas range, books, curtains, portieres, rugs, rockers, tables, bedding, dishes, etc. Also at 1 o'clock we have a large line of fine new misfit carpets to offer.
HENRY AUCTION CO., Auctioneers.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

City Recorder,
Executive Office, Allegheny, Pa.
ELECTION NOTICE.
PROCLAMATION.

To the qualified electors of the Fifteenth ward, of the city of Allegheny, in the county of Allegheny and state of Pennsylvania.

Notice is hereby given that whereas by reason of the death of Samuel Watson, a vacancy exists in the office of select council in and for the Fifteenth (15th) ward, of the city of Allegheny, aforesaid.

Now, by virtue of authority in me vested, I, John R. Murphy, city recorder of the city of Allegheny, do hereby proclaim that an election shall be held for the purpose of filling the vacancy so existing, on Tuesday, the 10th day of June, A. D. 1902, between the hours of 7 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m., in said Fifteenth (15th) ward.

The qualified electors of the said ward shall on that day, between the hours named, assemble at the various election precincts, to-wit:

First precinct, corner of Perrysville avenue and Valley street.

Second precinct, school house on Meyran avenue.

Third precinct, Palen way, rear of Brighton road, for the purpose of electing one person duly qualified to fill the vacancy hereinbefore mentioned.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the city of Allegheny, this 29th day of May, A. D. 1902.

J. R. MURPHY,
City Recorder.

MEETINGS.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY.
Pittsburgh, May 21, 1902.

MEETING—The annual meeting of stockholders of the Pennsylvania Company will be held at the general office of said company, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., on Tuesday, June 3, 1902, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of receiving the annual report for 1901, electing thirteen directors to serve for the ensuing year and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
S. B. LIGGETT, Secretary.

Reading Company,
General Office, Reading Terminal,
Philadelphia, May 21, 1902.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of this company that the annual meeting and election for nine directors to serve for the ensuing year will take place in Room 423, Reading Terminal, Twelfth and Market streets, in the city of Philadelphia, on Tuesday, June 3, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon. By order of the board of directors.
W. R. TAYLOR, Secretary.

The Diamond National Bank
Of Pittsburgh, Pa.
April 30, 1902.

THERE will be a meeting of the stockholders of this bank on Wednesday, June 4, 1902, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the banking house, Fifth ave. and Union st., for the purpose of voting for or against the increase of the capital stock and such other business as may come before the meeting.
H. C. WETTENGEL, Cashier.

REWARD.

REWARDS—At a progressive euchre given by the wife of a prominent business man last Friday evening the gentlemen's head prize was a package of SATISFACTION COFFEE and the ladies' head prize a package of SATISFACTION TEA. You always get your money's worth when you get SATISFACTION. All grocers sell them.

$250.00 REWARD.
TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS reward will be paid for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person cutting the wires of this company.
Pittsburgh & Allegheny Telephone Co.

REWARD H. C. KNAPP, the Printer, because he's the best. 3521 Butler st. Both 'Phones.

REWARD H. C. KNAPP, the Printer, because he's the best. 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

M'SWEENEY'S Interstate Detective Agency, 425 Diamond st., Pittsburgh, Pa., transacts a general detective business. All communications strictly confidential.

PHYSICIANS' and dentists' stationery printed just right. H. C. Knapp, Printer, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones.

REMOVALS.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.
This is a great truth when said of painting. Paint your house now, the best season of the year. Send for BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave.

AFTER you move you will need new stationery. Call up H. C. Knapp, the printer, on either telephone, and a representative will call.

FOR stationery, booklets, blank books, etc., printed properly, see H. C. Knapp, printer, 3521 Butler st. Call either telephone.

MEETINGS.

NOTICE—The members of St. John's lodge, No. 219, F. & A. M., will meet at Freemasons' hall, on Monday, June 2, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Robert B. Robison. The brethren of sister lodges are invited.
By Order of the W. M.

LOST.

LOST—Does your husband go out at night picking hops? If so, use SATISFACTION brand of TEA and COFFEE and he will never care to wander from his own fireside. The grocery man likes to sell them because they make homes happy.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—Black mare, about 7 years old; white star on forehead; bruise on breast and shoulder. Any information thankfully received by Angelo Amantea, 3450 Boundary st., Fourteenth ward.

"WHO RUNS MAY READ"
the readable signs made by P. J. Byrne, the Painter, are the best. 634 Fifth ave. and 55 Tunnel st.; both 'phones.

LOST—The chance to get good painting done if you fail to get P. J. Byrne, the Painter, to give you an estimate. 634 Fifth ave.

FOUND.

FOUND—On one of the hot days last week an absent-minded young man was working at his desk with his coat off. When told a lady wished to speak to him at the 'phone he jumped up hurriedly, put his coat on and went to the 'phone. Drink SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE and you'll never do anything foolish. For sale by all grocers.

RENO
SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP SCHOOL.
432 Wood st. Day and evening sessions. Bell telephone 2526 Court. Call or send for catalogue.

SIGNS OF SPRING
or any other season made or furnished on short notice. P. J. Byrne, painter, late with E. E. Garnsey. 634 Fifth ave. and 55 Tunnel st.; both 'phones.

FOUND—Printing executed exactly correct by H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones. Commercial Printing Our Specialty.

RUBBER BOOTS for Men—Extra length in legs, too; best quality only.
CAIN'S, 503 Market st.

FOUND—The best Chinese restaurant in the city, open day and night. 285 Diamond alley.

NOTICES.

ROOM FOR ONE MORE.
Usually there's not, but at this season, if you want good painting done, send for BYRNE, the Painter, 634 Fifth ave.

SPECIAL.

SPECIAL—
Grown people do not care for toys
Or anything that makes a noise.
They like to eat and sit and think
What is best for them to drink.
Tea and Coffee are most grand
When made with SATISFACTION brand.

AN OUNCE OF PREVENTION
BETTER THAN A POUND OF CURE.
Before the sun and weather cracks, warps or ruins woodwork, or starts the mortar to run from brickwork, have them painted.
BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave.

OFFICE SIGNS
neatly and promptly printed. P. J. Byrne, late with E. E. Garnsey, 634 Fifth ave.; both 'phones.

COMMERCIAL printing and blank books is my specialty. H. C. Knapp, printer, 3521 Butler st. Telephone, P. & A., 81; Bell, 81 Fisk.

REMEMBER H. C. Knapp's 'phone numbers are P. & A. 81 Lawrence, Bell 81 Fisk, when you want good printing at the right price.

SPECIAL—Why are SATISFACTION TEA and COFFEE like a feather? Because they tickle the palate.—Joe Miller.

WEAR Cain's shoes for sore and tired feet. 503 Market st.

THE MODERATOR OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN THE PULPIT YESTERDAY

GREATEST GIFT TO WORLD TOLD BY MODERATOR

The Rev. Dr. J. C. Wilson Preached in the Assembly Church.

GOD GAVE HIS ONLY SON

Recently Elected Head of the United Presbyterian Body Now In Session in Allegheny Told of God's Sacrifice to Save The World.

The Rev. Dr. J. C. Wilson, moderator-elect of the United Presbyterian General assembly, preached yesterday morning in the Assembly church, Perrysville avenue, his subject being "Thankfulness and Thanksgiving for Christ." His text was 2 Corinthians, ix:15. "This expression," he said, "is an outburst, a leap from the lesser to the larger; almost from the finite to the infinite—'thanks be unto God for His unspeakable gift.'

"Which is the more wonderful, the engine moved, or the power moving it? Which the more wonderful, the magnificent tree, or the insignificant seed from which it sprang? Which is the greater, a grace or the Giver of the grace? In the previous chapter and in this one a great deal is made of a certain grace: 'We do you to wit of the grace of God bestowed on the churches of Macedonia.' It was something inward, it became something outward. It overleaped immediate surroundings.

"Grace knows no boundaries, no nationality, no color. Its first thought is of Christ, then of crying human need. This grace was heaven-born, it was earth-wide. It was the grace of God. Christ is spoken of in the text as 'God's unspeakable gift;' more, the text is an expression of thanks for the gift.

Christ an Unspeakable Gift.

"Why should Christ be spoken of as an 'unspeakable gift?' Christ was an unspeakable gift in that he was the most costly gift God could give us. God had nothing better to give us, and nothing that would cost Him so much to give, as this gift of His Son. 'For God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believed in Him should not perish but have everlasting life.' We shall never know the meaning of this until we come to some realization of what Christ was to God. The costliest gift and the greatest sacrifice parents make for their country is the gift and sacrifice of their own children.

"There stands in our cemetery a monument dedicated to the unknown. It is big with the memory of husbands, fathers, brothers, sons, whose bones are anywhere, everywhere. Who can tell what it cost to give them up? If one could weigh or fathom sorrow, such sorrow, one might have some idea of what it cost to part with flesh and blood. You remember the parable of the householder, Matt. xxi.:33-39, and the husbandmen.

Parable of Husbandmen.

"When they, the husbandmen, had slain all his servants, they came face to face with the householder's son. They said among themselves: 'This is his heir, come, let us kill him, and let us seize his inheritance.' They did so. That Son, dearly beloved, was God's own Son; that killing was the crucifixion.

"There's another monument in our cemetery to a soldier-son. He was a graduate of West Point, assigned to duty in the far west and there killed by Indians. How, think you, did the parents bemoan this loss. He was their costliest gift. But listen: God gave His Son, and He knew for whom and to what. Have we ever properly considered the gift from this viewpoint?

"We have another answer to the question as to why Christ may be spoken of as God's 'unspeakable gift.' Because He was just what humanity needed. Look around you! Adaptations are everywhere.

Filled Humanity's Need.

"You find air for the lungs, light for the eyes, food to satisfy hunger. It is so! God has ever been giving his creatures just what they needed.

"What was humanity's greatest need? A teacher, an atoner, a ruler, a prophet to teach, a priest to atone, a king to subdue us to himself, to rule in and reign over us, and to defend us. Christ was all these. 'He spake as man never spake.' When others turned away from Him, He asked His disciples, 'and will ye also go away?' Their answer was, 'to whom shall we go? Thou hast the words of eternal life.' He was to them the peerless teacher.

"Blessed are they who not only say, 'thanks be unto God for His unspeakable gift,' but blessed are they whose words are so transmuted into deeds and life that people everywhere shall be led to a like utterance because of their being possessed of a like appreciation."

WORK NOT ALL DONE.

Interesting Questions Still Confront the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church.

The general assembly of the United Presbyterian church will reconvene this morning in the Eighth church, Allegheny. There is yet quite a bit of business docketed and it is not probable that the assembly will adjourn before Wednesday night. Some of the commissioners, however, will have left by that time. A number of those from the far west will leave this evening.

Now that the "covenant" affair has been voted down there are yet important questions to come up that will provoke lively discussion.

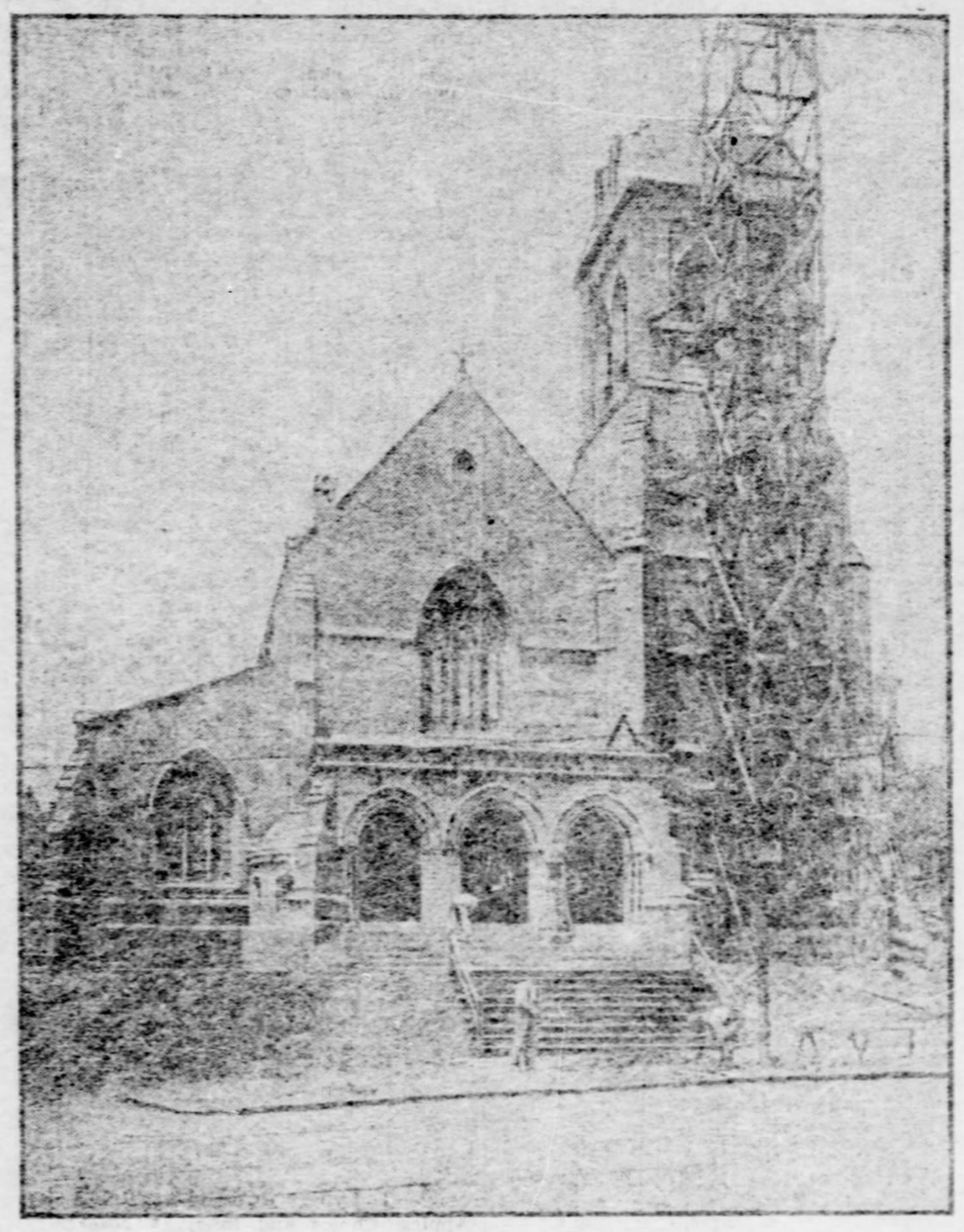
Not the least of these is the "limitation of the law of appeals" question, provoked by the 10 years' war of the Rev. J. R. Wallace, a former pastor of the Jamestown church in the Lake Presbytery. Wallace for some reason was dismissed by the presbytery and appealed to the higher courts of the church, the affair eventually finding its way to the supreme court of the state. Although the supreme body gave judgment in Wallace's favor, he is still a pastor without a flock.

As the law of the church now reads any case brought before a presbytery can be carried to the highest court in the church. There are some who favor making the synod the highest court before which cases can be brought, excepting such cases as have to do with the doctrine of the church.

Despair is often the creature of a spirit drowned in care. To rise superior to it, physical strength is an important factor, and physical strength can be restored with Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

TRIUMPHAL SERVICE HELD IN NEW ST. PETER'S CHURCH



NEW ST. PETER'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Craft Avenue and Forbes Street, Oakland.

At 10:45 yesterday morning the new St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church, corner of Forbes street and Craft avenue, resounded with triumphant song, marking the first service held within its walls. Although this beautiful sacred edifice is not to be dedicated until late in the fall, there was unusual interest connected with the opening. A special choir of 20 voices rendered appropriate music for the occasion, and the Rev. Dr. E. H. Ward, rector, preached a sermon reminiscent of the parish's work since its organization. The church was profusely decorated for the occasion with cut flowers and potted plants.

The interior of the church is remarkably beautiful. The opalescent glass windows, which attracted no little attention, are the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey L. Childs. The Bible, altar service, and brass ewer used at yesterday's service are gifts of Mrs. W. E. Locke. A new altar is being made and will be presented to the church by John M. Garland.

The total cost, including site, erection and furnishing the new edifice
The total cost, including site, erection and furnishing the new edifice an exact replica of the former Grant street structure, and is made of the self-same stones.

CORNERSTONE OF NEW CHURCH LAID

CEREMONY YESTERDAY AT LIBERTY AVE. AND 36TH STREET.

Walls of the New Edifice of the Roman Catholic Parish of St. John the Baptist Consecrated in the Presence of a Large Crowd.

The cornerstone of the new Roman Catholic Church of St. John the Baptist, at Thirty-sixth street and Liberty avenue, was laid yesterday afternoon with appropriate ceremonies. The Very Rev. E. A. Bush of St. Peter's church, Allegheny, had charge of the ceremony, assisted by the Very Rev. H. Hehir, president of Pittsburgh college, the Rev. A. A. Lambing of Wilkinsburg and the Rev. Father Brady.

The Very Rev. E. A. Bush, V. G.

Some time before 3 o'clock, the hour set aside for the laying, a crowd began to gather about the site of the new church. People crowded a small hill across from the foundations of the church and swarmed all over the foundations, which had been covered with a platform of boards.

Children seemed to be everywhere, jumping about unmindful of the heat and having a fine time. Boys climbed to the roof of a contractor's temporary structure and jumped into a sand pile beneath and had a thoroughly good time. Finally the people who had crowded the platform were put off by several policemen and the parade, which had formed earlier in the afternoon, came in sight down Liberty street from Main.

Paraders on the Platform.

There were two or three bands and several hundred men in line, consisting principally of lodges of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and members of the Catholic Mutual Benevolent association. They were all marched up on the platform and given places, where the exercises could be plainly seen. Meanwhile everything was in readiness and a short time after the parade arrived the officiating priests, clad in the full vestments of their office, marched across the platform and took positions about the stone, which was hanging suspended in the air in readiness to be laid with the full rites of the church.

The Very Rev. Father Bush took his place in front of the stone, with Father Hehir on his right and Father Lambing on his left. Father Brady stood next to Father Lambing and on the other side was the Rev. Father John G. Beane of St. Paul's cathedral, who was master of ceremonies. The Rev. Father E. M. McKeever, pastor of the church, hovered about, keeping children quiet, but taking no part in the service.

Father Bush started to read from the ritual, the other priests answering to the responses. Father Bush sprinkled holy water on the stone and made the sign of the cross on its sides with a small trowel, after a short service, and then the stone was lowered, completely covering a copper box containing a number of papers and such records as are usually placed in a cornerstone.

Stone Laid in Place to Stay.

When the stone had been settled thoroughly it was placed level and solid upon its foundation with mortar and the celebrating priests walked slowly about the walls, Father Bush sprinkling holy water here and there. Finally the priests took their seats in the small platform which had been erected on the rear corner of the larger platform covering the church foundations.

A great many priests besides the ones taking part in the service occupied seats on this platform, among them the Rev. Father Charles Coyne, pastor of the Church of St. Francis de Sales, McKees Rocks, who was to preach the sermon. The crowd forsook its position of vantage on the hillsides and crowded onto the platform, striving to get within hearing distance of the preacher. After the singing of a hymn Father Coyne preached an eloquent sermon, his topic being "Faith." He told of the early struggles of the church and how she had lived to see nations born, attain might and die again; how she had endured persecution, but had always arisen triumphant, explaining this by the ever-present faith in God.

Urged to Have Faith.

He begged the people to work earnestly with their priest, to sustain the church and pay off the debt contracted, urging them to have faith, which would assist them.

At the conclusion of the sermon, through which the crowd stood silent, there was a faint round of applause. Another hymn was sung and the exercises were over. Father Beane marshaled a number of choir boys, incense bearers, etc., who had been marching about during the entire proceeding, and took them back to the present church at Thirty-second street and Liberty avenue.

The building of a new church has become necessary on account of the rapid growth of the congregation. The new church will seat a few more than 1,000 people, and the congregation will fill it at the start. The site cost the congregation $60,000 and the church will cost as much more, as will a parochial school which is to be erected. A rectory and a convent, to cost about $15,000 each, will stand on the same property, making the cost of building some $200,000.

SHRINERS LEAVE FOR FAR WEST TO-NIGHT

Special Train Will Carry the Members of Syria Temple and Their Wives.

One of the finest and best-equipped special trains that ever left Pittsburgh will pull out of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie depot this evening carrying the members of Syria temple, Pittsburgh, en route to San Francisco. The equipment of four Pullman sleeping cars, together with one 60-foot baggage car, for the exclusive use of members and this party will run directly through to San Francisco and return. Over 100 members of this now famous temple have made arrangements for this trip.

At Chicago the tourists will be escorted around the city for a brief time and will then board their special and leave over the Chicago & North Western railway for Council Bluffs. From Council Bluffs the party will travel over the Union Pacific railway to Denver; at this point the Denver & Rio Grande railway will take care of them and arrange to transport the equipment to Colorado Springs, where the party will stay one day. From there they will go to Salt Lake City, arrangements having been made for a slow run through the Royal gorge and other scenic points.

The train will be sidetracked at Salt Lake City from Saturday morning until Sunday, so that the Shriners may be able to do some sight-seeing around the famous Mormon stronghold. From Salt Lake City special train carrying their own equipment will transport the members to Ogden, from which point the trip will be continued over the Southern Pacific railway to Oakland, Cal., the party arriving there Monday evening, June 9. While there the special train will still be at the disposal of the members. On the return journey, leaving San Francisco June 14, the Shriners will visit Monterey and Los Angeles.

GIRL STILL MISSING.

Helen Park, Who Disappeared Two Weeks Ago, Not Back Yet.

Helen Park has not come home yet. She is the 14-year-old daughter of Mrs. Joseph Park of No. 1202 Fifth avenue and disappeared nearly two weeks ago on being sent with a $10 bill to pay the rent. Mrs. Park said yesterday she did not know what to think now.

At first the mother thought the girl, who was stage-struck, had been induced to believe she could get a place with a dramatic company, but she now believes it is possible Helen left of her own accord to become an actress. The police and detective bureaus are working on the case. The girl is tall and well-developed for her age.

THE PARABLE OF RICH AND POOR IS TOLD AGAIN

Story of Dives and Lazarus Applied to Conditions of the Present.

BREACH STILL WIDENING

The Rev. Dr. A. W. Arundel Says That True Christianity Recognizes No Such Thing as Classes, But One Broad Humanity.

In Trinity Protestant Episcopal church yesterday morning the Rev. Dr. A. W. Arundel, rector, preached on "The Parable of Dives and Lazarus," taking for his text, Luke, 16:19. Dr. Arundel said:

"The parables are illustrations from material things of spiritual truth. It will not do to try to search out a parable in every particular. To get a clear understanding of the parable we need not know what is being illustrated. For example, in the parable of the "tares and the wheat" we know that by no possible process can a "tare" be converted into wheat. So when Christ compares good men to "wheat" and bad men to "tares" we are not, therefore, to infer the old doctrine of unconditional election and reprobation.

"In this parable of Dives and Lazarus the attempt to find in every minute particular a parable in spiritual truth destroys its force. A great many things have been gotten out of this parable that it was never intended to teach.

Simple Meaning Neglected.

"It has been called a canonization of poverty, whereas the fact that one of these men was rich, the other poor, has nothing whatever to do with the outcome. Literal physical torment in the future life has been taught from it; thirst intolerable in a perpetual flame; that heaven and hell are localities, somewhat apart, but visible to the inhabitants of both regions. Without attempting to read into the parable a lesson in every phrase and figure, I would have you notice this morning one simple suggestion that is plain enough. There was a certain rich man faring sumptuously, there was a poor man at his gate. Neither of these characters is a rarity today. In our large cities they are very near each other. Although there are many rich men in the land who do what they can to lift off these burdens, there are many more oblivious to the cry of wretched humanity. And so the old gospel parable does not cease to be intelligible. May it bear a more profound significance to us than ever before.

Distance Rapidly Widening.

"A great problem is facing the church of Christ today. It is the question of the rapidly widening distance between Dives and Lazarus. I know men cannot be divided into two classes, rich and poor. All the way from the railroad king to the rag-picker the gradations are so fine that, at first, it seems impossible to make a distinction. And then, the words rich and poor have quite a different meaning to different people, and the rapid changes in our social conditions have changed their significance. Nevertheless the two great classes are getting wider apart every day. 'Who are the poor? Are we ever prone to regard them as an inferior species of the genus homo;' people who are to be 'investigated,' 'improved,' as well as may be, but still to remain segregated from the rest of us? How dare we so regard them? Has He, who made of one blood all men who dwell on the face of the earth, withheld from a class the sacred touch of our common inheritance?

A Chance for All.

"Those who have had experience know how young women struggle up from low conditions when the chance is offered; how men are saved from the curse of heredity and environment when God comes to them in the form of human love and sympathy; how little children, once almost wild animals, are transformed into normal childhood by the gracious ministry of good women, who gather them from the slums, and teach them love in practical fashion. Jesus came with a bigger and better gospel than is often preached or practiced. He did not talk about the 'poor' or hold them aloof. Rather He said unto the multitudes 'behold my mother, my sister, and my brother.' Suppose we used such words instead of talking so much about the poor. Christianity recognizes only one class, not two or three.

"The Fatherhood of God! The brotherhood of man! How glibly we speak of these great terms. Have we ever begun

The Rev. Dr. A. W. Arundel.

to learn this twin-truth of our Christlike relation to the handicapped thousands of our large cities which is stirring the church of Christ and seeking to find practical and permanent and intelligent expression. If we are to help these brothers and sisters of ours, we may not set them away from us in the undistinguished mass, but take our places side by side with them, feel their sores of body and mind and soul, and seek to bridge this widening chasm here and now between Dives and Lazarus."

New Charter Expected Today.

The Jones & Laughlins Steel Company is to secure the new Pennsylvania charter today which will ultimately end the existing limited partnership of Jones & Laughlins. Completion of all the necessary formalities in the transfer and the issue of the new stock, based on the book value of the properties, will be a matter of a month or more. As has been stated the change involves no new ownership in the business.

NEW PRESIDENT TALKS OF HIS WORK

REV. DR. JOHN H. PRUGH WAS HONORED BY REFORMED CHURCH.

His Election as President of the General Synod Pleased Pittsburgh Congregations—Tells of Mission Work and Effort to Secure a New Constitution.

Local ministers of the Reformed churches are elated over the election of the Rev. Dr. John H. Prugh, pastor of Grace church, to the presidency of the general synod of the Reformed church of the United States at its meeting last week in Baltimore. This is the first time such high honors have come to Pittsburgh. It places Dr. Prugh in the highest position his church can give. The contest for this notable honor was a lively one and eventually narrowed down to the

THE REV. DR. JOHN H. PRUGH,
President-elect of the General Synod of the Reformed Church.

Rev. Dr. E. R. Eschbach and Dr. Prugh. There were 260 votes cast, Dr. Prugh winning by 32 majority. The first general synod of the Reformed body was organized in Grace church, this city, in 1863.

Speaking of the questions that came up before the synod at the recent meeting in Baltimore, Dr. Prugh said yesterday: "The burning question before the synod at Baltimore was missions, home and foreign. In recent years the Reformed church has been supporting missions in every great city of the west and $100,000 yearly for the next three years was pledged for this work. The foreign missions of the Reformed church are China and Japan, and $45,000 annually was appropriated for this work.

"A delightful incident of the synod was the reception by President Roosevelt of the entire synod in the White House.

"For many years the Reformed body has endeavored to secure a new constitution, but because of sectional differences in the church new constitutions have always been rejected, but it has been resolved to make a final effort and to this end President Prugh has announced the following committee on the new constitution: The Rev. Prof. G. W. Richards of Lancaster, the Rev. Dr. John H. Sechler of Philadelphia, the Rev. Dr. Martin Vitz of Cleveland, John W. Apple, Esq., Lancaster, and the Hon. Horace Ankeney of Xenia, O.

The next meeting of the synod will be held in Allentown, Pa., in 1905.

TAKES A NEW STEP.

John B. Reynolds, In Connection With a Chicago Man, Secures a Thomas Play.

A bit of theatrical news of interest to a number of Pittsburghers is the organization of a new firm in the managerial line. The firm will be known as Shesgreen & Reynolds, and will begin operations at once by working and booking time in connection with the New York syndicate. John B. Reynolds, the business representative of Duquesne garden for the season of summer opera which is now on, is the junior member of the firm, and the first play they have acquired is the successful comedy by Augustus Thomas, "On the Quiet," in which Willie Collier made a New York success.

In order to exploit this comedy successfully Shesgreen & Reynolds have signed contracts with Thomas W. Ross, a light comedian, to play the principal role, which made Willie Collier successful. Mr. Ross, the comedian, is well known in Pittsburgh. For years he was the principal comedian in stock work in this city and has been identified with comedy work in the various stock houses for more than eight years. He was a member of the company in which Henrietta Crosman first made her success and is a brother to Hope Ross, the famous ingenue who scored successfully with William Gillette's "Secret Service" and other plays abroad.

He is now playing the leading light comedy part in "Soldiers of Fortune" at the Savoy theater in New York.

Mr. Reynolds is a well-known Pittsburgh theatrical man and was born and raised in this city. He engaged in the newspaper business some 12 years ago. He acted as business manager of Frohman's "Lady Ursula" company. Two seasons ago he was selected to direct the business affairs of Louis James and Kathryn Kidder, and last season filled a like position with Modjeska and James. Mr. Reynolds was at one time the adjutant of the Eighteenth infantry, United States volunteers, and has been a member of the Pittsburgh Press club for 10 years.

James Shesgreen, the senior member of the firm, like his partner, was a newspaper man, but received his early training in Chicago, where he filled the position of dramatic editor on a number of the Chicago dailies. Mr. Shesgreen has for the past seven years been the general manager of the firm of Wagenhals & Kemper, directing the tours of Modjeska, James, Arthur Byron, Henry Miller and other well-known stars.

EXPOSED BY A CAR.

Two Men Hurt in Frankstown Avenue Carting Away Copper Wire.

Charles France and J. R. Combs, who claim to be farmers from Armstrong county, were struck by a Frankstown avenue car early yesterday morning while attempting to drive their buggy across Frankstown avenue near Lambert street. The buggy was smashed and France and McCombs thrown out and badly cut about the head and face.

They were taken to the Charity hospital, where they gave fictitious names and acted in such a suspicious manner that Policeman Isaac Mintch, who had accompanied them, arrested them and sent them to the East End police station. It was afterward discovered that the buggy in which they were driving contained a quantity of copper wire.

When the men refused to state how the wire had come into their possession a charge of being suspicious persons was lodged against them. Magistrate John H. Armstrong fined them each $5 and costs.

STRONG TALK BY DR. MILLER ON POWER OF BIBLE

Principal Clerk of Lake Presbytery Preaches at Thomas.

STRONGEST BOOK OF ALL

Clergyman Shows Instances of What It Has Done Through the Ages as Compared With Other Works. Grant and Lee Spoken Of.

In the United Presbyterian church at Thomas, Pa., the Rev. Dr. David Reed Miller, principal clerk of the Lake presbytery and commissioner to the general assembly, yesterday delivered a discourse on "The Power of the Bible." Dr. Miller is one of the most cultured ministers in the United Presbyterian church. He has added much to its religious works and is a valuable contributor to the literature of the day.

"For the word of God is quick and powerful," Hebrews iv.:12, was his text. He said, in part:

"There are books which have made great impressions on human lives, that have, in fact, revolutionized public sentiment and changed the conditions of society; books that have made history and changed dynasties and civilizations; and king over all books in this respect stands the word of God, the old Bible, which is ever living, ever active, quick and powerful, and sharper than any two-edged sword. The life of a book tests it. A book that is worthy to live, lives.

The Bible the Greatest Book.

"A book that feeds thought, that builds up moral fibre, that stimulates conscience; that brings one nearer to nature and nature's God, a book in fact that goes down into the soul and plants there the seeds of immortal love and hope and yearning; that, like a landscape gardener, lays hold of the uncultivated wastes of our nature and transforms them into flower and foliage, terrace and fountain until life becomes aromatic and the soul a conservatory of perpetual blossoming—such a book is 'quick and powerful,' is living and active, is indestructible, is an epoch maker, a destiny builder, and just such a book is the Bible.

"We live in an age of books. We have had the stone age, the iron age, the age of bronze; but we are now living in the paper age, the magazine age! We are confused oft-times amid the multiplicity of books that ask for our patronage. There are so many, we know not what to buy, we know not what to read. Publishers bewilder us, and book agents torment, the book counters tantalize, the thinness of the pocketbook aggravates.

Swarm of Books Bewildering.

"It is hardly safe now-a-days to buy a book until it has proved its right to live. We forget at Christmas what we read at Thanksgiving. But a book that makes

The Rev. Dr. David R. Miller.

us feel better, that inspires us, that makes ambition leap within us, a book that makes us stronger to endure the ills and wrongs of life, a book that we should read and re-read again and again is this sacred Hebrew Bible.

"'Do not trouble yourself too much about the light on the statue,' said Michael Angelo to a young sculptor, 'the light of the public square will test its value.' It is well to be interested in all that concerns the origin of the Bible. It is not the light of the study that tests it so much as the light of the public square. What does it do for men? How does it help men? Bring your Bible into the open. Let the light of ages play upon it. Let the armies of christendom pitch their tents around it, let the kingdoms come, dynasties, empires and republics, and set up their thrones before it, 'for the word of God is living and active, quick and powerful.'

Opinions of Grant and Lee.

"There were two great generals of modern times; the one sleeps today amid the affections of the great southland, the other sleeps within the shelter of the metropolitan city of the north. One led the hosts of the north, the other the forces of the south. They met as avalanches meet, and the shock made the world tremble. Withal they believed in the same God, revered the same Bible. A different flag floated above each of the opposing commanders. Gen. Grant said of his Bible: 'Hold fast to the Bible as the sheet anchor of your liberties; unite its precepts in your hearts and practice them in your lives. To the influence of this book we are indebted for all progress made in our true civilization, and to this we must look as our guide in the future.'

"And Gen. Lee, who pitched his tent on the other side of the Rapidan, but who pitched his faith in God, side by side with the silent leader of the union forces, said: 'The Bible is a book in comparison with which all others, in my eyes, are of minor importance.' In the same faith, side by side, they sleep when all is over.

What It Has Accomplished.

"The Bible is back of the world's best institutions of learning. Where are the colleges founded by infidelity or scepticism? You may count them on the fingers of one hand. What nations rule the world today? Bible nations! If there is anything beautiful in the world today the Bible has made it. It has abolished slavery, it has made womanhood to be honored, and motherhood sacred! It is the pioneer of the world's hope and charity, content and equity. It is the pillar of fire in the van of the all-conquering races as the world marches to its promised land. Generations come and go, civilizations rise and fall, pyramid and cenotaph, pylon, prophylea and monumental marble perish from the earth, but as the earth endures and the sun shines so shall the truth which pervades this marvelous book remain."

SPECIAL SERVICE FOR AGED MEMBERS HELD

A Unique Gathering at the Emory Methodist Episcopal Church Yesterday Mornnig.

The Emory Methodist Episcopal church, North Highland avenue and Broad street, was attended by an immense congregation yesterday morning, when special services were held at 11 o'clock for the aged members of the church and their friends, who were present in large numbers. The idea of holding this unique service originated with the announcement that next Sunday is the annual children's day, and it was deemed advisable to have a day also for those who are aged and infirm and who on this account are rarely able to attend divine service.

The result of the announcement was far beyond the expectations of the pastor, the Rev. Arthur D. Mink, as he viewed the congregation from the pulpit and noticed so many of the very people present for whom he had specially intended the service. Carriages were sent to bring them to church, and at the close of the services they were conveyed to their homes. Many of them paused long enough to take the pastor and their friends by the hand and tell them how much they had appreciated being with the congregation once more, and how much they had enjoyed the services.

The Rev. Arthur D. Mink preached from the text: 'At evening time it shall be life,' and old hymns were sung under the direction of Prof. Mark Baker, with Prof. Willoughby at the organ. At the conclusion a large bouquet composed of numerous small bouquets of beautiful flowers, presented by the young ladies of the church, and which had adorned the front of the pulpit, was separated by the young ladies and each one of the aged members of the congregation was presented with a floral souvenir.

The program for Children's day next Sunday, the service commencing at 10:30 a. m., will include the baptism of infants and a special program of exercises by the Sunday school children.

Sunday School Rally Held.

The Braddock District Sunday School association of Braddock, yesterday afternoon held a rally in the North Braddock United Brethren church, of which the Rev. I. P. Truxel is pastor. It was the quarterly convention of the association, and a number of prominent Sunday school workers in the county were present and participated in the discussion, "How Can We Increase the Beneficence of the Sunday School."

A TALE OF WOE

A small boy has Sore Throat.
Mother gets the oil can,
Soaks a cloth,
Wraps boy's neck.
Awake all night.
Next morning
Throat blistered;
Raw as beefsteak.
Outside so sore,
Boy forgets inside.
Can't turn head for 8 days—sorry
They ever struck 'ile.'
He thinks—"Next
Time I'll keep mum;
Kerosene worse than
Sore Throat.
Don't fool me again."

A TALE OF JOY

Same boy, a
Little older, wiser.
Sore Throat again.
No lamp oil for him.
Heard of
TONSILINE.
School chum used it.
Tells mother.
Who pities boy,
Buys a bottle, 25c.
Gives two doses.
Sleeps all night.
Morning—
Boy wakes up.
Throat all right.
One more family
Never without
TONSILINE
After that.

TONSILINE CURES SORE THROAT.
Is safe and pleasant to take and quick and sure to cure. 25 and 50 cents. All Druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO., Canton, Ohio

Nasal CATARRH
In all its stages there should be cleanliness.
Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.
ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD CATARRH ROSE-COLD HAY-FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE 50 CTS. ELY BROS. NEW YORK
Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Freeport road, Natrona extension. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition, at the above term and number, requesting the approval of the said court for the permanent improvement of a certain public road or high way, situate in Harrison township, in said county of Allegheny, known as the Freeport road, Natrona extension, as follows:

Extending from the Freeport road at the village of Birdville, through lands of John Potts and Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, at or near the eastern line of the borough of Natrona, and all in Harrison township, a distance of three-fourths of a mile, more or less.

That the court ordered the same filed, and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition, or appear before the said grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Millers run road. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition at the above number and term, requesting the approval of the said court for the permanent improvement of a certain road or highway, situate in South Fayette township, in said county of Allegheny, and known as the Millers run road, as follows:

Beginning at the bridge over Chartiers creek at Bridgeville, and from thence through lands of Jacob Hamas heirs and others, to the aforesaid intersection, thence through lands of L. L. Gilbert, William Dinsmore and others, to the Washington county line, a distance of eight (8) miles, more or less, and situate in said township.

That the court ordered the same filed and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition, or appear before the said grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

June and Vacation Suits Are Here!

Every suggestion has been studied to lighten the worry for the mother, the expense for the father, and the clothing for the boy.

Stylish strong stuffs; dainty durable designs; Norfolk, Russian, Sailor, Bicycle—Everything from wool to crash.

Our line of washable suits will prove very interesting, $1.50 up.

JACKSONS
954-956 Liberty St.

"ALL WRIGHT FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY"
ROMAN EYE BALSAM
FOR WEAK, INFLAMED EYES AND EYELIDS
Price 25 Cents. All Druggists.
WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL CO., New York.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Evergreen extension road. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition at the above number and term, requesting the approval of the said court for the permanent improvement of a certain public road or highway, situate in Reserve township, in said county of Allegheny, and known as the Evergreen extension road, as follows:

Beginning at a point on the Evergreen hamlet road at the end of the macadamized portion of same, thence by and through lands of Crider, McCutcheon, John Scott, John Heine and others, to a point on the Perrysville plank road near the property of James Keown, a distance of three (3) miles, more or less.

That the court ordered the same to be filed and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition, or appear before the grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Brownsville road, from Garric P. O. to Curry Station. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition at the above number and term, requesting the approval of the said court for the permanent improvement of a certain road or highway, situate in Baldwin township, in said county of Allegheny, and known as the Brownsville road, as follows:

Beginning at the Brownsville road, at Garric postoffice, thence along and through lands of Adam Wagner, Bennett, W. T. Cowan, Verner heirs, and others to a point on the line of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, at Currys Station, being four and one-half (4½) miles in length, and all in said township.

That the court ordered the same filed and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition, or appear before the said grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Lowries run and Mount Nebo road. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition at the above number and term, requesting the approval of said court for the permanent improvement of a certain public road or highway, situate in Ross and Ohio townships, in said county of Allegheny, and known as the Lowries run and Mount Nebo road, as follows:

Beginning at a point on Lowries run macadamized road on lands of C. Rauft, thence through lands of Martin, Crawford, Cook, Sarver, Hohman, Thompson, Mount Nebo church and Duff, to an iron bridge over Kilbuck run, being a distance of five (5) miles.

That the said court ordered the same to be filed, and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition, or appear before the said grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

In re petition of the commissioners of Allegheny county for the permanent improvement of the Glenfield road. No. —, March sessions, 1902. In the court of quarter sessions of the county of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of the county of Allegheny have presented their petition at the above number and term, requesting the approval of the said court for the permanent improvement of a certain public road or highway, situate in Aleppo and Ohio townships, in said county of Allegheny, and known as the Glenfield road, as follows:

Beginning at the line of Glenfield borough, thence following the general course of Kilbuck run, by lands of Mary Hamolf, L. Oehling, Sarah Ritchey, John Wachter, Boyd heirs, McGee, and others, to a point one-eighth of a mile beyond the McGee farm buildings, thence by lands of Wachter, Conkle heirs, Fred Kenney, Dr. Hanna, and others, to the Blackburn Methodist Episcopal church, a distance of four (4) miles, more or less.

That the court ordered the same filed and directed it to be laid before the grand jury of the county of Allegheny, upon Wednesday, June 18th, 1902, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., and that any person interested may file exceptions to the granting of this petition or appear before the said grand jury upon said day.

J. C. MERCER,
W. W. MURRAY,
J. A. CLARK,
County Commissioners.
GEORGE P. MURRAY,
County Solicitor.

E. W. Harden's Daily New York Business Letter

MANY SMALL RAILWAY LINES BEING GOBBLED

One by One They Are Passing Under Control of the Larger Systems.

MONON THE LATEST TO GO

It Gives the Louisville & Nashville a Line to New Orleans Paralleling Illinois Central—Plenty of Room in Pittsburgh for Wabash.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, June 1.—One by one small independent railroad properties are vanishing from the map, and if the process of absorption continues at the present pace, this generation will be likely to see the entire elimination of little railroad thorns from the transportation situation. A list of independent railroad properties that have been absorbed by larger systems this year makes a very imposing record.

"Monon" (Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville), a property long discredited and bankrupt as recently as 1897, has been taken over by the Southern railroad and Louisville & Nashville jointly, in order to give the latter direct facilities between Chicago and New Orleans formerly possessed only by the Illinois Central. Colorado & Southern has been acquired by the Hawley-Crocker faction as a link in the railroad chain these interests are forging. In the working out of their trans-continental Missouri-Wabash system, the Goulds have taken over West Virginia Central and Western Maryland to secure an outlet to the Atlantic seaboard, and Ann Arbor lines and Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking railroad as feeders for the Wabash. The Moore party has absorbed the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf railroad in behalf of Rock Island. The Plant system has been absorbed by the Atlantic Coast line to strengthen the latter against Morgan expansion in the transportation field. Monterey & Gulf has been taken over by the Mexican Central as a part of the Harriman-Gould program in the southwest.

Still Others in Prospect.

These are the more important absorptions that have occurred this year. A number of others are contemplated. The acquisition of Ann Arbor & Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking by Gould interests, leaves the Pere Marquette the only independent line in the Michigan territory, and it is believed to be only a question of time until it, too, shall be taken over.

Almost without exception the shares of these railroads lately absorbed were footballs in the speculative world several years ago, whereas now they are being taken in at fancy valuations, and the holders of stocks that were badly discredited early in the 90's have seen themselves grow rich in reward for their patience and judgment.

The far-famed principle of "community of interest," seems to have given place for the moment to a process of absorption. Strategic maneuvers are taking place in almost every stretch of railroad territory where aggressions are possible, and especially in the Mississippi valley the Moore party is working out large schemes in the interest of Rock Island. It is believed to have its eye on St. Joseph & Grand Island as a means of expanding the Rock Island system southward from Chicago.

The acquisition of "Monon" by Louisville & Nashville and Southern railroad, has the effect of virtually paralleling Illinois Central, and whether the Harriman party will view this in good countenance, remains to be seen.

Business Enough for All.

When it first became defiitely known that Monon was to be taken over by the Morgans for the benefit of Louisville & Nashville and Southern railroad, Stuyvesant Fish, president of the Illinois Central, walked into the office of J. P. Morgan prepared to declare himself on the points involved, and desired to know whether Illinois Central is going to be considered in the matter. He was diplomatically assured that the transportation market of the Mississippi valley was not to be disturbed in the least, and it is said Fish went away quite satisfied.

The tonnage between Chicago and New Orleans has been increasing at an enormous rate, and optimists insist that there is room enough in this field for both Illinois Central and the Morgan system.

Much the same thing is said in reference to the entrance of the Wabash into Pittsburgh. It is pointed out that the tonnage arising in Pittsburgh has overwhelmed the present railroad facilities, and that it is to the interest not only of Pittsburgh but all the railroad interests centering there, as well, to have the Wabash come in. There is business enough for all, and further development of tonnage at that center depends almost wholly upon the increase of transportation facilities.

It will be remembered that the size of the United States Steel Corporation's appropriations for improvements in the Pittsburgh district depended upon the assurances given by the railroads that the steel tonnage arising there would be better handled in the future than in the past.

Individual Bank Reserves.

The bank statement shows that the surplus of 23 banks is below the 25 per cent requirement. Of that number, 11 are national and 12 state banks. The percentage reserves of individual banks are as follows:

Banks.	Pct. Res.	Banks.	Pct. Res.
Bank of N. Y. N. B. A.	25.7	Corn Exchange	24.4
Manhattan Co.	30.5	Oriental	27.2
Merchants Nat.	26.6	Import. & Tr. Nat.	24.7
Mechanics Nat.	27.4	National Park	28.3
America	26.9	East River Nat.	27.0
Phoenix Nat.	25.7	Fourth Nat.	26.0
National City	27.0	Central Nat.	25.3
Chemical Nat.	25.5	Second Nat.	25.4
Merch. Ex. Nat.	24.7	First Nat.	27.0
Gallatin Nat.	26.7	N. Y. Nat. Exch.	25.8
Nat. Butch. & Dr.	23.7	Bowery	22.2
Mechanics & Trad.	21.3	N. Y. County Nat.	26.6
Greenwich	18.0	German-American.	23.0
Leath. Man. Nat.	28.8	Chase Nat.	25.4
Seventh Nat.	24.7	Fifth Avenue	25.8
Am. Exch. Nat.	31.5	German Exchange	24.6
Nat. Bk. of Com.	25.3	Germania	21.2
Nat. Broadway	22.7	Lincoln Nat.	25.5
Mercantile Nat.	25.8	Garfield Nat.	24.3
Pacific	23.4	Fifth Nat.	25.4
Chatham Nat.	25.7	Metropolis	24.5
Peoples	25.3	West Side	25.5
N. B. of N. Am.	25.8	Seaboard Nat.	25.3
Hanover Nat.	26.6	Western	26.1
Irving Nat.	23.4	First Nat., Bklyn.	22.9
Nat. Citizens	24.6	Liberty Nat.	23.5
Nassau	20.0	N. Y. Prod. Exch.	27.1
Mark. & Ful. Nat.	27.9	N. Amster. Nat.	23.1
Nat. S. & Leather	24.5	Astor Nat.	25.4
		Hide & Leather	21.7

Two Views of the Bank Statement.

From the standpoint of the speculator, Saturday's bank statement was regarded as unfavorable; from the standpoint of the banker, favorable. The unfavorable feature from the speculator's point of view was an increase of $15,109,300 in loans, while on the other hand bankers called attention to the increase of $1,771,400 in cash, as an indication of increasing strength. Of the increase in cash, $613,600 was in specie and $1,157,800 in legal tender notes. The increase in loans and cash brought about an expansion of $16,575,400 in deposits, thus increasing the reserve liability of the associated banks by more than $4,000,000. The additional amount of cash required as reserve, resulted in a reduction of $2,372,450 in surplus.

The increase in cash corresponded very closely with the preliminary figures based on the known movements of money. The expansion in loans was considerably larger than anticipated, and the only explanation advanced for the wide change was heavy borrowing by syndicates. It was stated that there were heavy payments in connection with the financing of the shipping combination, and some advance payments on account of the increase in the capital stock of the National City bank.

The change in the surplus of the associated banks is too narrow to warrant the statement that dearer money will rule next week. Bankers declare that if there is any change at all in call funds it will be slight, as the banks are well supplied with available funds for loaning purposes.

E. W. HARDEN.

THE OIL FIELDS.

Southwest operators were not troubled by gushers in either old or new territory during the week just closed. Nearly all of the wells to reach completion were small or dry and located inside of territory fully defined.

The operator in the lower southwest is just as much at a loss to locate new producing territory as at any time in the past year, notwithstanding his strenuous efforts to accomplish that purpose. For months he has been bending his energies in that direction in every locality that looked the least promising. West Virginia, no doubt, has many undiscovered pools, congested in size and expensive to find. It is not at all likely that the state will ever furnish another pool equal in size or as prolific in production as either the Sistersville or Mannington fields. A half dozen counties in that state are in the same condition that Butler county, in this state, has been in for the last 15 or more years. Spurs to the old developments will be found, and occasionally a little pool, having no connection with any other previous development. In the end they nearly always prove expensive to the majority of investors. A higher price is paid for leases and more work started than the situation warrants, consequently the loss in the end is heavy.

From present indications, operators who have invested in the territory contiguous to the new Keener sand pool in Monroe county, O., will have just such an experience. Unless better results are attained to the north and south of the development than has been realized to the west, southwest and the east, the profitable producing territory will all be embraced in a few hundred acres. When the effort to extend the producing limits to the west failed, interest very naturally centered in the east. During the past week, hope for an extension in that direction was dissipated by the Ohio Oil Company drilling in a duster on the Joseph Griffith farm, located scarcely more than a half mile east of the good producers on the J. R. Mann farm. The amount of work now starting and under way will very definitely settle the status of this pool by the end of the present month. It is shallow territory as compared with that on the West Virginia side.

Big wells have little part in the developments of today. A casual glance over the lower southwest fields at the present time reveals scarcely more than a dozen and a half wells, each with a production of 100 or more barrels a day. In the entire lower region there is not a single well that can lay claim to 300 barrels a day. The nearest approach to that figure is the South Penn Oil Company's No. 1 on the S. S. Eddy farm, west of Blakesville, in Greene County, Pa. In the Fish Creek and "Little Germany" districts in Marshall county, the large producers have declined and not more than four are now in the 100-barrel a day list. The producing area of the development has been very fully defined, and there is no longer any hope of enlarging it in any direction. The work of developing the interior is going forward, but there is a very noticeable falling off in starting new work.

In the new Gordon sand development, near Littleton, Wetzel county, the Philadelphia Company drilled in a test well on the Haines farm that makes the outlook a little more promising for that section. The first well to call attention to this locality was the one on the Samuel Parks farm, drilled by the same company last winter.

A 30-barrel producer on the Genine Robinson farm was the only acquisition to the Marion-Wetzel county Gordon sand development during the week. This will be one of the active districts during the remainder of the year. In acreage it is the largest body of undeveloped territory in West Virginia.

The Salem district, in Harrison county, shows no abatement in operations, but the wells as a rule are much smaller than two months ago, when 100-barrel producers were of quite frequent occurrence. To the northeast and northwest some good wells may be had, but the territory is thought to be defined.

There is still much speculation as to the ultimate outcome of the Carter Oil Company's find on the Harris farm on Long run, Doddridge county. The Harris farm well has dropped from 200 to 100 barrels a day. This can hardly be considered a flattering showing for a strike so far removed from any other producing wells. When drilled deeper it may improve.

In the Yellow creek district, in Calhoun county, Mallory Bros. & Co. have drilled a test well on the Lewis Hambrick farm to the Berea grit and think they have a 60-barrel producer in that formation. While this is not an entirely new feature for this district, none of the wells previously drilled down to this level found oil in any such quantities as the Hambrick farm test. This has all along been regarded as salt and Gantz sand territory. On the whole the Yellow creek pool has been a failure. It is more than likely that the old wells that were dusters in the upper sands will now be drilled to the lower formation.

Despite the fruitless effort to find new pools in Southeastern Ohio, operators have not abandoned all hope. Twelve miles south of Cadiz, in Guernsey county, Griswold & Co. have drilled a test well and claim to have a 19-barrel pumper.

The local fields are without a new attraction. The Murdocksville extension, near Burgettstown, in Washington county, has been the incentive for continuing the search in that locality.

Between the extension and Burgettstown, W. C. Kennedy & Co. have a rig up and will drill a test on the Duncan farm. Between the old development and Franklin, Hite & Co. have taken up a block of leases and are getting ready to drill a test well.

Out in the old Hickory gas field, oil has recently been found in some of the old gassers that had become exhausted, and when cleaned out and drilled deeper, showed for small pumpers. At one time this was the most prolific local gas territory. The gas was developed in the 50-foot, and it is claimed that in the bottom of this formation is where the oil is encountered.

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT

The following is a complete statement of the averages of loans and discounts, legal tenders, specie, circulation and net deposits of the New York city banks composing the New York Clearing House association for the week ending Saturday, May 31, 1902:

BANKS.	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Legal Tenders.	Net Deposits.	Circulation.
Bank of N. Y., N.B.A.	$ 2,000,000	$ 17,939,000	$ 2,011,000	$ 1,579,000	$ 17,439,000	$ $996,200
Bank of the Manhat. Co.	2,050,000	21,036,000	5,925,000	1,895,000	25,608,000	......
Merchants Nat. Bank	2,000,000	12,331,100	2,267,400	1,657,200	14,733,400	......
Mechanics Nat. Bank	2,000,000	12,483,000	2,247,000	1,213,000	12,635,000	......
Bank of America	1,500,000	19,585,500	2,839,500	2,779,000	21,702,000	......
Phoenix National Bank	1,000,000	5,159,000	945,000	373,000	5,132,000	49,000
National City Bank	10,000,000	110,421,000	25,398,000	7,726,000	122,692,000	4,310,000
Chemical National Bank	300,000	23,977,200	3,447,200	2,366,600	22,693,200	......
Merchants Ex. Nat. Bk.	600,000	4,999,100	691,800	594,600	5,212,000	238,400
Gallatin National Bank	1,000,000	8,881,100	1,098,900	812,800	7,150,500	988,400
Nat. Butch. & Drov. Bk.	300,000	1,541,900	390,000	42,800	1,830,800	49,200
Mech. & Traders Bank	400,000	3,212,000	466,000	345,000	3,801,000	......
Greenwich Bank	200,000	1,271,400	94,100	105,400	1,106,900	......
Leather Manuf. Nat.	600,000	4,680,700	1,163,600	215,800	4,794,100	487,500
Seventh National Bank	1,700,000	5,846,200	1,125,400	338,200	5,914,400	532,900
American Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	31,267,000	7,060,000	1,814,000	28,201,000	4,530,000
Nat. Bank of Commerce	10,000,000	74,193,300	8,387,000	8,249,200	65,774,600	7,476,100
Nat. Broadway	1,000,000	6,969,400	1,141,500	210,200	5,963,900	449,400
Mercantile National	1,000,000	13,580,600	1,884,100	1,849,000	14,443,700	988,500
Pacific Bank	422,700	3,082,800	414,300	502,700	3,914,300	......
Chatham National	450,000	6,174,400	776,600	846,200	6,311,100	49,400
Peoples Bank	200,000	2,071,100	184,000	575,100	3,004,000	......
Nat. Bank of N. Amer.	2,000,000	15,816,900	2,335,800	1,519,600	14,971,600	819,200
Hanover National	3,000,000	47,591,800	8,261,100	6,203,563	54,384,300	2,000,000
Irving National	50,000	4,463,600	511,500	547,400	4,518,000	246,100
National Citizens	1,550,000	5,860,000	896,700	741,700	6,654,300	644,000
Nassau Bank	500,000	2,723,200	283,300	344,800	3,134,200	......
Market & Fulton Nat.	900,000	6,175,300	1,111,000	732,400	6,601,200	50,000
Nat. Shoe & Leather	1,000,000	3,712,100	817,700	200,000	4,150,500	49,000
Corn Exchange	1,400,000	22,087,000	3,656,000	2,822,000	26,550,000	......
Oriental Bank	300,000	2,010,400	211,300	325,100	1,968,200	......
Import. & Traders Nat.	1,500,000	23,425,000	3,946,000	1,257,000	21,952,000	46,700
National Park Bank	2,000,000	50,564,000	14,043,000	4,098,000	64,023,000	49,700
East River National	250,000	1,230,500	193,700	179,900	1,384,100	50,000
Fourth National	3,000,000	20,102,900	3,181,600	2,726,000	22,745,700	50,000
Central National	1,000,000	10,449,000	2,252,000	1,093,000	13,238,000	530,000
Second National	300,000	9,515,000	1,524,000	1,098,000	10,328,000	284,000
First National	10,000,000	79,062,600	19,200,400	1,496,800	76,703,600	2,659,700
N. Y. Nat. Exchange	500,000	5,554,100	1,081,900	376,400	5,653,600	496,900
Bowery Bank	250,000	2,861,000	425,000	343,000	3,277,000	......
N. Y. Co. Nat Bank	200,000	5,960,800	830,000	440,000	5,006,400	50,000
German-American Bk.	750,000	3,456,000	524,400	240,000	3,317,700	......
Chase National Bk.	1,000,000	39,196,300	9,764,300	2,108,200	47,031,400	50,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	100,000	9,237,100	2,521,100	140,500	10,331,400	......
German Exchange Bk.	200,000	2,458,200	222,100	550,000	3,141,800	......
Germania Bank	200,000	3,019,100	409,700	588,400	4,718,100	......
Lincoln Nat. Bank	300,000	14,720,500	1,874,100	2,598,400	17,555,600	247,000
Garfield Nat. Bank	1,000,000	7,975,200	1,682,800	329,200	8,266,600	49,500
Fifth National Bank	200,000	2,276,700	485,400	127,400	2,409,400	195,600
Bank of the Metropolis	300,000	8,017,000	1,647,100	602,800	9,170,300	......
West Side Bank	200,000	2,886,000	493,000	325,000	3,202,000	......
Seaboard Nat. Bank	500,000	13,395,000	2,324,000	1,681,000	15,803,000	50,000
Western Nat. Bank	2,100,000	39,346,900	9,882,100	2,244,300	46,419,600	50,000
First Nat. Bk. B'klyn.	300,000	4,488,000	432,000	608,000	4,534,000	75,000
Liberty Nat. Bank	500,000	7,358,700	1,271,400	425,600	7,216,600	497,900
N. Y. Prod. Exch. Bk.	1,000,000	3,976,600	672,700	378,800	3,878,800	......
New Ams'dam Nat. Bk.	500,000	7,719,900	1,424,500	537,800	8,514,200	100,000
Astor National Bk.	350,000	4,255,000	866,000	220,000	4,270,000	350,000
Hide & Leath. Nat. Bk.	500,000	2,931,200	370,500	99,400	2,165,600	380,000
Totals	$83,872,700	$885,592,600	$172,536,600	$76,474,000	$948,326,400	$31,245,300

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

The leading futures corrected by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of Chicago board of trade, 209 Sixth street, range as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Thursday's Close.
WHEAT No. 2.					
May	72⅞	73	72¼	72⅝	72½
July	72½	72⅝	71⅞	72⅛	72¼
Sept.	71⅛	71½	70⅝	70⅞	71
Dec.	72½	72¾	71½	71⅝	72¼
CORN. No. 2.					
May	61½	61¾	60⅝	61	61¾
July	62⅛	62½	61¼	61⅝	62¼
Sept.	59⅝	59⅝	59	59	59½
OATS. No. 2.					
May	46	49½	46	49¼	43¾
July	34⅞	34⅞	34	34⅝	34⅝
Do n.	36⅞	37	36⅛	36⅝	36⅞
Sept.	28⅝	28⅝	27⅞	27⅞	28⅝
Do n.	30¼	30⅞	29⅝	30	30⅝
MESS PORK.					
July	17 05	17 12½	17 05	17 10	17 05
Sept.	17 17½	17 22½	17 15	17 20	17 15
LARD.					
July	10 15	10 22½	10 15	10 20	10 15
Sept.	10 20	10 25	10 20	10 22½	10 17½
SHORT RIBS.					
July	9 67½	9 75	9 67½	9 75	9 65
Sept.	9 67½	9 75	9 67½	9 72½	9 67½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady; winter patents, $3 85@4 00; straights, $3 40@3 80; clears, $3 20@3 60; spring specials, $4 30@4 40; patents, $3 50@3 90; straights, $3 00@3 30; No. 2 spring wheat, 73@73½c; No. 3, 69½@73¼c; No. 2 red, 79@80½c; No. 2 yellow corn, 61¾@62½c; No. 2 oats, 39@41½c; No. 2 white, 43¼@44¼c; No. 3 white, 42½@44c; No. 2 rye, 58½c; fair to choice malting, 68@70½c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 58; No. 1 northwestern, $1 76; prime timothy seed, $6 30@6 35; mess pork, $17 10@17 15; lard, $10 12½@10 15; short ribs sides (loose), 9.70@9.80c; dry salted shoulders (boxed), 8@8¼c; short clear sides (boxed), 10.20@10.30c; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 30; clover, contract grade, $8 35.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	12,000	15,000
Wheat, bu	20,000	78,000
Corn, bu	195,000	458,000
Oats, bu	244,000	247,000
Rye, bu	1,000	52,000
Barley, bu	14,000	4,000

Weekly Review of Market Quotations

PITTSBURGH PRICES FOR FARM PRODUCTS

New Potatoes Much Lower. Green Corn Makes Its Appearance.

Summary for Last Week.

The week in the hay and grain market was an uneventful one, trading being fairly good, but without any special features or any degree of activity. Prices remained as they were last Monday, the list of quotations this morning showing no change of any kind from that time. Receipts of oats have been heavy, but arriving stock has evidently all been placed, as the market has not broken, while hay did not come in so freely as it did during the preceding week, but there was enough, and the situation gained no strength. Millfeed is not very plentiful and is firm.

Groceries are steady at unchanged quotations. Flour has gone no lower, but some concessions for attractive orders are heard of and the general feeling is one of increased easiness. Sugar and coffee are in moderate request, but quotations have been allowed to stand. The active sugar season will soon be here, when prices will be stiffer. Navy beans are not so strong, and quotations now cover a wider range. Salt fish have advanced, recent runs of fresh mackerel showing up very poorly, thus affecting the market for salt.

Potatoes steadily declined all week, the lowest point being reached on Saturday, when new in sacks offered as low as $1 a bushel; heavy receipts of both new and old caused the market to go off very decidedly during several days, and there is little probability of its recovering this season, though some who are heavily interested have faith in a reaction to come this month. Green corn from New Orleans is offering at 50 to 60 cents a dozen, and the first shipments of Texas tomatoes have arrived. Home grown strawberries are expected during this week. Florida canteloupes are in the market, selling at $4 to $5 a crate. Peas and string beans are lower in price, while asparagus remains firm, only home grown now offering.

Butter did not change in price last Monday, but remained steady all week, and as yet shows no change in condition, what quotations will be made today to govern the week's business being uncertain. Cheese has declined, both New York and Ohio product offering at lower figures. Eggs have been strong all week, receipts being light and quotations are higher than they were last Monday. For select candled stock 18 cents can readily be obtained and very few sales of candled eggs are made below 17 cents.

Poultry has remained steady, with receipts just about balancing demand, both showing improvement. Fresh young spring broilers, dressed, bring from 40 to 50 cents a pound, but are small.

No change was made on Saturday in provisions, hams, smoked and salt meats and lard continuing at figures which prevailed last week.

Hay, Grain and Feed.

Receipts bulletined: 40 cars hay, 33 cars oats, 22 cars corn, 5 cars straw, 5 cars feed, 1 car oats and corn, 1 car hay and straw; Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 3 cars hay, 2 cars oats; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, 5 cars hay, 1 car straw. Total receipts, 116 cars.

Following are the official quotations for hay, millfeed, corn, oats and straw, corrected by the superintendent of the Pittsburgh grain exchange:

Straw—Oat, $7 00@7 50; wheat, $7 00@7 50; rye, $8 00@8 25.

Hay—Choice timothy, $14 50@15 00; No. 1 do, $14 00@14 25; No. 2 do, $12 00@13 00; No. 1 mixed, $11 00@11 50; No. 1 clover, $10 50@10 75; prairie, $10 50@11 00; packing, $8 00@10.00; loose from wagon, $16 00@17 00.

Rye—Milling price (delivered), No. 2 Michigan, 66@67c.

Wheat—No. 2 red, winter, 75@76c f. o. b. cars within radius of 50 miles Pittsburgh.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, shelled, 69@69½c; high mixed, 68@69c; No. 2 mixed, 67@68c; No. 2 yellow ear, 71@72c; high mixed, 69@70c; No. 2 mixed, 68@69c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 49¼@49½c; extra, No. 3, 48½@49¼c; regular, 48@48½c.

Millfeed—White middlings, per ton, No. 2, $21 50@22 00; brown, $20 50@21 00; bran, $21 00@21 50.

Groceries.

Flour—Jobbers' prices: Fancy spring patents, $4 15@4 20; fancy winter patents, $4 00@4 10; straight winter, $3 80@4 00; bakers' spring, $3 60@3 60; rye, $3 45@3 60; graham, $4 00@4 50; cornmeal, bbl, $3 50@3 60; 10-lb cotton bags, 19@20c.

Sugar—Standard granulated, 4.80c; fine granulated, bbl, 100-lb and 25-lb jute bags, 4.80c; 2-lb cartons, 5.00c; 5-lb jute bags, 4.95c; powdered, 4.90c; powdered xxxx, 4.95c; cubes, 5.05c; cutloaf, 5.40c; confectioners' A, 4.60c; coffee A, 4.35@4.40c; No. 1 yellow, 4.20c; No. 2 do, 4.15c; No. 3 do, 4.10c. (Quotations are for Pittsburgh and Allegheny wagon delivery. Add 9c per 100 lbs for rail shipments to points within a radius of 50 miles of Pittsburgh.)

Cereals—Rolled oats, bbl, $5 00; kegs, $2 65; packages, $2 60@3 25; oatmeal, bbls, $5 40; kegs, $2 90.

Molasses—Fancy refined, 30@32c; choice do, 26@29c; prime do, 22@25c; new open kettle, 37@40c; fancy sugar syrup, 30@32c; sugar and cane, 27@30c; syrup in 2½-lb tin cans, $1 05; 3-lb, $1 25; 5-lb, $2 20; 10-lb, $4 00 per dozen.

Coffee—Roasted, bulk Rio, 10½@12c; Santos, 22¼@23½c; Maracaibo, 17@17½c; Peaberry, 17@18c; Caracas, 19@19½c; Golden Rio, 14½@15c; Java, 26@29c; Mocha, 25½c; standard brands, 1-lb pkgs, 10.80c (with rebate of ⅜c allowed to retailers); high grades, 1-lb pkgs, 14.30@16.30c.

Beans—Prime marrowfat, bu, $2 45@2 50; H. P. navy, $1 85@1 95; red kidney, $2 45@2 50; California Lima, 5¼@5¾c.

Peas—Dried peas, $1 90@1 95; Scotch, per bu, $1 95@2 00; split peas, bbl, $7 00; less, 3½c per lb.

Oil—Carbon, 110 deg., 9c; headlight, 9¾c; water white, 10c; Elaine, 13½c; Ohio W. W. test, 9¾c; miners' Lewis, 51@52c; special brands, 26@45c; prime refined, 26c.

Rice—Extra, fancy head, 7½@7¾c; fancy Japan, 5c; choice Carolina, 6@6½c; prime Carolina, 4¾@5¼c.

Salt—No. 1, 95c bbl; No. 1 extra, $1 05; dairy, $1 30; granulated rock, 95c sack; pocket salt, $1 55@1 85.

Fish—No. 1 mess, mackerel, bbls, $23 00; half bbls, $12 00; quarter bbls, $6 12; 20-lb pails, $2 75; 10-lb pails, $1 50; No. 2 mackerel, new, bbls, $14 00; half bbls, $7 82; quarter bbls, $4 32; 10-lb pails, 95c; lake herring, 100 lbs, $3 30; 30-lb quarters, $1 30; 10-lbs, 48c.

Canned Goods.

Standard pie peaches, 80@85c; gallon pie peaches, $2 50@3 00; California L. C. peaches, $1 90@2 25; Maryland peaches, $1 25@1 75; California Y. F., $1 80@2 00; corn, fancy brands, 90c@$1 00; corn, 82½@85c; California cherries, white, $2 00@2 25; lima beans, $1 20@1 40; soaked lima beans, 75@80c; string do, 65c@$1 25; marrowfat peas, 95c@$1 10; early June peas, $1 00@1 30; soaked peas, 55@65c; New York apples, gal cans, $3 50@3 60; pineapples, $1 20@2 20; damson plums, $1 00; California plums, $1 60@1 00; raspberries, 85@90c; gooseberries, 95c@$1 00; standard tomatoes, $1 37½@1 40; fancy do, $1 45@1 55; salmon, doz 1-lb cans, $1 00@1 30; succotash, 1-lb cans, 65c@$1 40; chipped beef, 1-lb cans, $2 40@2 75; corned and roast beef, cans, $1 35@2 35; mackerel, 2 and 3-lb cans, broiled, $1 75@2 60; sardines, domestic, ¼s, $3 35@3 50; mustards, ¾s, $2 90; French, $7 00@14 25; oysters, 1-lb full weight, 85c@$1 25; 1-lb lunch, flat cans, $1 10.

Dried Fruits.

Evaporated appricots, in bags, 11@12c; 25-lb boxes, 12@15c; apples, in bulk, 10c; 1-lb cartons, 10@11c; peaches, 8@12c; raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs, 9@9½c; raisins, Muscatels, 2 and 4-crown, 50-lb boxes, 6¾@7½c per lb; Ondaria Valencia, 8@8½c; California Valencia, 7c; raspberries, 25½@27½c; currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs, 7½@7¾c; California prunes, 3¾@8½c.

Fruits and Produce.

Apples—Choice and fancy, $2 50@5 00.

Potatoes—On track, per bu, 70@75c; carloads, fancy, 65@70c; fancy from store, 80@90c; Bermudas, per bbl, $4 25@5 00; Florida Rose, per bbl, $4 00@4 50; new southern, $3 50@3 75; new potatoes in sacks, $1 00@1 15 per bu.

Carrots—Per doz bunches, 40@50c.

Cucumbers—Per doz, 50@60c; New Orleans, 30@40c per doz; $3 50@4 00 per bbl.

Onions—Egyptian, $3 00@3 25 per bag; Bermuda, $1 60@1 75; New Orleans, sacks, $1 25@1 50.

Horseradish—Per bbl, $3 50@3 75.

Watercress—Per doz, 30@35c.

Cabbage—New cabbage, per crate, $1 50@1 75.

Leeks—Per doz, 25@30c.

Cider—New sweet apple juice, bbls, $4 50@5 00; old sharp apple juice, bbl, $1 50@3 00; choice crabapple, bbl, $5 00@6 00; refined apple juice, gal, 12@15c; Duffy's 15-gal kegs, $3 00; 30-gal kegs, $5 00@5 25; pure grape juice, kegs, $3 50; per gal, 18@20c.

Beets—Bunch, 45@50c per doz.

Parsley—New southern, per doz, 40@45c.

Radishes—Per doz, 15@25c.

Tomatoes—Florida, 6-basket carriers, fancy, $2 00@3 00; choice, $2 00@2 25.

Spinach—Per bu, 25@35c.

Green onions—Per doz, 8@10c.

Lettuce—Home grown, per doz, 25@30c; hothouse, 30@40c per basket; Ashtabula, basket, 20@25c.

New Orleans egg plant—Per doz, $2 00@2 25.

Turnips—New bunches, per doz, 35@40c.

Garlic—Per lb, 7@10c.

Green corn—New Orleans, per doz, 50@60c.

String beans—Green, per box, $1 25@1 50; wax, $1 25@1 50.

Strawberries—Per qt, fancy, 10@12c; choice, 8@9c.

Kohlrobi—Per doz bunches, 40@50c.

Honey—White comb, 15@16c; New York white clover, 16@17c; buckwheat, 11@12c.

Maple syrup—Per gal, 85c@$1 00.

Mango peppers—Per crate, $2 00@2 50.

Rhubarb—Per doz, 20@25c.

Asparagus—Home grown, 40@60c per doz.

Peas—Per basket, $1 00@1 25.

Squash—Florida, per box, $1 50@1 75.

Cantaloupes—$4 00@5 00 crate.

Tropical Fruits and Nuts.

Lemons—California, $3 00@3 50; Messina, $3 50@4 00.

Pineapples—Florida, per crate, $3 00@3 50; Havana, each, 7@15c.

Cocoanuts—Per bag, $3 00@3 25.

Oranges—California navel, $4 00@4 50; Mediterranean sweets, $3 50@4 00; seedlings, $2 75@3 50; Florida, $3 50@4 50.

Bananas—Firsts, $1 75@2 25; eights, $1 25@1 50; seconds, 75c@$1 00.

Nuts—Almonds, 15c; filberts, 11c; English walnuts, 11@13c; pecans, 12@15c; Brazil nuts, 9c; mixed nuts, 11c; peanuts, jumbos, 7c; fancy hand picked, 5½c per lb; shellbarks, $1 50@2 00 per bu; walnuts, per bu, 60@75c; St. John's bread, per lb, 4c; California paper shell almonds, 15c; Italian chestnuts, 8c.

Grape fruit—Per box, $5 00@8 00; California, $3 00@3 50.

Dates—Persian, 4c; Fard, 6@6½c per lb.

Figs—2½-inch, 14c per lb.

Cherries—California, per box, $2 00@2 50.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

Butter—Elgin creamery, prints, 25@25½c; do tubs, 24@24½c; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 22@22½c; dairy butter, 15@16c; fresh country roll, 18c; cooking butter, 15@16c.

Cheese—New York full creams, 12@12½c; Ohio, 12@12½c; ¾ cream, Ohio, 10½@11c; Ohio Swiss, tubs, 13½@14c; Wisconsin Swiss, tubs, 15½@16c; 10-lb block cheese, Swiss, 16@16½c; 5-lb brick cheese, 14c; limburger, 12½@13c.

Eggs—Fresh, at mark, 16@16½c per doz; candled, 17@18c; duck eggs, 18c; goose eggs, 20c.

Poultry.

Live—Hens, per lb, 12½@13½c; broilers, 35@40c; roosters, 7@8c; turkeys, 8@10c; geese, 9@10c; ducks, 12@13c.

Dressed—Hens, 16@16½c; broilers, 40@50c; roosters, 11@12c; ducks, 17@18c; frozen spring broilers, $5 00@5 50 per doz.

Seeds.

Clover—From store, recleaned, 60-lb bu, small, $5 35@5 40; mammoth, $5 45@5 50; crimson, $4 75@5 00; white Dutch, $10 00@11 00; alsike, $10 00@10 50; alfalfa, $6 50@6 75; timothy, $3 20@3 25; orchard grass, $1 60@1 75; millet, $1 70@1 75; Hungarian grass, 90c@$1 10; lawn grass, 18@20c per lb; bluegrass, 14-lb bu, $1 50@1 75; red top, 14-lb bu, $1 10@1 00.

Provisions.

Smoked Meats—Hams, large, 18 lbs and up, 12½c; medium, over 14 to 18 lbs, 12½c; small, over 10 to 14 lbs, 12¾c; small, 10 lbs and under, 12¾c; skinned hams, 13¼c; boneless boiled hams, 20c; California hams, 9¾c; shoulders (New York cut), 9¾c; shoulders (skinned), 10½c; breakfast bacon (rib), 8 to 10 lbs, 13½c; do, 10 to 12 lbs, 12¾c; do back strips, 12½c; do (clear), 8 to 10 lbs, 13½c; do, 10 to 12 lbs, 13c; do, back strips, 12½c.

Dry Salt Meats—Sides (extra short clears), 11c; bellies, over 20 to 25 lbs, 11½c; do, from 16 to 20 lbs, 11½c; do, under 16 lbs, 11½c.

Dry Salt Smoked Meats—Sides (extra short clears), 11¾c; bellies, over 20 to 25 lbs, 12c; do, from 16 to 20 lbs, 12¼c; do, under 16 lbs, 12½c.

Lard—Pure lard (tierces), 11¼c; compound (tierces), 9c.

The advance for smaller packages over tierces is as follows:

Barrels (about 240 lbs), ⅛c; half bbls (about 100 lbs), ¼c; fancy tubs, net, 60 lbs, ⅛c; plain hardwood tubs, net, 60 lbs, ⅛c; wooden buckets, net, 20 lbs, ⅝c; 50-lb tin pails (1 or 2 in a case), ¼c; 10-lb tin pails (6 in a case), ⅝c; 5-lb tin pails (12 in a case), ⅝c; 3-lb tin pails (20 in a case), 1c.

Hides.

No. 1 green steer hides, heavy, 8½c; do light, under 60 lbs, and cows, all weights, 7c; No. 1 green bulls, 6c; calfskins, No. 1, 10c; No. 2 calf, 8c.

Green Salt or Cured Hides—No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs, 10c; cows and light steers, 8c; No. 2 hides, 1c reduction; No. 1 calfskin, 10c; No. 2 calf, 1½c less.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

BALTIMORE, May 31.—Butter firm, unchanged; fancy imitation, 20@21c; fancy creamery, 23c; fancy ladle, 19@20c; fancy roll, 19@20c; good roll, 18@19c; store packed, 17@18c. Eggs steady; fresh, 17½c. Cheese weak; large, 11@11¼c; medium, 11¼@11⅜c; small, 11½@12c.

CHICAGO, May 31.—Butter firm; creameries, 18@22c; dairies, 17½@19c. Cheese steady, 10@11½c. Eggs steady; fresh, 15½c.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—Butter firm, fair demand; extra Western creamery, 22½c; do nearby prints, 23c. Eggs firm, fair demand; fresh nearby, 17½c; do western, 18c; do southwestern, 17c; do southern, 16c. Cheese steady; New York full creams, prime new, 11¾@12c; do fair to good, 11@11½c.

Brewers to Renew Fight.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—On account of the differences between the engineers and others employed in the breweries here more than 1,200 brewery workmen were locked out last February. All have resumed work except 375. Because of the refusal of the brewers to employ these 375 men, the United Brewery Workers have decided to renew the fight through a boycott.

EXCHANGES WERE SMALL

Local Bank Clearings for May Over $9,000,000 Less Than a Year Ago.

Pittsburgh bank exchanges for the month of May, ended yesterday, were more than $9,165,000 less than for the same month a year ago. Compared with April, 1902, they showed an increase of about $240,000, and with May, 1900, of about $40,000,000. The week ending yesterday exhibited an increase of about $529,526, while yesterday had a gain of about $1,000,000. The local money market opened the month of May fairly easy in spots, but firm in others. Near the close it worked firmer and finished almost tight in some places. The rate for call and time loans remained, however, at 5@6 per cent.

The detailed clearing house reports are as follows:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Yesterday	$7,968,355 61	$1,187,973 35
Previous Saturday	7,756,021 84	1,071,752 07
Last year	6,974,205 78	1,338,556 84

Yesterday's increase, $994,149 83.

The figures of the clearing house for the week (5 days) ending yesterday, compared with those for the preceding week (6 days), and the same week (5 days) last year, are as follows:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
This week	$36,315,088 72	$4,987,430 85
Daily average	7,263,017 74	997,486 17
Last week	45,312,041 00	6,934,690 46
Daily average	7,552,006 82	1,155,781 74
Last year	35,785,562 57	7,253,516 14
Daily average	7,157,112 51	1,450,703 22

This week's increase, $529,526 15.

The figures of the clearing house for the month of May, ended yesterday, compared with those for April, 1902, and May, 1901, are as follows:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
May, 1902	$188,499,339 85	$27,409,359 20
April, 1902	188,256,798 80	28,262,822 10
May, 1901	197,664,996 48	34,919,107 09

May, 1902's decrease, $9,165,656 63.

The exchanges for May, compared with those for the same month in previous years, are:

May, 1902	$188,499,339 85
May, 1901	197,664,996 48
May, 1900	148,583,206 65
May, 1899	128,370,798 96
May, 1898	72,922,463 43
Total to date—five months—	
1902	$888,951,674 46
1901	838,911,637 60
1900	674,457,183 32
1899	604,735,306 98
1898	402,700,530 98

Reports from other cities were:

NEW YORK, May 31.—Exchanges, $237,811,786; balances, $11,765,661.

BOSTON, May 31.—Exchanges, $22,087,995; balances, $1,510,247.

BALTIMORE, May 31.—Clearings, $4,740,224; balances, $894,787. For the week: Clearings, $20,715,481, balances, $3,957,613. Money, 5 per cent.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 31.—Clearings today, $18,088,285; balances, $2,833,614. For the week: Clearings, $91,869,399; balances, $11,628,282. For the month: Clearings, $553,952,061; balances, $50,407,989. Money, 4½ per cent.

CHICAGO, May 31.—Clearings, $30,490,788; balances, $1,358,478. Posted exchange, $4 85½ 60 days; $4 88 on demand.

Bank Notes Redeemed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31.—National bank notes received today for redemption, $1,068,737; government receipts from internal revenue, $1,928,100; customs, $882,981; miscellaneous, $672,271; expenditures, $992,000.

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Newton Petrie, Trust Officer.
H. A. Miller, Counsel.

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THE NICARAGUA CANAL MEASURE COMING UP NEXT

Will Be Considered by Senate as Soon as Philippines Are Disposed of.

SOME FOR SPOONER'S BILL

It Would Leave Selection of Isthmian Route to the President—After That Will Come the Tug of War on Cuban Reciprocity.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., June 1.—Under the terms of the unanimous agreement reached last Wednesday the senate will vote at 4 o'clock Tuesday on the bill providing a form of civil government for the Philippine islands, and the entire intervening time of the senate's sessions will be devoted to 15-minute speeches on the bill.

The general understanding now is that on Wednesday, after the disposal of the Philippine bill, the Nicaragua canal bill will be called up and made the regular order of business. There will be an effort made to substitute for the Nicaragua bill the bill introduced by Senator Spooner leaving to the discretion of the president the selection of an isthmian canal route, and its champions are claiming a majority of the senate will support them. The friends of the Nicaragua route, and also the advocates of a policy that would leave the president discretion as to routes, now say there is no necessity or prospect for prolonged debate. A number of speeches, however, already have been announced.

Senator Hanna will speak at length for the Spooner bill, as will Senator Kittredge. Among those who have indicated their purpose of addressing the senate in the interest of the Nicaraguan route are Senators Harris, Mitchell, Foster of Louisiana, Turner and Morgan.

The present understanding is that the Cuban reciprocity bill will not be discussed during the week. That measure is still in committee, but probably will be reported on Tuesday or Wednesday, its terms having been practically agreed on by the Republican members of the committee and Senator Platt of Connecticut, chairman of the committee, having indicated his purpose to lay the bill before the full membership at an early day. The bill agreed on provides for a straight reduction for five years of 20 per cent of the duty on Cuban goods coming into the United States, without imposing conditions as to immigration and labor laws, or, indeed, any other conditions.

It is the present intention to have the Republican senators caucus on the bill, when reported, with the hope of making it a party measure and of thus avoiding the division in the party ranks which was experienced over the question in the house of representatives.

During the week the house probably will act on three important bills which the rules committee decided some time ago to bring before that body at the earliest opportunity. These are the anti-anarchy bill, the Pacific cable bill and the senate irrigation bill. No time limit is to be set on the anti-anarchy bill, consideration of which will be entered on tomorrow; but it is not believed that it will occupy more than two days. A day is to be given to the bill for the government cable to the Philippines and three days to the irrigation bill. In case the general deficiency bill, the last of the big appropriation bills, is ready before the end of the week, the program outlined may be interrupted.

FRICK'S GIFT TO QUAY FAMILY.

A Portrait of the Senator Painted by Theodore Chartrand.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—(Special.)—The latest piece of work from the brush of Theodore Chartrand, who makes yearly visits to Washington to paint distinguished Americans, is an excellent portrait of Senator Quay, which has just been received at the senator's K street house from Paris, where the artist completed the work begun here last winter. Like the portrait of President Roosevelt by the same painter, the picture is a three-quarter figure, almost life size, which shows the senator standing in an easy pose, with his hands resting on the ball of an antique chair.

The portrait, finely framed in antique gilt, is a gift to the children of Senator Quay from Henry C. Frick of Pittsburgh, at whose request the senator gave the sittings to M. Chartrand. In showing his appreciation of art in this practical manner, Mr. Frick is following the example of that other Pittsburgh millionaire, Charles M. Schwab who, three years ago, commissioned M. Chartrand to paint the portraits of the admiral of the navy and Mrs. Dewey, which he presented to the distinguished originals.

THE AMERICAN INVASION.

It Halts Not Even at the Ancient Palace of Charlemagne.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—The ancient palace of Charlemagne in Germany is being renovated with Georgia pine. Califorina plums and pears are preferred in the empire to the formerly famous fruits from nearby Italy, Servia and Bosnia, and American machinery is being used to improve the waterworks of Aix-la-Chapelle.

These are some of the facts made public in an interesting extract from "Commercial Relations for 1901," made public by Frederic Emory, chief of the bureau of foreign commerce, today.

A rather alarming condition brought out in the publication is the fact that the Germans are copying American-made articles so closely that the imitations bid fair to make serious inroads on the sale of the genuine goods.

OLD DUEL CAUSED DEATH.

After Eight Years the Bullet Fired by Cornella's Rival Did Its Work.

Coroner McGeary notified Coroner White of Beaver county yesterday of the death of Charles Cornella, an Italian fruit dealer, which occurred on Saturday morning at the Allegheny General hospital from a gunshot wound in the back.

The coroner learned that Cornella and another man had a duel with revolvers at Kenwood, Beaver county, eight years ago, when Cornella was wounded twice. One bullet was extracted at the time, but the other was not, and it finally caused such serious pain that he came to the hospital last Tuesday for treatment. Blood poison had set in, however, and he died before the bullet was extracted, which was found after his death when a post mortem examination was held. It had penetrated from the left shoulder a distance of six inches.

Cornella was a married man, 47 years of age. It is said the man he fought with was also shot, but how seriously Coroner McGeary could not learn.

Boston Ladies' Symphony orchestra, Kennywood, afternoons, evenings. Free.

ENGLAND LAGS IN STEEL TRADE

IN 35 YEARS AMERICA WRESTS LEAD FROM HER.

Wonderful Growth in the Industry as Shown by Figures Published in London Trade Paper—Increase in Use Per Capita.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—The commanding position of the United States in the production and manufacture of iron and steel is illustrated by some figures published in the London Commercial Intelligence, a copy of which has just reached the treasury bureau of statistics.

The world's total product of pig iron in 1901, it says, amounted to 40,408,000 tons, of which the United States contributed 15,878,000 tons; the United Kingdom, 7,700,000 tons; Germany, 7,663,000 tons; Russia, 3,160,000 tons, France, 2,362,000 tons, and the remainder of the world, 3,635,000 tons. Comparing the product of 1901 with that of the annual average for the five-year period, 1866-70, it will be seen that the United States has increased its iron and steel output far more rapidly than any other nation, the figures being: United States, from 1,464,000 tons to 15,878,000 tons, an increase of 985 per cent; United Kingdom, from 5,133,000 tons to 7,750,000 tons, an increase of 51 per cent; Germany, from 1,226,000 tons to 7,663,000 tons, an increase of 525 per cent, and the entire world, exclusive of the countries mentioned, from 2,710,000 tons to 9,117,000 tons, an increase of 236 per cent.

An even more noticeable feature of this growth, pointed out by the authority from which these figures are quoted, is the steady and enormous growth of the proportion of the world's product supplied by the United States and the equally rapid decadence in the position held by Great Britain.

Thirty-five years ago the United Kingdom produced practically one-half of the world's pig iron, while the United States produced less than one-seventh of the total; whereas, in 1901, the United States stood first in its proportion of the total, contributing practically four-tenths, as against less than two-tenths by the United Kingdom, and about the same share by Germany.

In the five-year period, 1866-70, the world's per capita consumption of pig iron was 17 pounds; in 1901, it was 57 pounds; while in the latter year the United States consumed 455 pounds per capita, and the United Kingdom, 350 pounds per capita.

The effect of this remarkable increase in the production of iron in the United States has been strongly marked in its relation to our foreign commerce. Imports of iron and steel manufactures in 1882 amounted to $67,976,897 and formed 9.3 per cent of the total imports; in 1901 they had fallen to $17,874,789, and formed but 2.2 per cent of the total imports. On the other hand, our exports of iron and steel manufactures have grown during the same time from $20,748,206 in 1882, to $117,319,320 in 1901. They formed in 1882 about 3 per cent of the total exports, and 15 per cent of the manufactures exported; while in 1901 they formed 8 per cent of the total exports and 28 per cent of the manufactures exported.

GRADUATES HEAR SERMON.

Senior Class of the North Braddock High School Preparing For Diplomas.

The baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of the North Braddock High school was delivered last evening in the First Presbyterian church, Burton street, Braddock, by the Rev. Dr. George W. Robinson, pastor of the First United Presbyterian church of Allegheny. Six other churches of Braddock closed their services last evening to unite in a union service with the graduates.

The Braddock borough school board has decided that no baccalaureate sermon shall be delivered this year, as a matter of economy, the members stating that there is no apparent result from the expenditure of money.

HALF PRICE OFFER CLOSING.

Without parallel in the history of educational enterprise has been the offer of the AMERICAN NEWSPAPER ASSOCIATION to the thousands of friends and readers of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Such an offer should, and doubtless will, have your careful consideration.

The merits of this liberal and mammoth literary enterprise can only be judged by investigation. Every reader of the Gazette, therefore, is earnestly solicited to give the attention to this offer, before it closes, that its importance and liberality deserve.

It means that the best and heretofore most expensive Encyclopaedia is now within easy reach of even the boys and girls.

Parents, encourage your children in habits of economy for the noblest of all purposes, economy for the sake of education.

Just think of it—a saving of

10 Cents a Day

will secure to you the great ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA, which covers every department of knowledge known to mankind. No man needs any other library, no man can have a better one.

Not only are Scientific and Historical Subjects brought up to date in this new edition, but a vast fund of new information is added, relating to the material, social, industrial and educational progress of the world, together with many thousand New Biographies not in the Original Edition.

The limited number of sets we were to distribute for the publishers at the special price will soon be exhausted. Prompt action is necessary to secure this great work at

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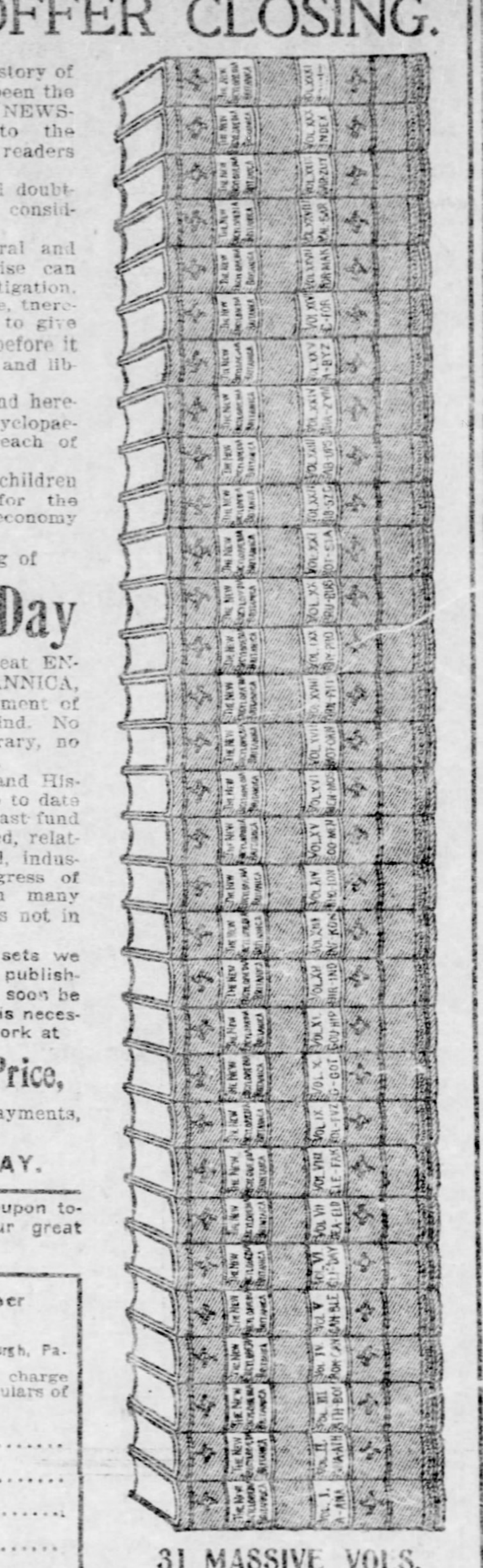

31 MASSIVE VOLS. Weight Over 200 Lbs.

Clairton on the Monongahela

Splendid level lots, magnificent view; sewers, gas, water, paved business streets. St. Clair Steel Works and Furnaces adjoining. Only 19 miles from Pittsburgh.

Write for plans and prices of lots

St. Clair Improvement Co.
1021 Frick Building

R·I·P·A·N·S

Dyspepsia runs in the family. My mother had it for years, and other relatives have suffered tortures with it. I can't say too much in favor of Ripans Tabules. Before I began taking them I could eat nothing but the very plainest food—a little bread and butter and tea being my principal diet for a long time. Especially was this true at night, and when I ate of something at all rich I quickly suffered in consequence. Now this is all changed. If I desire to eat anything extra for supper—cake, pie or other delicacies—I simply take a Tabule at meal time and before I retire. I feel perfectly safe in taking them and have never been troubled in the least.

At Druggists.

The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion.

The Family bottle, 60c, contains a supply for a year.

KORNBLUM, OPTICIAN
440 Wood Street, Near Fifth Avenue.

FLY SCREENS.

Before ordering see us. We can save you money. Pittsburgh Specialty Fly Screen Co. Latest improved screens. Quality the best; prices low. 6 North Diamond st., W., Allegheny. 'Phone, Bell 1187 N. and 505-3 N.; P. & A.—500.

TYPEWRITERS.

If a typewriter you would buy,
Why pay the Trust a price so high?
When for $50 you can get
The best machine constructed yet!
Send for catalogue.

F. S. WEBSTER CO.,
420 Wood Street.

THE KEELEY CURE has been used successfully for 21 years.
Cures Drink Habit and Drug Users.
The Keeley Institute 4246 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Cloudy.

Monday, June 2, 1902.

Further News of Underpriced Silks.

Our silk man has gone abroad to have friendly talks with the great silk manufacturers of France and Switzerland. Nothing promotes generous underprices so much as an intimate acquaintance with the manufacturer.

While he is away we go right into the Silk stock and give the already remarkably small prices on black and colored Silks a sharp clip.

The following as specimens of the reduced prices:

Pongee Faconne, the French way of saying fancy pongee, just a natural Shantung with broche effects in colors—most popular silk of the day for dresses and waists, and we say for it 75c a yard. It was intended to be sold for $1 a yard.

Some forty different styles in Printed Foulards and Printed Liberty Satins, representing newest colorings and combination effects created for this season, including black and white polka-dots, and other designs, preferable for the stylish shirtwaist suit, or any style of fashionable Summer dress, 50c and 65c a yard. The former low prices were 75c, 85c and $1 yard.

Black Moire Velours, one of this season's most popular silks, principally used for waists, coats and skirts, and quite often for trimming—27 inches wide, a $1.50 quality, $1 a yard.

New assortment of black Grenadines, 44 inches wide, a $1.50 quality in 12 styles to sell for $1 a yard. Eight styles in a $2 quality for $1.25 a yard. These Grenadines are an exceptional value, even if we charged first price.

Next to a black Grenadine for the real stylish Summer dress black Crepe de Chine is the most commendable. We are showing an extra quality in a fine fast black, at 68c a yard. It is a grade that usually sells for $1 a yard.

Summer Dresses for Women.

The plain word, dresses, is used as a relief from gowns and costumes—it is ever so much more expressive. This department of Women's Ready-made Dresses is replete with an unusual variety of dresses in such summery stuffs as pongee, net and swiss. The prettiest and the daintiest colorings imaginable.

We gave a full measure of dress news Saturday, and again briefly call attention to the full suits.

Ladies' Suits for the special prices of $12.50 and $18—many of them from our $20 to $30 styles. Such materials as all-wool crash, English cheviot and masculine tweeds—all of Summer weight. Blouse, Eton and Jacket styles—flare and flounce skirts.

Silk Foulard Dresses $17.50—usually selling for $25 and $30. A handsome dress, front and back in tucked effects, folds on sleeves, tight cuff with taffeta straps, taffeta belt, skirt with deep flounce and rows of closely stitched taffeta bands and tiny tucks over hips.

Half prices for French and American Dresses—those of the leading dressmakers of America and of France shown side by side. Creations for evening, dinner and reception wear. Former prices were from $100 up to $200—today the prices are from $50 to $100.

New Shirtwaist Dresses—strikingly handsome. $5 and up to $20. One, especially, for $8.50, in white and colors, is remarkable for its simplicity, and yet exceedingly handsomeness.

We'll Clean Your Blankets for $1 the Pair.

Another innovation—in the interest of the housewife.

Telephone 3236 Court, ask our central to connect you with our Blanket Department, give us your address, and our wagon will call. Or send us postal.

All Blankets will be returned in moth proof bags.

Box Couches.

No article of furniture is so generally useful as the Box Couch. In a pinch it can be made to do wonders.

All our couches have the latest improvements, and the lines are represented by

$12 Couches covered in denim.

$15 Couches, cedar lined, covered in denim.

$17 Couches, cedar lined, covered in Bagdad Tapestry.

$22 Couches, cedar lined, covered in corduroy.

Odd Pieces of Fine Porch Furniture Reduced.

What there are of these fine pieces represent the highest grade of Porch and Cottage Furniture—and the reductions are quite substantial.

Weathered Reed Window Seats—sold for $12, will sell for $8.

Green Ash Mission Arm Chairs, with leather cushions, sold for $30, will sell for $22.

Green Ash Mission Chairs, with pewter trimmings, sold for $20, will sell for $14.

Green Umbrella Racks, sold for $4.50, will sell for $2.50.

Green Reed Book Chairs, sold for $15, will sell for $10.

Black Willow Arm Chairs, sold for $7.50, will sell for $5.

Natural Reed Muffin Stands, sold for $5.25, will sell for $3.

White Goods for June.

Today we begin the task of trying to beat the month of May in the selling of White Goods. Just a case where every merchant likes to get ahead of his best records. May was a phenomenal month in this department.

To start the task right we take 2,500 pieces of the very best White Cottons, representing 100,000 yards—divide them into four separate lots—and say to our public, take them for 25 to 50 per cent below regular prices.

For 6¼c Yd.—10c and 12c Goods—

Striped Dimities, checked Nainsooks, Lace Striped Lawns and Dotted Swisses.

For 12½c Yd.—18c and 20c Goods—

32-inch Striped and Figured Madras, fine Checked and Striped Dimities and Satin Striped Lawns.

For 18c Yd.—25c Goods—

Piques, Mercerized Striped Lawns and Damasks, Persian Lawns, Madras and Batistes.

For 25c Yd.—35c and 40c Goods—

Mercerized Oxfords and Madras Damasks, Persian Lawns, 47-inch Batistes and extra fine cord Piques.

25c a Yard for Cretonnes—A Big Reduction.

A fine lot of Cretonnes that sold for 75c, 50c, 40c and 35c a yard.

Cretonnes have more and varied uses than we could recount—two of their very special uses being coverings for sofa pillows and furniture slip coverings.

Girls' Wash Dresses Reduced.

Opportunity to get shirtwaist suit, or the sailor style, at a neat reduction today.

Shirtwaist Suits of natural linen, for girls 12 and 14, reduced from $7 to half price—$3.50.

Girls' Percale Sailor Suits fitted with white pique collars, for an even $1 each. Regular price is $1.50.

Vudor Porch Shades.

Never knew a patent for producing shade taken up so quickly as this Vudor Shade.

It is made on the same principle as the old style Venetian blind, only the slats are not nearly so large, and instead of closing up like an accordion the shade rolls. We have them in a dark green and a mottled olive, the latter finished with lemon dado.

They are inexpensive and come in the following sizes:

4 feet wide, 8-foot drop, $1.60.
6 feet wide, 8-foot drop, $2.25.
8 feet wide, 8-foot drop, $2.75.

Cottage Porch Covering.

Porch Rugs made of fibre, together with a lot of Japanese Mattings.

The Japanese Mattings, which sold for $12 the roll, will be sold today for $8.50 a roll. All the pretty colorings combined in the quaint way that make Jap. Mattings so much sought after.

Grass Matting Rugs for Porches:

Rugs 6 feet by 9 feet for $5.00.
Rugs 8 feet by 10 feet for $6.75.
Rugs 9 feet by 12 feet for $9.00.

Dhurrie Rugs for Cottages:

Blue and white, 3x 6 feet, $4.
Blue and white, 4x 7 feet, $5.
Blue and white, 6x 9 feet, $9.
Blue and white, 9x12 feet, $16.

Two yards wide Grass Matting, just the thing for porches, 90c a yard.

A Department Full of Suggestions for Hot Weather.

Easy of access by stairs on either side of main aisle, or by elevators, the Department of House Furnishings in the Basement is replete with every new device, and all the old stand-bys, for passing through the hot months comfortably.

It is a great place for the study of comfort.

A suggestion or two:

Refrigerators—

We place our faith in the Eddy and have for years. None like it that we can find. Pays half its cost the first season in the saving of ice.

No. 33, holds 40 pounds of ice, $18.00.
No. 34, holds 50 pounds of ice, $20.00.
No. 35, holds 60 pounds of ice, $24.00.
No. 26, holds 40 pounds of ice, $18.00.
No. 27, holds 50 pounds of ice, $20.00.
No. 28, holds 60 pounds of ice, $24.00.
No. 42, holds 50 pounds of ice, $12.50.
No. 43, holds 60 pounds of ice, $15.75.
No. 44, holds 75 pounds of ice, $18.75.

The above sizes are the most popular. Other styles and sizes from $24 to $87.

The North Star is a tile lined refrigerator, made of oak and packed with granulated cork. For satisfactory refrigeration none better.

No. 510, holds 60 pounds of ice, $24.
No. 520, holds 100 pounds of ice, $27.
No. 530, holds 125 pounds of ice, $30.

Other styles and sizes in tile lined refrigerators, $30 to $54.

Ice Cream Freezers—

The Lightning—quick action, as the name implies:

1 quart, $1.45	6 quarts, $3.00
2 quarts, $1.75	8 quarts, $3.75
3 quarts, $2.00	10 quarts, $5.00
4 quarts, $2.50	12 quarts, $6.50

The Ideal—or minute freezer—freezes four quarts—$3.50 each.

Toy Freezers—will freeze one pint cream—$1.25 each.

Water Coolers—

The "Carlsbad" is a serviceable cooler—about as good as any we have — and we carry none but the best.

1 gallon	$1.50
3 gallons	$2.50
4 gallons	$3.00
6 gallons	$3.50
8 gallons	$4.00
10 gallons	$5.00

Plain Stone Coolers—

2 gallons	$1.00
3 gallons	$1.25
4 gallons	$1.35
5 gallons	$1.50
6 gallons	$1.75
8 gallons	$2.00
10 gallons	$2.50
12 gallons	$3.00

Water Filters—

Stone, they're the best by long odds. Prices, including filtering disc, are—

3-gallon size, $2.00	9-gallon size, $4.00
4-gallon size, $2.50	12-gallon size, $4.50
6-gallon size, $3.00	18-gallon size, $5.00

Handy Little Things.

Nice to have around when wanted and awfully provoking when not around.

Ice Tongs, 35c each.
Ice Shredders, 10c, 25c, 35c each.
Ice Shavers, 10c and 40c each.
Large Ice Picks for packing freezers or chopping ice in pails, $1 each.
Ice Picks without handles, 10c to 65c each.
Ice Hatchets, 12c, 15c to 65c each.
Ice Picks with spring, 20c and 25c.
Lemon Squeezers, retinned ones, 10c each; porcelain with cup, 25c each; larger size, 50c.
Ice Cream Bricks, plain, 20c to 50c; fancy designs, such as fruits, flowers and animals, 50c to $2.50.
Glass Lemon Squeezers, fit on glass, 10c and 15c each.
Pineapple Snips for cutting eyes out of the fruit, 25c each.
Strawberry Hullers, 5c each.
Ice Tubs, nickel plated, $3.50.
Julep Strainers, 25c, 65c and 75c.
Julep Straws, 10c a pack.
Lemonade Shakers, 50c to $1.25 each.

PENN AND FIFTH.